THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

VOL. XLV—No. 240. ATLANTA, GA., MONDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 10, 1913.—TEN PAGES. PRICE, FIVE CENTS.

NEW CREMATORY PLAN IS OFFERED THROUGH MAYOR

Maxwell Company Wants to Build Five Disposal Plants to Care for the Garbage of the City.

WOODWARD IS IN FAVOR OF THIS NEW PROPOSAL

The Cost to Atlanta Will Be $108,000—The Mayor Hints at Startling Developments in the Work at Paterson.

The proposal of the M. C. Maxwell (incorporated) company, of New York, to erect five crematories in Atlanta for $108,000 will be sent to council in the message from Mayor James G. Woodward Monday afternoon.

The mayor said Sunday that he would have another "bout" with council over the $276,000 contract with the New York Destructor company. He hints at a scandal in connection with the erection of the $80,000 plant at Paterson, N. J.

He says if council will agree to look into the contract with the Maxwell company he will let the finance sheet with the $75,000 crematory appropriation pass, and let council use the money with the $50,000 bond issue to start the new project. The mayor says the Maxwell proposition is the best that has been submitted. It provides for—

Provisions of Contract.

One 100-ton, high temperature plant, costing $48,000, on the Hulsey street site.

Four 25-ton plants in various sections of the city to cost $15,000 each.

The 100-ton plant to be erected within ninety days after work is started, and the 25-ton plants to be erected and in operation within sixty days after work is started.

The city not to pay any money until the plants are in operation and successfully tested.

Each plant guaranteed to require not more than one man to operate, to burn crude oil for fuel and completely incinerate garbage in any form, dead animals and night soil if the city desires.

J. H. Strain, business manager of the Maxwell company, came to Atlanta to make his proposition clear to the mayor. He will remain until after the meeting of council Monday afternoon.

He says his company will give bond in any sum required by Atlanta's council, and forfeit it if the plants fail to do the work as good as any plant in operation.

Guaranteed to Be Odorless.

The plants are guaranteed to be odorless. Representative Strain told the mayor that his company was installing a 50-ton plant in the Waldorf-Astoria hotel, in New York, under the same sort of guarantee it would give Atlanta.

"I'll compromise with council on the above basis," Mayor Woodward said. "I want to do all I can to help the city take care of garbage this summer, but I won't give in to any exorbitant contract.

"If council does not accept the offer, then I'll let the courts decide."

Mayor Woodward says the responsibility for taking care of the summer garbage was taken from him in November when the old $30,000 plant was torn down over his protests.

He hints at startling developments in his message. Telegrams from T. J. Standever, city clerk of Paterson, N. J.; Public Works Commissioner Cooke and other officials of that city, came thick since Friday.

Telegrams From Paterson.

Asked what the telegrams related to Mayor Woodward said:

"I was told that the plant at Paterson was not in operation, and I wired for verification. One telegram informed me that work was started January 4, 1912, and that the contract called for completion in 180 working days. Another telegram says that on November 19, 1912, Commissioner Cooke was asked to test the plant so that it might be accepted. I have another message to the effect that the plant has not been accepted, and the letter telling the reasons why it has not been accepted will reach Atlanta from City Clerk Standever Monday morning."

Mayor Woodward doffed his coat, rolled up his sleeves and plunged Sunday into the preliminary to the fight in council Monday afternoon.

Attorney Samuel N. Evins, local counsel for the Destructor company, said Sunday night that the Paterson plant was a good plant. He said that

Continued on Last Page.

WOULD you like to have your advertisement appear in an adjoining column to a news story that was, upon the face of it, largely guess-work as to its facts and details? Would it not have more credence if it appeared in connection with news stories that were carefully edited—whose facts had been verified—whose essential sensationalism had been tempered with sane editorial treatment?

PRETTY GIRL PHONES, 'I'M GOING TO SUICIDE' THEN DRINKS POISON

The tiny incandescent indicating the phone in room 627 twinkled on the Kimball House switchboard Sunday morning about 1 o'clock. Carl Watson, the night operator, plugged the connection and called, "Hello."

"Listen, Carl!" came an excited girlish voice. "I'm going to kill myself. Don't try to prevent it. You'll be too late. Good bye!"

The voice was that of pretty 19-year-old Vera Macey, a day operator upon the Kimball switchboard. She and Watson were intimate friends. She is said to have threatened suicide several times before.

Watson told the chief night clerk, F. E. Chipley, of the message, and the clerk hurried to room 627, which is occupied by Miss Macey. The door was locked securely.

He banged up it, but received no answer. Just as he started back to the elevator, however, to get a key the door of the girl's room was opened. Before he could enter the room Miss Macey drank most of the contents of an 8-ounce bottle of wood alcohol.

Chipley wrenched the vial from her hands. Before he could catch her body, though, she fell to the floor, unconscious. She was rushed to Grady hospital, where shortly after midnight this morning it was reported that she would recover.

She gave no motive for the attempt. Attaches of the hotel, however, believe she was despondent over a love affair.

PLAYING WITH FIRE, IS FATALLY BURNED; HIS FUNERAL TODAY

Hilliard Thomas Barnes, the 4-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Barnes, died Sunday as the result of frightful burns he received the day before while playing with fire in the yard of their home, at 18 Waddell street, Inman Park.

The accident happened Saturday morning, and for twenty-four hours the little fellow had been in great agony from the burns, which covered his neck and chest and left his limbs a mass of red blisters. He had been burning a small pile of leaves in the yard of the Barnes home, when his clothes caught fire, and aid reached him only after the flames had enveloped his body. He was taken to the hospital, but was later in the day removed to his home, where he died.

The funeral will be held Monday morning at 9 o'clock at Harry G. Poole's chapel, and the interment will be at Mason's church.

SLAYER OF COLLINS SULKS IN HIS CELL; WILL NOT SEE WIFE

Augusta, Ga., February 9.—(Special.) Marshal Shedd, who last night killed "Sonny" Collins, is in the county jail, charged with murder and has permitted no one to come to his cell. His wife, who was out of the city, arrived tonight, but he would not see her.

"Sonny" Collins was one of the most picturesque figures in the city. Since immediately after the civil war he had been a potential factor in the district politics, a sort of "Tim Sullivan," and his influence had been felt strongly in state elections for twenty years.

Shedd declared to the crowd that gathered that a negro had attempted to stab him with a dirk knife. He had badly beaten the negro and Mr. Collins interceded in the negro's behalf, asking Shedd to await the arrival of the police patrol. Shedd became infuriated and slaped Mr. Collins in the face. The blow was returned and without a moment's hesitation Shedd placed the revolver he had in his hand against Collins' head and fired.

The arrival on the scene just as the fatal shot was fired of policemen who placed Shed under arrest and hurled him to jail prevented serious trouble from the crowd.

Former Georgia Woman, Moving Picture Actress, Killed by New York Car

New York, February 9.—(Special.)—A well-dressed woman about 35 years old, who was struck by a Fourteenth street crosstown car at Irving place on Saturday afternoon, died early this evening in Bellevue hospital. Two men who wouldn't tell their names looked at the body in the morgue tonight and said it was that of Mrs. Mary Estes, a widow, who came from a wealthy Georgia family.

They said that she had been a singer in this city and an actress for moving pictures, and had a sister living at 454 Pine street, Macon, Ga.

When the woman was brought into Bellevue Saturday suffering from a fractured skull and internal injuries there was nothing upon her clothing to lead to identification. There was a tattooed inscription upon the calf of her right leg which pictured a dove with a letter in its bill flying toward a heart. Under this were the words, "Baby Doll, Mary."

Moved to New York.

Macon, Ga., February 9.—(Special.) Mrs. Mary Estes, until ten or twelve years ago, was a resident of Atlanta. She was married there to a man named Walsh and moved to New York, where here husband died.

She had been a musician in a moving picture theater in the metropolis. Though her real name was Walsh she used her maiden name of Estes.

J. M. and George Estes, brothers of Mrs. Estes, were located here tonight at 454 Pine street. They say they live in Atlanta and have families there with whom they spend the week-ends.

Relatives in Atlanta.

J. M. Estes, who lives in Kirkwood, is a brother of Mrs. Walsh, according to a statement made at the residence last night. Mr. Estes was out of town.

"Mrs. Walsh was my father's sister, and the sister of George P. Estes, also of Atlanta," said a daughter of Mr. Estes. "She had been in the north for the past sixteen years, and had not recently been south."

No news of the death of Mrs. Walsh had reached the family until the message from The Constitution was conveyed to them.

HARRIMAN WELDED AND GOVERNMENT RENDS ASUNDER

United States and Representatives of the Merged Railways Have Finally Agreed on a Plan of Dissolution.

COMPETITION ASSURED, DECLARES WICKERSHAM

The Central Pacific Is to Be Bought Outright by the Union Pacific—Plan of Dissolution Involves Millions.

Washington, February 9.—Attorney General Wickersham tonight announced that he had reached an agreement with the representatives of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific railroads for the dissolution of the great Harriman merger as decreed by the supreme court.

The Union Pacific agrees to sell its 1,266,500 shares of Southern Pacific stock to its own stockholders and those of the Southern Pacific in what the government regards as safe proportion. The Union Pacific will acquire the Central Pacific from the Southern Pacific giving it an extension from Ogden to the Pacific coast.

The plan announced tonight is essentially the same as that made public a few days ago by the two roads when they reached an agreement satisfactory to themselves, dissolving the merger. The attorney general in a public statement tonight goes into greater detail, however, and declares that competition will supplant monopoly under the agreed scheme of separation. He gives it his unqualified approval.

The various contracts necessary for the carrying out of the agreement authorized by the boards of directors of the railroad companies have been completed, and the effectiveness of the plan is conditioned upon its approval by the United States district court, to which it will be presented at an early day.

Wickersham's Statement.

In his statement the attorney general says:

"The result of the whole transaction will be to create ideal competitive conditions between the Union Pacific and the Southern Pacific for transcontinental business between eastern points and Portland and San Francisco, and to relieve the states of California and Oregon of the monopoly of railroad control which has been the occasion of such widespread public dissatisfaction in the past. The attorney general feels that the approval and carrying out of this plan will accomplish results of inestimable benefit to the public, and results far more satisfactory than there was any reason to anticipate could have been secured."

The agreement, as stated by the attorney general, is this:

"The plan, in brief, provides for the disposition of 1,266,500 shares of stock of the Southern Pacific company which the supreme court requires the Union Pacific to dispose of by offering the same for subscription to and among the stockholders of the Union Pacific and the Southern Pacific companies, the holder of every four shares of stock of the Union Pacific to have the right to subscribe for one of such Southern Pacific shares, and the holder of every three shares of Southern Pacific stock to have the right to subscribe for one share of such shares. The larger proportion given to the Southern Pacific stockholders was insisted upon by the attorney general for the purpose of insuring a wider distribution among the Southern Pacific shareholders and to guard against the securing of any undue control of the Southern Pacific company by the stockholders of the Union Pacific.

Result of Distribution.

"The result of the distribution, if all the shareholders should avail themselves of their subscription rights, will be that the present stockholders of the Southern Pacific company will 71 per cent of its capital stock, while the stockholders of the Union Pacific will only hold 29 per cent. The stock is so offered for subscription at a price practically equal to par, payable in four installments, extending over a period of nine months. One of the conditions of the plan is that the amount of stock so offered shall be underwritten by a responsible underwriting syndicate, and such an underwriting is being arranged by the firm of Messrs. Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and the National City bank as syndicate managers.

"Out of the proceeds of such sale of stock the Union Pacific railroad company is to pay to the Southern Pacific company for the entire capital stock of the Central Pacific railroad company, now held by the Southern Pacific company, the total consideration amounting to upwards of $104,000,000 and the existing leases of the Central Pacific to the Southern Pacific railroad are to be cancelled.

"Provision is also made for the lease in perpetuity by the Central Pacific to the Southern Pacific of the line connecting the Southern Pacific road in California with the Oregon and California line, making direct connection from San Francisco to Portland, Ore., and for the grant by the Southern Pacific to the Central of equal runover the Benicia line between Sacramento and Oakland and between Redwood and San Francisco, thus affording the Union Pacific, by way of the

Continued on Page Seven.

TURKISH CAPITAL MAY BE SEIZED BY BULGARIANS

Movement in Progress Which May Result in the Fall of Constantinople—Greek Fleet Aiding.

TURKS BEING REPULSED ALL ALONG THE FRONT

Adrianople and Scutari Are Steadily Bombarded by the Allies—Turkish War Office Alarmed for Capital.

London, February 9.—Some light is beginning to be shed by the brief official dispatches which contain almost all the available news, upon the military tactics in the Balkan campaign.

Reports of attempts on the part of the Turks to land troops along the coasts of the Black sea and the sea of Marmora, which heretofore were learned only from unofficial sources, are now officially admitted, and it looks as though Enver Bey's mysterious and desperate move, of which there have been some rumors, was an attempt to effect a landing at Charkoul, about thirty-five miles to the southeast of Rodosto, with the intention of relieving the pressure of the Bulgarians' attack on the Bulair lines.

This movement of the Bulgarians, according to an uncensored dispatch from Constantinople, is causing serious anxiety at the Turkish war office. It is now known that the allies are advancing in strength against Bulair and the Constantinople dispatch adds that the Greek fleet has appeared in the Gulf of Saros, where Servian troops also are reported to have landed to assist the Bulgarians.

By Sea to Constantinople.

It now seems clear that the allies have abandoned the attempt to force the Tchatalja lines in favor of an attempt to capture the Gallipoli peninsula, so as to open the way by sea to Constantinople.

According to the Turkish reports, Turkish reconnoissances have reached Tcherkesskeui and Tcherlu, which would indicate that the Bulgarians, who, a few days ago, were reported to have moved their headquarters to Tcherkesskeui, are moving their lines still farther to the west.

King Ferdinand has gone to Dedeagatch in order to be closer to the scene of important operations. Apparently heavy fighting is progressing near Scutari and the bombardment of Adrianople is still in progress.

There is no confirmation of a report from Constantinople that Turkey is sending a new peace delegation to London.

BULGARS DRIVING THE TURKS ALL ALONG THE BATTLE FRONT

Sofia, February 9.—An official statement issued this afternoon says the Turks Saturday took the offensive against the Bulgarians before Bulair, in the Gallipoli peninsular. After a fierce engagament lasting several hours the Bulgarians repulsed the Turks, pursuing them to the Bulair forts. Many wounded were left on the field.

Turkish prisoners say six divisions took part in the movement. At nightfall the Turks made another attempt down the coast, where twenty vessels had made their appearance. The landing parties from the ships were attacked by the Bulgarians, who inflicted heavy losses. The Turkish vessels thereupon sailed away.

All attempts of the Turks to assume the offensive at Tchatalja have been checked. They essayed to land troops at Podima to the northeast of Istrandia on the Black sea, but were beaten off, leaving fifty dead.

The bombardment of Adrianople continued with uniform success. Deserters say the people within the invested city are fleeing from one section to another to avoid the Bulgarian shells.

FIGHTING IS IN PROGRESS ALONG COAST OF MARMORA

Constantinople, February 9.—The captain of an American collier which arrived here today reports having witnessed interesting scenes along the coast of Marmora on the way to Constantinople from the Dardanelles. An active engagement was proceeding in the neighborhood of Charkeul. Turkish warships were shelling the Bulgarian batteries which were replying briskly.

Turkish troops had effected a landing and a body of cavalry was seen moving along the shore.

Other warships were shelling the Bulgarian positions at Silivri, to the southwest of Tchatalja. The captain was unable to say how the fighting was going, but the fact that a landing was accomplished gives promise of important developments soon.

It is reported from a Turkish source

Continued on Last Page.

MEXICAN ARMY REVOLTS AGAINST MADERO

Madero and His Family Are in Flight

AND CAPTURES THE CAPITAL OF REPUBLIC

HIS COUNTRY RISES AGAINST HIM



PRESIDENT MADERO AND HIS WIFE

KILLED AT THE PALACE



GENERAL BERNARDO REYES, Former Mexican secretary of war, who was killed during the revolt in Mexico City.

WHY WOODROW WILSON DROPPED THE THOMAS

Princeton, N. J., February 9.—President-elect Wilson spent the day at home. He remained indoors, though there were few visitors. When the correspondents called for their usual evening conference, he asked to be excused.

The report that invitations to the inauguration were engraved "Thomas Woodrow Wilson" instead of "Woodrow Wilson," as the governor has long been officially known, was brought to his attention, but he sent word that he knew nothing about the change.

The family name of Mr. Wilson's mother was Woodrow, and when a youth he was anxious to use his middle name as a compliment to her. "Thomas Woodrow Wilson," he has often remarked since, makes "too big a mouthful," and to write "T. Woodrow Wilson" was awkward, so he dropped the first name altogether. All documents which the governor has signed in New Jersey simply read "Woodrow Wilson."

UNITED STATES WATCHES MEXICO

Outbreak at the Capital Causes Anxiety for Americans—Taft Still Resolved Not to Change His Policy.

Washington, February 10.—Confirmation of the reported gravity of the situation in Mexico city was contained in dispatches received early this morning at the state department. Huntington Wilson, the assistant secretary of state, arrived from New York at midnight and took charge of the situation in the absence of Secretary Knox, who is ill. Shortly afterward the following official statement was issued:

"Ambassador Wilson reports that rumor is current that the arsenal has surrendered to Felix Diaz; that mounted police, artillery and rurales from Tacubaya have declared for him and the national palace is the only place still loyal to Madero. The ambassador says that Generals Blanquet and Angeles are reported to be coming to the capital with troops from Toluca and Cuernavaca, but that it is impossible to procure details."

Secretary Knox is ill and unable to leave his home, but such news as was received was sent to his residence by messenger, while President Taft was informed by secretaries of the situation as it developed in press dispatches from the Mexican capital.

Taft Won't Change Policy.

Inquiry into the situation, based upon the dispatches thus far received, brought forth the assurance, however, that it would not influence the present administration to change the policy that it has pursued steadily for the last two years, and that there would be no interference with political affairs of Mexico by this government, even should the rebellion proceed to a successful conclusion.

Every precaution, it was assured, would be taken to protect lives and property of Americans in Mexico which might involve the dispatch of warships to the coast towns of that country, and, perhaps the strengthening of the military force now on the border. If Americans were threatened in Mexico the American ambassador would demand of the "de facto" government whether it be regular or rebel, the fullest measure of protection and if injury was inflicted on Americans ample reparation would be exacted.

Climax to Stirring Events.

Stirring events have led up to existing conditions in Mexico. Less than two years ago President Porfirio Diaz, who had served Mexico as its chief executive for more than a quarter of a century, tendered his resignation to the congress as a result of a successful revolution against his government, and retired to Europe, where he had been proceeded by his vice president, Ramon Corral. His retirement followed a year of fierce revolution, the principal figure in which was Francisco I. Madero, member of one of the wealthiest and most powerful Mexican families.

Diaz did not surrender the reins of power directly to Madero, but to meet the constitutional requirements of a popular choice of the president, Francisco De La Barra, at the time ambassador at Washington, was placed in the executive office under a provisional appointment until the Mexican people could exercise the function of electing a president. Within less than six months this formality had been completed and on November 6, 1911,

Continued on Page Two.

DIAZ AND REYES LED THE REVOLT AGAINST MADERO

Aided by Supposedly Loyal Troops, Insurgents Seize Arsenal—Over 250 Killed in the Street Fighting.

GEN. REYES IS SHOT DEAD IN ASSAULT ON PALACE

Madero and Ministers Barricade Themselves in the Palace and Hold It—Madero's Family Flees to Japanese Legation. Madero Says He Will Win, But Rebels Seem to Have the Upper Hand.

Mexico City, February 10.—At an early hour this morning it was reported that President Madero and his family had fled from the capital and toward the eastern coast. It was also rumored that all the members of the cabinet have resigned.

Confirmation of these rumors could not be obtained.

A tragic sequence of the death of General Bernardo Reyes in the fighting Sunday was the suicide of his son, Rodolfo. He shot himself through the head. Grief over his father's death was the cause. He was a well-known attorney.

Mexico City, February 9.—President Francisco Madero, with his ministers and a strong detachment of loyal troops, is fortified in the national palace tonight, while General Felix Diaz, with a large majority of the regulars behind him, has practical control in the capital.

In several bloody encounters today the president and his supporters succeeded in defending themselves against the rebels, and, notwithstanding the fact that the troops in large numbers are in a state of revolt which carried all before them today, there was an appearance of genuine optimism at the palace among Madero and his ministers.

MADERO THREATENING TO USE THE IRON HAND

To a representative of the press President Madero said the facility with which the new revolt had been suppressed was only another indication of the strength of the government and the loyalty of the army. Pointing from a window in the palace to a mob, for the most part of boys, carrying the national flag and crying viva for Madero, the president said:

"There you can see the people are with us. It is said that the government stands alone, but that is not true. The government has the support of the people. There will be no more temporizing; we are going to use the iron hand."

Earlier in the day, shortly after the first outbreak occurred, Madero declared martial law throughout the city and announced that he would ask congress to authorize a suspension of the guarantees throughout the republic. General Huerta was named as post commander on account of the wounding of General Villar.

Those who have observed affairs closely point out that General Diaz, who escaped being shot summarily

M. & M. Contest Closes on Friday at 1 O'Clock; Only Four and One-Half Days for Contestants

Four and one-half days—that is all. At the end of that time The Constitution's M. & M. contest will close and the prizes will be awarded. Entrants are, therefore, put on notice that any delay or slackening in their work is fatal to their chances for winning one of the prizes.

Never in the history of The Constitution has any sort of a contest ever met with the success of the present competition. The prizes are probably more valuable than any that have ever been offered by any newspaper in the southern states and interest has been intense ever since the first announcement of the offers was made. Thousands of people in all parts of the state have entered into it with great enthusiasm and have worked hard and conscientiously to win a prize.

These prizes include such premiums as a large five-passenger touring car, $1,000 and other cash prizes, ponies for the children and a trip to the national capital to the opening of the big league season.

These inducements are but a few of the main features. In addition to these there are enough smaller offers to furnish prizes enough to go around to all contestants who have really worked hard and deserve to win a prize.

The Constitution's contest department has made its policy during the entire contest to aid the entrants in every way possible and will continue to do so until the contest closes.

A number of fine bonus vote offers for quantity purchases are being made by the department this week in order to give everybody a chance right up to the very last minute.

Contestants should bear in mind the closing hour of the contest and be sure that they have every single vote that is coming to them registered to their credit before the office closes. The closing hour will be 1 o'clock next Friday afternoon, and the contest will close on the tick of the clock.

Weather Prophecy.

GENERALLY FAIR.

Washington, February 9.—Weather forecast:

Georgia—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday, light variable winds.

Virginia—Cloudy Monday and Tuesday, not much change in temperature, light variable winds.

North and South Carolina and Florida—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday light variable winds.

Alabama—Cloudy Monday and Tuesday light variable winds.

Mississippi and Louisiana—Local rains Monday; Tuesday cloudy, light variable winds.

Arkansas—Local rains Monday; Tuesday fair.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Local rains Monday; Tuesday unsettled.

West Virginia—Cloudy Monday and Tuesday.

following the failure of the Vera Cruz revolt, can now expect no clemency, but must fight to the death.

There is no question that Diaz is straining every fibre to depose Madero, and with the large forces at his command, both within the city and outside, it is not likely that the present revolt and the rising within the capital will be suppressed easily.

From his headquarters in the arsenal Diaz sent a message tonight to Madero demanding his resignation and surrender. The president replied, declining to accede to this demand.

FAMILY OF MADERO FLEES TO THE JAPANESE LEGATION

Madero's family has taken refuge in the Japanese legation and tonight the president is making a fight, desperate in its efforts, against what appears to be enormous odds for retention of his power.

General Diaz, who is the nephew of the deposed president, Porfirio Diaz, is now at the head of a majority of the capital troops, including most of the artillery, and is in possession of the arsenal in the city and the powder works nearby.

Madero is relying on the loyalty of General Blancquet, who has been summoned from Toluca, 40 miles distant, but Blancquet has only a thousand men under his command and the rebels are confident of defeating him should he refuse to join the revolt.

FOUR BLOODY ENGAGEMENTS MARKED THE REVOLUTION

The day was marked by four separate engagements, the most sanguinary of which took place in front of the national palace. But the most important was that which terminated in the formal surrender of the troops in the artillery barracks.

It is believed that not less than 200 people were killed in the fighting. Among the number was General Bernardo Reyes, a strong adherent of Porfirio Diaz., and ex-secretary of war.

The mutinous troops were led by students of the military school at Tlalpam, a suburb. They marched to the prison to which General Felix Diaz had been transferred for safekeeping, and released him. General Bernardo Reyes was also freed from the Santiago military prison, there being no resistance in either quarter.

To the army of the mutineers quickly came portions of the First cavalry, Twenty-fourth cavalry and Twentieth infantry. General Manuel Mondragon, retired, was in command, but gave way to Generals Diaz and Reyes.

FIRST BATTLE TOOK PLACE IN FRONT OF THE PALACE

At 8:30 o'clock the first encounter with loyal troops occurred in front of the national palace, and General Reyes, whose long record as an army officer was broken little more than a year ago by a farcial revolt, was instantly killed by a bullet through the head.

Many fell in this engagement, and among the scores of bodies which strewed the streets were those of minor officers, women and boys of the lower classes and members of the great crowd of spectators which had gathered at the firing of the first shot.

General Lauro Villar, post commander of the capital, who remained loyal, was among those slightly wounded. The minister of war, General Garcia Pena, also received a slight injury.

MADERO LEADS LOYAL TROOPS AGAINST THE INSURGENTS

At the first call to arms, President Madero took command of a force of approximately one thousand, consisting of mounted police, Chapultepec cadets and a small detachment of volunteers. He appeared at the head of this force a mile from the national palace, riding a big gray horse. By his side rode General Huerta, hero of the campaign against Orozco, and one of the army generals whom the public generally had suspected of being disloyal.

Several blocks from the palace, one of Madero's aides attempted to dissuade the president, and, placing his hand on the horse's bridle, half turned the animal from the line. Madero protested vigorously, and continued to lead the advance until the shooting began, when General Huerta succeeded in persuading him to enter a building in a side street. This building, by a coincidence, was the same in which General Reyes took refuge in his campaign for the presidency eighteen months ago against a mob of Madero supporters, who attempted to stone him.

The revolt in its unexpectedness was such as to stupify the populace, the lower elements apparently not knowing for whom to cheer. This is popularly given as the reason for lack of pillaging and looting.

PLANS WERE HASTILY MADE TO GUARD NATIONAL PALACE

At the national palace the government was not altogether unprepared. In the interim between the release of General Diaz and General Reyes from prison Gustavo Madero, brother of the president, and Governor Garza, of the federal district, learned of the plans of the rebels. The minister of war and General Villar made hasty preparations to guard the palace. Riding at the head of their troops, Generals Diaz and Reyes approached from the east into the Zocalo, the big square in front of the palace.

General Reyes appeared for the first time in many months in the uniform of a general, but Diaz wore a blue sack suit and soft gray hat.

A halt of the mutinous forces was made when General Villar, appearing at the door of the palace, raised his hand and challenged them. His answer was an order on the part of the rebels to begin firing.

MACHINE GUNS AND RIFLES USED BY PALACE DEFENDERS

Quickly the invading forces assumed positions around the square which soon was clouded with smoke from their rifles. Immediately from the palace came an asnswering fire. The defenders were using rifles and machine guns.

From the west could be seen advancing the force headed by President Madero. As it approached the rebels retired into a side street.

Thirty minutes later street fighting began in the neighborhood, but lasted only a short time. Neither side appeared ready to press its advantage, but just before noon General Diaz led his command, numbering 1,000, on a wide detour, in an effort to reach the arsenal.

When the fighting in the Zocalo ceased ambulances of the Red and White Cross engaged in the work of picking up the dead and succoring the wounded. The plaza, an area four city blocks, was strewn with bodies of men and horses. Within the palace there were few victims, but Colonel Morelos, one of the most loyal of Madero's adherents, was killed.

FEDERAL OFFICERS EXECUTED IN THE PATIO OF THE PALACE

General Gregorie Ruiz, a retired officer, two captains and three lieutenants, were executed in the Patio of the national palace. It is officially reported that this was by order of the government, but another story is that they were killed by a detachment of their own men because they opposed their joining the revolt. Added to this is the rumor that these mutinous troops were overpowered and disarmed.

The Red and White Cross ambulances carried the wounded to provisional hospital where investigation showed there were almost as many civilian victims as soldiers. Outside of the fighting between the two opposing sides there was little disorder and tonight the streets are patrolled by the rebel troops.

MOB ASSEMBLED DURING DAY AND BURNED NEWSPAPER OFFICE

During the day only one mob assembled. It attacked the building of El Pais, the only independent morning newspaper printed in Spanish. The building was partly burned.

General Mondragon, who led the mutineers in their first attacks, was at one time prominently identified with the artillery corps. The first rising occurred among soldiers of the artillery branch of the army. It was they, led by students, who fired a fusillade at the prison guards and liberated the two rebel leaders. Diaz succeeded in capturing the arsenal after a strong resistance by the federals. A large number of rurales and mounted police then went over to his cause. Later an artillery company from Tacubaya with a dozen field guns rode into the arsenal grounds shouting for Diaz. It is reported that revolutionary movements have begun in other places and the Zapatistas are said to be fighting a short distance south of the capital.

The attitude of the artillery stationed in the arsenal caused speculation on both sides. The artillery remained loyal and the battle round the arsenal lasted about an hour. No use was made of the big guns inside the arsenal and it soon became evident that the reinforcements which the government had sent to attack the rebels were not inclined to fight.

SUPPOSEDLY LOYAL FORCES GO OVER TO INSURGENTS

One after another these supposedly loyal forces signified their intention of surrender, their chiefs riding to Diaz under flag of truce and extending their hands in congratulation.

Before long almost all the mounted police whom the president had led against the rebels a few hours previously were in the rebel ranks.

Artillery from Tacubaya clattered into the city, but not to oppose the mutinous troops. Instead they joined the movement and lined up with the rebels about the arsenal.

A truce was called and papers of surrender were formally signed. This victory gave to the rebels a majority of all the cannon in the city and left to President Madero probably not more than 25 per cent of the capital's fighting force.

In the meantime, alarming rumors reached the city of a mutiny led by striking miners in Pachuca, 55 miles to the northwest, and of heavy fighting south of Tlalpam between a force of Zapatistas and the government troops.

GUNS PLACED TO COMMAND SITUATION IN THE CAPITAL

General Mondragon and a large force of artillery are believed to be occupying a vantage surrounding the city and have their guns trained in such a way as practically to command the situation.

President Madero was asked by the diplomatic corps to say yes or no as to whether he could give protection to foreign residents. The president did not answer.

The diplomats then sent a message to General Diaz, notifying him that they would look to him to give such protection.

After a lull in the fighting the government sent a force to attack the arsenal, but federals were repulsed with heavy losses by the machine guns, rifle and artillery fire.

The total number of dead is reported to be 250. Three Spaniards were killed.

An American, E. L. Ramsey, formerly of Galveston, was seriously wounded.

Stray bullets entered the embassy buildings.

REVOLT IN MEXICO CITY PART OF A GENERAL PLOT

El Paso, Texas, February 9.—Rebel agents here declare today that the Mexico City mutiny is part of a general revolutionary plan, prematurely exploded.

They connect it directly with the program of General Trevine, former federal commander in the state of Neuro Leon and a military favorite of the Diaz regime.

They say the date for a general revolt of the army had been set for March 1 and had practically all revolutionary factions in the republic in league with the movement.

In order to hold the army, General Trevine will be named provisional president, says Ricardo Gomez Robelo, Orozco agent, and Manuel Lujan, former rebel representative at Washington.

To this they say the rebels have agreed if a national election were guaranteed in a reasonable length of time. The arrangement, it is said, was made some weeks ago between the principal leaders of the various factions. Only the larger military chiefs were taken into confidence of the plotters.

Juarez, scene of the mutiny and riots last year, was quiet today. Federal commanders took care to keep the news from the 600 odd troops in the border town, who were held in their barracks during the day.

A large portion of the troops are ex-insurrectos or recent volunteers, and trouble is predicted. Telegraph advices from Chihauhau City, the state capital, said all was quiet throughout the state.

EIGHTEEN MEN

Handle KRYPTOK lenses from rough stock to the finished product in manufacture before delivery to you. Jno. L. Moore & Sons are expert opticians. It will pay you to let them fill your oculist prescription. 42 North Broad street.—(adv.)

KILLING OF REYES REMOVES BITTER OPPONENT OF MADERO

The killing of General Bernardo Reyes removes one of the most bitter and uncompromising opponents in Mexico to the Madero government. For over a year he had been in prison charged with treason in fomenting an uprising against Madero. He had never been tried, and as late as last January it was reported that the government was in a quandary as to what should be done with him. Reyes had freely admitted his guilt, but it was said the Mexican government was afraid to punish him, believing that to do so would cause Reyes to be regarded as a martyr; to give him a light sentence would make it inconvenient to impose heavy terms upon other offenders, and to exile him would be dangerous. It was believed in the Mexican capital that finally he would be released under an amnesty decree.

Reyes was a soldier and statesman with a long record of achievements. He was born in Guadalajara about 62 years ago.

A few months prior to the outbreak of the Madero revolution, there were rumors of an uprising against President Diaz in favor of General Reyes, who was extremely popular throughout the republic. Diaz sent Reyes to Europe, ostensibly to study military organization, but recalled him before the revolution of Madero had reached a crisis. When Reyes reached Mexico, however, Diaz had been forced to resign. Reyes then aligned himself with Madero and agreed to accept the portfolio of minister of war when Madero's cabinet was formed. Later, however, he decided himself to run for the presidency, but was overwhelmingly defeated at the polls by Madero.

Partisans of Reyes attempted to nullify the election of Madero, but failed, and Reyes went to Texas. There he started a revolution, and was proclaimed provisional president of Mexico. This was in December, 1911. After operating for a short time against the government forces, Reyes surrendered to General Travino at Linarez. He asked no guarantee for himself, but pleaded for mercy for his followers.

While preparing for his revolution against Madero, Reyes was arrested in San Antonio, Texas, charged with conspiring against a friendly government. He was released on heavy bail for his appearance for trial, and this bail was declared forfeited at Laredo last November while Reyes was in prison in Mexico.

UNITED STATES WATCHES MEXICO

Continued From Page One.

Madero took the oath as president of Mexico.

Seeds of discord were sown in the beginning of the new regime when the president failed to accord to some of his lieutenants in the revolution the recognition and reward to which they felt themselves entitled and, instead, installed in the cabinet and other high offices many of the members of his own family.

Madero Denounced.

There were many expressions of discontent and even in the Mexican congress Madero was denounced by name as guilty of wholesale nepotism and betrayal of the people who had elected him. Later these murmurings of discontent crystallized into open rebellion. The first manifestation of forcible opposition to the government occured in the north, in the country where Madero himself had inaugruated the revolution which had resulted in the overthrow of Diaz. The military governor in Chihauhua was General Orozco, who had been the principal military leader under Madero. He was soon induced to renounce his adherence to the Madero government by emissaries of Emilio Vasquez Gomez, formerly a revolutionist with Madero, but later his bitter enemy by reason of his defeat for the vice presidency. Entrenched on American soil Gomez sought to foment a revolution against his former leader. He found Oronzco the man to command the rebellious troops and soon the north of Mexico was in the flames of revolution for the second time in a year.

With large credits of money and the greater part of the late revolutionary forces supporting him, Madero began an active campaign against the rebels. But the movement spread with great rapidity, and within a few months rebel bands appeared in different sections of the country. Many different leaders appeared; their movements being semi-independent. General Bernardo Reyes, who had been in command of the army under the Diaz administration, made a fierce but short-lived demonstration in the northeast. His revolt soon collapsed, and he was made a prisoner in the City of Mexico. Captain Felix Diaz, a nephew of the former president, met with a similar fate in an uprising at Vera Cruz.

The uprisings in the north led by Orozco, who afterward repudiated allegiance to Gomez, and in the country south of the City of Mexico headed by Zapata brothers, proved more formidable, however, and they have continued with varying degrees of success until the present moment. Probably to them may be attributed this last coup in the City of Mexico.

To Contest Eddy Will.

Lead, S. D., February 9.—George W. Glover, of this city, son of Mrs. Mary Baker Glover Eddy, the Christian Science leader, said he has not and would not withdraw his suit to contest the will of his mother.

Charles Major Near Death.

Shelbyville, Ind., February 9.—Charles Major, the author, who has been ill since last summer, is expected to live only a short time by his physicians. Tonight it was said his death was expected hourly.

Humorists.

Humorists are people who cut, fit and finish jokes, jests and light verse and do plain and fancy writing which is not serious.

Male humorists do this by lighting a pipe or a cigar, sticking a sheet of paper into a typewriter and wishing they had adopted a mercantile career.

Female humorists accomplish the feat by twisting their back hair into a knot, nibbling chocolate creams or chewing some gum, and manipulating the typewriter in the customary manner.

As a general thing, nowadays, humorists are very human. There are more of them than there used to be. The women dress like their sisters, and the men are perfectly conventional in their attire.

Occasionally you come across an old-school humorist, or a modern one who clings to the old-school traditions. He imagines that he has to wear a most solemn face, never smiles, and looks pained when you laugh at what he says. This variety goes great on the rural lyceum circuit.

Humorists are always introduced as such. Plumbers, housekeepers, bankers, dry goods men and wholesale grocers are never classfied when introduced, but humorists are always specified. Immediately the persons to whom they are introduced wait expectantly for them to say something wildly witty. Immediately, also, they are disappointed, unless they are of the class who shriek with joy when the humorist politely says: "It is a nice day."

Humorists most enjoy the apt retorts of royalty, as reported in the anecdotes about notables.

Humorists always have to explain why they are humorists instead of following some more laborious occupation. Also they are expected to deliver after-dinner speeches for nothing, because being funny is second nature to them, and they are not supposed to have any remunerative way of spending their odd moments.

The difference between a humorist and a comedian is that a comedian uses the humorist's humor. If the humorists used the comedian's humor he would starve to death. Another difference is that the comedian makes from three hundred to five hundred dollars a week.

Liable to Make a Getaway.

(Louisville Courier-Journal.)

A military escort for the vice-president when he is being inducted into office is appropriate. Might start out to look for employment if not surrounded by fixed bayonets.

SCOTT IS RETURNING FROM THE ANTARCTIC

Believed That the Explorer Is on Board the Steamer Terra Nova.

Wellington, N. Z., February 10.—The antarctic steamer Terra Nova arrived at Camaru, on the east coast of South island, N. Z., this morning.

The Terra Nova sailed from Christchurch on December 14 last, to the relief of Captain Robert F. Scott's antarctic expedition. It is believed here that the steamer brings Captain Scott and his party back.

It was expected that Captain Scott and his party would return to civilization in February or March, having spent nearly three years in the antarctic.

The Terra Nova brought the last news of Scott in April, 1902. It was that on January 3, 1902, Captain Scott, with a party of four men, was 150 miles from the Pole and were advancing. He sent back the message: "I am remaining in the antarctic another winter in order to continue and complete my work."

NATIONAL CORN SHOW BEGINS ITS THIRD WEEK

Columbia, S. C., February 9.—A number of educators and arguculturists of note will feature the third week of the National Corn exposition, which begins here tomorrow.

Thousands of citizens of South Carolina today were urged to attend the exposition, the message being sent over the telephone wires. A record attendance is expected during the last five days of the show. All of the exhibits will remain intact.

Plans are being perfected to operate excursion trains from several points in South Carolina. Anderson will send a delegation of five hundred Wednesday.

St. Louis and Rochester have submitted bids for the next exposition. The decision as to the next place for holding the show will be announced at an early date by E. D. Funk, of Illinois, president of the National Corn association.

Friday has been designated by the exposition management as negro day.

Stanley Named Manager.

Springfield, Ohio, February 9.—Joe Stanley, for the last two years a member of the Louisville team of the American association, and the New Orleans Southern league team, has been named as manager of the Springfield Central league team for the coming year, according to a telegram received from President Sol Meyer, of Indianapolis. Stanley will play in the outfield.

Socialists Score Government.

Marion, Ind., February 9.—After adopting resolutions censuring the government for "unfair and outrageous" methods used in prosecuting Eugene V. Debs, socialist candidate for president and editor of Appeal to Reason," the socialists concluded their state convention here tonight after a two-day session. Plans to aid their standard bearer were discussed and party officers chosen.

Bryan Calls on Gomez.

Havana, February 9.—William Jennings Bryan, who arived here yesterday, called on President Gomez today. He dined at the American legation this evening and later delivered a lecture. Mr. Bryan will leave for Isle of Pines tomorrow.

Van Landingham Here.—Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Van Landingham, who own the Majestic hotel, arrived in Atlanta yesterday from their home in Charlotte, N. C., Mr. and Mrs. Van Landingham are well known in Atlanta and are being warmly received by their friends. They will remain several days.

PRESIDENT ARAUJO DIES OF THE WOUNDS GIVEN BY ASSASSINS

San Salvador, February 9.—Manuel Araujo, president of the republic of Salvador, who was wounded by the bullets of an assassin on February 4, died today.

Don Carlos Melendes will succeed to the office of chief executive.

President Araujo was attacked and shot last Tuesday night by several men, one of whom, a Guatemalan named Virgilio Mulatillo, was arrested. Mulatillo, in a confession, declared that the plot to assinate President Araujo had been formed in Guatemala City.

There May Be Trouble.

Washington, February 9.—The news of President Araujo's death surprised official Washington, as many messages had given assurance that his wounds were not serious and that he was well on the way to recovery. Most of these messages came from President Araujo, who personally signed telegrams to Secretary of State Knox and Salvadorean Minister Mejia, as well as other Latin-American diplomats in response to their messages of sympathy. Such messages were received from Senor Araujo as late as last night.

Hasty conferences among members of the Central American diplomatic corps followed the receipt of news of President Araujo's death. Fear was expressed that malcontents in the little republic might seize upon the present as an opportune time in which to precipitate a revolution. State department officials, alarmed because of manifestations of discontent in many quarters in Central America, realized that although five warships are now headed for ports in as many Central American countries, sterner measures may be necessary to preserve peace till the close of the present administration.

Miss Grace O'Dell Booth, Graduate of High School, Dies After Short Illness

Miss Grace O'Dell Booth, one of the young daughters of Mrs. O. D. Booth, died yesterday morning at 6 o'clock at the residence, 14 Euclid avenue. Her death followed an illness of several weeks' duration. She is survived by her mother, three sisters, Misses Ada, Ela and Laura Booth, and a brother, Edwin Booth.

The funeral will be held from the residence this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, interment being at West View. Dr. H. M. Quillian will officiate. Pallbearers are A. J. Freeman, F. H. Goette, H. W. Dillin, Dr. W. B. Burkett, Dr. Charles W. Young and W. A. Young.

Miss Booth was very popular among the younger crowd in Inman Park. She was a graduate of the Girls' High school and one of the brightest girls of her class. Her friends were legion, as she was always a particularly bright, good-natured and happy girl who radiated sunshine and smiles.

Typewriters rented 3 mos. $5 Am. Writing Machine Co.

FIGHT ON CATTLE TICK WILL BEGIN IN MARCH

The active work of eradicating the cattle tick in twenty counties in northwest Georgia is to be resumed by Dr. Bahnsen, state vetinarian, early in March. This is the largest number of counties in which this work has been undertaken, systematically, since the fight on the cattle tick which is costing Georgia annually $5,000,000, was begun.

In speaking of this work at the state capitol, Dr. Bahnsen said: "Just as soon as the cattle tick began to show itself, which will be early in March, we will begin our active work of driving it out and quarantining those counties free from the tick so that it cannot get back.

"This campaign will include twenty counties in the northwest section of the state. We will resume our work in Elbert county, which is one of the largest counties in the state, in which this work of tick eradication was undertaken last year.

"It is recalled that in this campaign we have the active and hearty co-operation of an oil mill at Elberton, which, at its own expense, has erected an up-to-date diping vat and a number of demonstrations as to the use and efficiency of such treatment have been shown.

"We believe that we will be able to free a number of the counties in northwest Georgia this year of the dread cattle tick, which is costing this state so much each year."

Cigarmaker Is Killed.

Tampa, Fla., February 9.—Palo Perzzia, an Italian cigarmaker, was assassinated at an early hour this morning on Oak street in West Tampa. His body was found this morning. Two loads of buckshot had been emptied into his body and he had been stabbed several times. The gun from which the shots were fired was found a few yards away. No arrests have been made.

Castro Not Well.

New York, February 9.—Still suffering from a slight indisposition which kept him indoors Saturday, General Castro, former president of Venezuela, remained in his rooms at his hotel today. Judge Ward will rule on his application for a permanent writ of habeas corpus permitting him to continue his visit to this country on Friday.

A Good Point to Remember

When Buying Fountain Pens-



From the Best Dealers Everywhere

L. E. Waterman Company
173 Broadway, N. Y.

LETHARGY DOMINANT IN THE STOCK MARKET

Chief Problems in Situation Remain Unsolved and Hesitation Rules in All Operations.

New York, February 9.—The lethargy into which the stock market fell last week indicated that professional short covering had been a large factor in the rally of the week before. The principal problems in the situation being left unsolved, hesitation ruled the operations. Renewal of the war against Turkey was accepted without excitement, partly owing to an assumption that it might be of short duration.

It served, however, to prolong the deadlock in European money markets and to renew the pull on the New York money market. Skilled estimates point to the disappearance of upward of $300,000,000 from bank reserves through hoarding in Austria-Hungary, France and Germany. While the basis of the currency is thus reduced demands for note circulation on the great central banks are larger than usual.

Returns from our national banks for February 4, under the comptroller's call issued last week, will reveal how far the cash reserve percentage here has been affected by the call from abroad.

The heavy reflux of currency to New York since January 1 has maintained the case of New York money thus far, but the usual period of this inflow is now drawing to a close. The supply of money offering on call is still abundant, but banks are not pressing their funds on time borrowers. Large additional exports of gold, therefore, will infallibly result in higher interest rates at an early date. Chances for the intended new security issues would be unfavorably affected thereby.

Within the immediate vicinity of the stock exchange much stress is laid on the proposed regulation by statute of the stock market and financial operations as a cause of the present dullness and depression of speculation. Influences toward further suspense were the adjournment of the United States supreme court for three weeks without a decision in the Minnesota rate case and the injunction against the New York subway contracts. Clearing up of the uncertainty over the Union Pacific dissolution plan proved ineffective in reviving speculation.

The gain of nearly 18,000,000 pounds in the stock of refined copper in January increased the impression of a trade recession. Iron and steel trade journals were cautious in expressions of confidence.

SIX ALARMS IN 2 HOURS KEEP FIREMEN BUSY

Six alarms in two hours was the record established early yesterday morning by the fire department. From 7:50 o'clock until 10, every station in the city responded to one or more calls.

The following is a list of the alarms and the hours at which they were turned in:

7:50 o'clock, 442 Martin street; small damage.

8:30 o'clock, 98 Fort street; small damage.

8:57 o'clock, 13 West Peachtree place; small damage.

9:30 o'clock, 569 Central avenue; small damage.

9:40 o'clock, 83 South Humphries street; small damage.

10:10 o'clock, Luckie street and Piedmont hotel; false alarm.

About $200 damage was done by all five blazes.

And Possibly Mr. Wilson.

(From The Birmingham Age-Herald.)

The presence of Mr. Bryan in the cabinet would be distressing to nobody except a few eastern editors out of touch with public sentiment.

WINDT LOSES HIS LIFE IN BICYCLE COLLISION

St. Louis, February 9.—Frederick Windt, of East St. Louis, Ill., was fatally injured and Walden C. Martin, of St. Louis, a member of the United States Olympic team at Stockholm, was seriously hurt tonight when their bicycles at the same time left a new saucer-shaped track at the coliseum. Windt died half an hour later in a hospital. Martin suffered fractures of the left leg and left wrist and is in a precarious condition.

In the Home.

(From The Craftsman.)

At the last analysis the paramount influence in the culture of the child is in the influence of the home.

Only One "BROMO QUININE," that is **Laxative Bromo Quinine**
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on box. 25c

BARNES CASH GROCERY

Ham, Lb.	16c
Veal Roast, Lb.	10c
Beef Tongue, Lb.	30c
Lamb Chops, Lb.	15c
Cato Famous Sausage (All-Pork) Lb.	15c
Sausage Mixed, Lb.	10c
7 Bars Octagon Soap	25¢
6 Pounds Starch	19¢
4-pound can Hominy	25¢
4-pound can Apples	25¢
25 Pounds Sugar	$1.19
10-pound Pail M. L. Compound	84¢
2-pound can Salmon	15¢
Black Walnuts, peck	15¢

7 E. Mitchell St.

The ATLANTA — TONIGHT 8:15
Tuesday Matinee and Night,
ABORN ENGLISH GRAND OPERA CO.
Tonight—"Tales of Hoffmann;" Tuesday matinee, "Lucia;" Tuesday night, "Lohengrin."
Nights, 50c to $2; Matinee, 50c to $1.50.

Seat Sale Tuesday 9 A. M.
Fri., Sat. Mat. and Sat. Night,
FRITZI SCHEFF
In her new success, the Hungarian opera,
"THE LOVE WAGER"
Nights, 50c to $2; Matinee, 50c to $1.50.

THIS WEEK NIGHTS 8:15 MATS. 2:30 — LYRIC — MATINEES TUES., THURS. SAT.
ROWLAND & CLIFFORD OFFER THE ROSARY
WEEK FEB. 17th, "THE THIEF"

NOW at the FORSYTH
MATINEE DAILY 2:30 — NIGHT AT 8 AND 9:30
THE TIME, THE PLACE & THE GIRL
TABLOID MUSICAL COMEDY
MATS. 10 Cts. NIGHT PRICES 10-20-30 Cts.

Ladies Only
SOUVENIRS
AT THE
Elite Theater
TODAY

GRAND — MATINEE TODAY 2:30 — TONIGHT AT 8:30
MISS PERCY HASWELL & CO.
SLIVERS THE CLOWN- JULIUS TANNEN
FRANK NORTH & CO. and Others
IT IS KEITH VAUDEVILLE

This Dictionary Has Never Been Offered In This City Before
It is wholly MODERN Compiled THIS year — It is by the World's GREATEST Authorities.

THE NEW MODERN $4.00 ENGLISH DICTIONARY CERTIFICATE PRESENTED BY THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, FEB. 10
SIX APPRECIATION CERTIFICATES CONSTITUTE A SET

Show your endorsement of this great educational opportunity by cutting out the above Certificate of Appreciation with five others of consecutive dates, and presenting them at this office, with the expense bonus amount herein set opposite any style of Dictionary selected (which covers the items of the cost of packing, express from the factory, checking, clerk hire and other necessary EXPENSE items), and you will be presented with your choice of these three books:

The $4.00 New Modern English DICTIONARY Illustrated (Like illustrations in the announcements from day to day.) It is the ONLY entirely NEW compilation by the world's greatest authorities from leading universities; is bound in full Limp Leather, flexible, stamped in gold on back and sides, printed on Bible paper, with red edges and corners rounded; beautiful, strong, durable. Besides the general contents, there are maps and over 600 subjects beautifully illustrated by three-color plates, numerous subjects by monotones, 16 pages of educational charts and the latest United States Census. Present at this office SIX Consecutive Certificates of Appreciation and the Expense Bonus of **98c**

The $3.00 New Modern English DICTIONARY Illustrated It is exactly the same as the $4.00 book, except in the style of binding—which is in half leather, with olive edges and with square corners. Six Appreciation Certificates and the Expense Bonus of **81c**

The $2.00 New Modern English DICTIONARY Illustrated Is in plain cloth binding, stamped in gold and black; has same paper, same illustrations, but all of the colored plates and charts are omitted. Six Appreciation Certificates and the Expense Bonus of **48c**

Any Book by Mail, 22c Extra for Postage.

SQUEEZE STAGE CAUSES WORRY FOR CONGRESS

Session Drawing to a Close and Many Important Measures Have Not Been Considered.

BIG SUPPLY MEASURES ARE STILL TO BE PASSED

Congress Must Appropriate Nearly Billion Dollars in Closing Days—Fight Against Taft Appointments Continues.

Washington, February 9.—Congress has reached the "squeezing" stage of the session. Important legislation that has accumulated during the last two years must be crowded into the work of the next three weeks and must take its chances of success in the jam of appropriation bills still to be considered. Active managers of the two houses who bear the responsibility of "getting things through" consequently are wearing troubled looks and wondering how much actual business can be transected in the few remaining working days before March 4.

It is not an unusual situation at the end of a short session, but experience of former years apparently has had little influence on the handling of the big supply measures this session, there remaining to be considered appropriations for nearly a billion dollars worth of public expenditures.

An important element in the end of the session rush this year is the fact that the leaders in both houses are as much engrossed with plans for the coming extra session as with details of the dying one.

Democrats Control Senate.

Democratic leaders in house and senate are absorbed in questions of party control, patronage, tariff, currency and general legislative plans for the opening days of the Wilson administration. A republican president and a nominal republican majority in the senate are still in control, but the closing days of the session witness a complete domination of the senate by the democratic forces.

The democrats exhibit that confidence of action which comes from a certain majority in the new senate, and the knowledge that there will be little if any more important legislation enacted by congress before they take charge of affairs.

Little activity has been evident for some time in the internal democratic fight for control of the senate, due chiefly to the well-grounded belief on the part of the so-called progressive democratic element that it will effect a compromise that will give the newer senators a full voice in senate affairs. The fight against President Taft's appointments continues, however, with unabated vigor. While a compromise may be reached ultimately as to the Taft appointments, allowing some of them to be confirmed, the democrats are unwavering in their purpose of holding up most of the Taft nominations until March 4, when the places would automatically become open for appointments by President Wilson.

Wilson Not Taking Part.

Whether President-elect Wilson is in harmony with the action of democratic leaders in this plan is not made known. His latest discussion of the subject has shown his unwillingness to be drawn into a declaration of his attitude toward the patronage fight. Republican threats that the appointments by President Wilson, after March 4, will be subjected to like opposition have become open and emphatic in the last week, but the development apparently has not weakened the democratic opposition.

Aside from work upon the tariff bills now going on behind closed doors in the house ways and means committee, the democrats are working upon no definite arrangement for the early days of the extra session. Currency and other legislation are under informal consideration and the way is being paved for speedy action upon any subjects that may be approved by President Wilson when he has consulted further with legislative and executive advisers after inauguration.

Those closest to the president in congress reflect his determination not to announce policies or programs until the new administration comes into power. Senators Hoke Smith, Gore and O'Gorman, Representatives Underwood, Palmer of Pennsylvania, Burleson and Henry of Texas and Speaker Clark are looked upon as more intimately acquainted with the present attitude of Governor Wilson than the majority of What information they may have, however, as to his wishes is not being reflected openly in their discussion of the approaching sessions' work.

Rumors of Tariff Split.

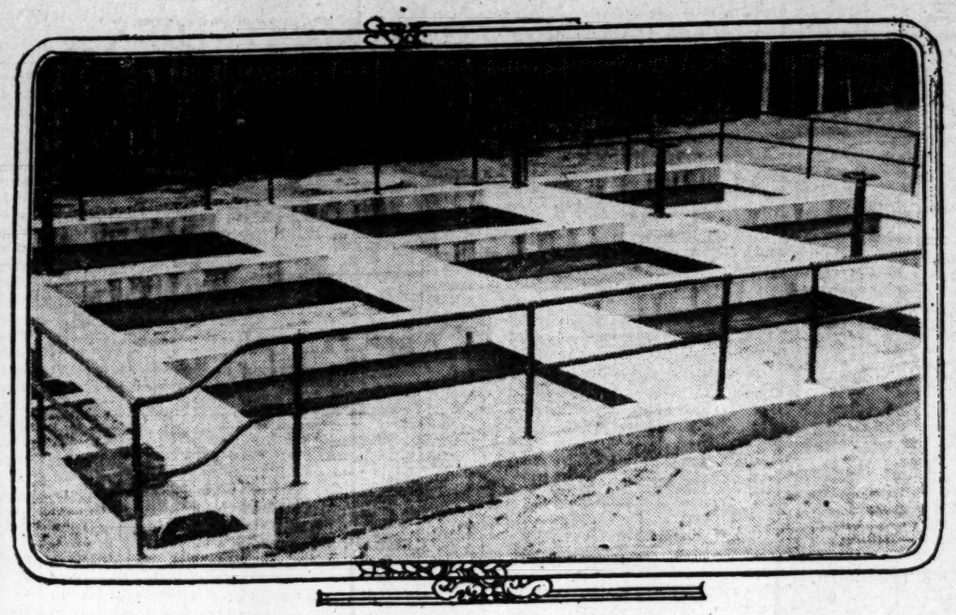
Rumors of sharp division within the democratic membership of the ways and means committee over the framing of the new tariff bills have been current during the week, but it is believed the committee will effect an agreement on each bill before it is offered to the new congress so that no substitute measure will be brought into the fight.

There also is a marked division among democrats in both houses over the Panama canal free toll question, but the attitude of President-elect Wilson has not been brought out in the discussion. Senator O'Gorman, his close political associate, is opposing vigorously an effort to repeal the free toll provision of the law passed last August, but his position, it is claimed, results from the fact that he was instrumental in having the free toll plank put into the democratic national platform, and that he believes the party has been definitely committed to the policy.

Many other democrats in both houses favor an immediate repeal of the free toll provision, against which Great Britain has protested, so that the new president might start with a "clean slate" and without inheriting the British dispute from the Taft administration. It is expected that Senator O'Gorman will be put on the finance committee when the senate reorganizes, leaving the present place on the foreign relations committee. In the new congress this will be the leading senate committee.

A republican legislative steering committee has been appointed in the senate to relieve the pressure of the next three weeks, and republican and democratic leaders in the house are trying to shape matters so that the awaiting appropriation bills can be pushed through as rapidly as possible. Plans for the inauguration of President Wilson already are obtruding on the work of both houses, however.

While Atlanta's Disposal Plants Are Delayed, Fort McPherson Enjoys Fine Sewage System



The settling tank of Fort McPherson's $26,000 model sewage plant, which has now been in operation for several weeks, and which can show a few things to Atlanta in the way of disease prevention.

While Atlanta is pouring her sewage day after day into Peachtree creek and the other streams that carry contamination from the city to the farm lands around, Fort McPherson is enjoying the luxury of a sewage disposal plant all its own. The United States government, recognizing the vital importance of protecting the countryside from contaminated water, has built a miniature disposal plant that destroys every bit of refuse and sewage matter from the residences and barracks of Fort McPherson.

The plant is a model, on a small scale, of the enormous Peachtree and Entrenchment creek sewage disposal plants which are now being constructed at a cost of $195,000 by Chester A. Dady, and which city officials declare will not be ready by June, as the contract calls for. The health of the city and the surrounding community is seriously endangered as a result, declare Captain R. M. Clayton, chief of construction, and Engineer W. A. Hansell, Jr.

Fort McPherson's plant cost the government about $26,000 and has only been in operation now for a few weeks. It was installed under the supervision of E. W. Todd, superintendent of construction at Fort McPherson. It is situated on the extreme western edge of the military reservation, just adjoining the state rifle range that is to become a part of Fort McPherson when the government expends $1,800,000 to form a brigade post. The sewage plant will at that time probably have to be enlarged to provide adequate disposal for the entire quarters of 3,000 soldiers.

Sewage water from the fort is cleansed by this plant until it is clear and pure enough to be drunk by stock. It is then turned into a nearby stream and flows away through the surrounding farm lands. The plant consists mainly of the settling tank, where the refuse is decomposed by the bacilli in it and settles to the bottom, where it is removed about once in six months. The water after leaving the tank is forced through sprinklers into a solid bed of crushed rock, through which it filters, and then emanates as pure water. The plant does not possess the Imhoff tanks, however, with which the much larger plant on Peachtree creek is to be provided. The officers of the Seventeenth declare the plant is giving great satisfaction and is affording the protection from disease that is needed in every community where sewage forms a problem for disposal.

DR. WALKER FAVORS REMOVAL OF CHURCH

Wants the First Presbyterian to Erect New Building Soon as Possible.

Removal of the church from the downtown district to Peachtree and Sixteenth streets as soon as practicable, was advised by Dr. Hugh K. Walker Sunday morning in his first anniversary sermon as pastor of the First Presbyterian church, after he had discussed the different courses which lay open, which included the establishment of a great institutional church to cost hundreds of thousands of dollars.

The First church sometime ago bought a lot at Peachtree and Sixteenth streets, and the present property on Marietta street, in the midst of the wholesale district running back to the railroad, is for sale. The new church will be one of the most beautiful in the south, and the passing of the old will record the march of progress and remove a landmark that has been intimately connected with Atlanta for generations.

The trustees of the First church are: S. M. Inman, chairman; Judge W. T. Newman, vice chairman; John B. Daniel, secretary; Charles L. Elyea, treasurer; George W. Harrison, Robert J. Lowry and John W. Grant.

Dr. Walker's sermon was "The First Church—History, Prophecy, Realization." He sketched the growth of the church before taking up the story of the large membership today, the excellent financial condition, and the bright future that lies ahead. The First Presbyterian church was founded in 1848 by Dr. John S. Wilson, then a pastor in Decatur. The first building was erected in 1854, and it was this structure that was shelled by Sherman's invading army during the war. The present edifice was erected in 1878, during the pastorate of Dr. Martin, the father of Mrs. George Parrott, a prominent Atlanta woman of today. Dr. Barnett, remembered by all creeds and classes in Atlanta, came to the church in 1883, and under him the church rose to its greatest heights, having more than one thousand members. Following his death in 1898 the North avenue church was formed by some of the members.

Dr. Bridwell was the next pastor, and he was succeeded by Dr. Lingle, who resigned a little more than a year ago to accept a chair in a theological seminary at Richmond. Dr. Walker came to the church just one year ago, and already has impressed his personality on the institution and on the city.

Dr. Walker was chosen to present the invitation of the Presbyterians, of the city and of the state, to the four Presbyterian synods last summer, and winning their acceptance, which assures for Atlanta the greatest Presbyterian meeting in the history of the world, and the first joint convention of the four branches of the church. He is a prominent figure in all civic movements of progress, as well as in the religious world.

WOMEN SCORE HARDIE.

Socialist Member of Parliament Attacked by Suffragettes.

Edinburg, Scotland, February 9.—Suffragettes gave James Keir Hardie, the socialist and independent labor member of parliament, a warm reception at a meeting here tonight. Although he assured them of the labor party's support in having the next bill made a government measure the women rose one after another and denounced him. He ordered the police to let them speak, but after one had declaimed violently for a quarter of an hour the chairman had her removed forcibly. This caused a great tumult

ATLANTA GIRLS HAVE COUNTRY BEAT, SAYS DUKE OF MISILMERI

"When it comes to pretty girls, Atlanta has the whole country beaten. Character and health are radiant in the faces that charm Peachtree and Whitehall on any afternoon of the year."

This is the bouquet tossed by Raoul S. Bonanno, duke of Misilmeri, the young Italian baritone who made such a hit with an Atlanta audience in a concert at the auditorium last summer.

He has just returned to Atlanta—the city of his dreams. Traveling afar, he has often longed for a glimpse of "that refreshing Peachtree" during the six months that he has now been gone. Shaking hands with old friends on his return, he told of his observations through all his journeyings—how Atlanta beats 'em all.

During the last six months he has stopped in New Orleans, Memphis, Louisville, Chattanooga, St. Louis, Jefferson City, Mo., and a number of other smaller places.

Although he comes from a titled Italian family, this young nobleman prefers to live in America, earning his own living by his voice and his writings, studying conditions in this land and acting as correspondent for a number of Italian newspapers.

"MAKE JESUS THE BOSS."

Rev. G. L. Imes Opens Revival at Congregational Church.

"Make Jesus boss" was the moving thought of the eloquent and ringing appeal by Rev. G. Lake Imes, dean of the Phelps Bible school of the Tuskegee Institute, at the First Congregational church, colored, yesterday morning. It was the opening sermon of the annual revival at the colored church, and the speaker made a strong appeal for the recognition of Christ in every day living. The fresh appeal struck home, and as a result eighteen young people in the church and Sunday school signified their intention of leading new lives.

Dean Imes preached again at night, speaking on "The Necessity of the New Birth." He will preach every night this week, the services lasting just one hour. Singing by the chorus will be an attractive feature of the meetings. Rev. William H. Holloway, of Talladega, Ala., will also assist in the meeting tonight.

IMPROVEMENTS PLANNED BY WASHINGTON COUNTY

Sandersville, Ga., February 9.—(Special.)—Washington county has purchased, through its commissioners, two large portable steel cages from a Dalton, Ga., firm for housing the convicts. This county has for several years been working its convicts on the roads, and have many miles of modern roads, second to none in the state. The convicts are now kept in tents, but the life of tents is short, and during cold weather work hardships upon the prisoners. The new cars will arrive in a few weeks and will be put into use immediately.

The commissioners have also bought several carloads of galvanized corrigated sewer piping to replace the wooden bridges all over the county. This piping is guaranteed for fifty years, and will outlast terra cotta or other material. The county is making rapid progress in its road working, and with the gasoline engine tractor, which pulls three to four road scrapes at one time, the work is being done at a very low cost and with great rapidity.

BOY SCOUTS,

Get a kodak scout story free at Jno. L. Moore & Sons, 42 North Broad street. Headquarters for kodaks and supplies. Expert finishing of your pictures.—(adv.)

... spite of the reputed failure of the lemon crop, there are ... sons who will ... ght on picking ... lemons.

CONTRACT FOR OPERA TO BE CLOSED SOON

Musical Association Expects to Complete Negotiations for Season This Week.

The contract for Atlanta's fourth season of grand opera by the Metropolitan company, of New York, will probably be signed within the next week.

Otto Kahn, famous banker, who is chairman of the board of directors of the company, lands in New York this week, returning from Europe, and the one slight hitch which has held up the formal conclusion of negotiations so far will be promptly eliminated, expect the directors of the local association. Victor L. Smith, a former Atlantan, who retains his position as director of the Atlanta association, is acting for them.

Mr. Kahn is "Atlanta's friend," according to himself and to the association directors. He is enthusiastically in favor of the annual season here, purely because of the cultural benefits to the country as a whole. When he was here last April he said that "Atlanta can have opera by the Metropolitan company as long as she shows she wants it by giving the proper support."

The season this year will be a repetition of the week of opera in 1912, as a longer period has been deemed inadvisable. Seven operas will be sung, none of which have been presented by the company here in the past. The selections will adequately represent the range of operatic music, from the classical to the modern, with Wagner and French and Italian composers included.

The announcement of dates and the repertoire is being awaited with eagerness by music lovers from the Potomac to the gulf, and as far west as Texas, who yearly come to Atlanta as the only town in the United States outside of New York which has its opera season by the greatest musical organization in the world.

NEGRO CARRIED ON A COT TO PAY DEATH SENTENCE

Jackson, Miss., February 9.—Seymour Arnold, the negro condemned to be hanged Monday at Collins, Miss., for the murder of William Lowery and W. T. Johns, will have to be carried to the gallows on a cot. When captured by a posse several weeks ago it was found that a bullet had lodged near his spine, causing complete paralysis of the lower portion of the body. He was carried to Collins today on a cot.

MRS. O. H. JONES' MOTHER DIES IN LAFAYETTE, ALA.

Lafayette, Ala., February 9.—(Special.)—Mrs. Elfie Belgart, mother of Mrs. O. H. Jones, of Atlanta, died here at noon today. The burial will occur at Hayneville, Ala., on Tuesday morning.

Besides Mrs. Jones the deceased is survived by one other daughter. Mr. Jones is coming from Atlanta for the funeral.

600 PERSONS MADE ILL BY EATING CHICKEN PIE

Duluth, Minn., February 9.—As a result of eating chicken pie at a church supper here last Tuesday between 500 and 600 persons were made ill. The chicken pie had been prepared early, and was allowed to stand several hours in tins. It is believed that a small amount of poison was thus absorbed.

Berrien Teachers Meet.

Nashville, Ga., February 9.—(Special.)—The teachers of Berrien county held their monthly session here yesterday. County School Commissioner W. G. Avera presided. The institute was well attended.

NO CHANCE FOR POOR IN COURT WITH RICH

Fundamental Reforms in Modern Court System Advocated by Dr. Ogden.

That the poor and the friendless do not have a fair chance when pitted against the rich in the modern courts was the declaration made by Dr. Dunbar Ogden Sunday morning in speaking on "The Wheels of Justice." The address was the third in his series on "Social Messages of the Bible," and was heard by an interested audience that filled the Central Presbyterian church.

Dr. Ogden declared that there were five fundamental principles in Israel's judicial institutions that the modern world would do well to hearken to, and incorporate in the system of the present day—first, the responsibility of the state when crime is committed by unknown parties and the blame cannot be placed on individuals; second, the personal qualifications of purity and character in every judge, whether small or powerful; third, the prohibition of class distinction or special privileges to the rich; fourth, the prompt administration of justice; and fifth, the adaptation of the penalty to the offense.

"In one year in England there were committed 318 homicides, for which there were 151 convictions and 167 unknown slayers," said Dr. Ogden. "In Germany there were 567 homicides to 476 convictions. In the United States there were 9,212 homicides and only 160 convictions for that offense—9,052 slayers unpunished! Is not our community responsible to God for these unexpiated crimes?"

CHARTER COMMITTEE TO MEET WEDNESDAY

Little Likelihood of Any Change Being Made in Draft Made by the Subcommittee.

The committee of seven, composed of Aldermen John E. McClelland and John S. Candler, Councilman W. G. Humphrey and Charles T. Hopkins, John R. Welch, A. Frank Liebman and Wilmer L. Moore, will meet Wednesday afternoon to take up the new charter as drafted by the committee of three.

Mayor Woodward said the meeing of council, Monday afternoon, would interfere with the committee and for that reason he decided to ask the committee to met on Wednesday.

The committee has been furnished with copies of the charter as drafted, and there seems little liklihood of any changes being made. The committee will refer the charter back to the original charter committee just as soon as possible, and it will then go to the general council.

Mayor Woodward said that he would call the committee together to discuss any suggestions that might be offered to make the charter stronger. He says there is not a possibility of it being railroaded to the general assembly.

"I want the people to have as much say as they choose in the making of the charter," the mayor says.

BESTED HURRICANE ONLY TO BE WRECKED

Pathetic Message Left Wife by Mate of Cartagena Telling of Vessel's Misfortune.

Mobile, Ala., February 9.—The two-masted schooner Cartagna, 198 tons, which was reported lost in the November, 1912, hurricane, off the Cayman Islands, rode safely through this storm only to be run down and sunk by an unidentified steamer, according to a story brought to Mobile Saturday. Ten lives are said to have been lost.

A note hastily penciled on a wall of the deck house of the Cartagena picked up among other wreckage on the shores of the Island of Bonaco, off the Spanish Honduran coast, tells of the destruction of the vessel. It was the last message of the Cartagena's mate, Herbert Wood, to his wife, a resident of the Cayman Islnads.

"Beloved wife," it says, "The Cartagena lived through the hurricane, but a steamer has wrecked us. God pity us all. We are lost. Do not weep for me. HERBERT."

The wreckage of the Cartagena's deck house was sent from Bonaco to the Isle of Rustan, where lives Captain John D. Hunter, a native of the Cayman Islands and a relative of several of the men lost on the Cartagena. Captain Hunter sent it to Little Gayman, the home of Mrs. Herbert Wood, as well as the surviving relatives of Captain Scott and the others lost.

About the same time the wreckage of the Cartagena's deck house was picked up at Bonaco, a portion of the vessel's stern was washed ashore at Hog Island, also near the Honduran coast.

The Cartagena was one of several Cayman vessels that did not return to port after the terrific Jamacian hurricane of November. The Georgiana, with fourteen souls aboard, is another schooner which has not been heard from since the storm.

Maxwell House Blend

a coffee of such exhilarating and palate tickling flavor that it makes you thankful for life and good living.

Sealed cans at grocers

Cheek-Neal Coffee Co.
Nashville
Houston
Jacksonville



Hoarseness

is often caused by poisonous catarrh germs dropping down from the nose. Kondon's, the original and genuine Catarrhal Jelly quickly soothes the inflamed tissues and heals the raw places. Don't delay! Now is the time to get Kondon's. Sold by 35,000 druggists everywhere. 25c and 50c sanitary tubes. Sample FREE from us now.

London Mfg. Company, Minneapolis, Minn.

KONDON'S CATARRHAL JELLY

ECZEMA

One of the Most Stubborn and Annoying of All Skin Troubles, Now Being Eradicated by Sulfosol.

To cure Eczema, purify your blood. This can be done by the use of the one great remedy for the blood—sulphur. Foremost among the wonderful medical discoveries of late years is SULFOSOL, the purest of sulphur and soluble in water.

SULFOSOL is a boon to those who suffer from Eczema, Rheumatism, Gout or other forms of blood taints and skin diseases. Get SULFOSOL of your nearest druggist or write to Sulfosol Co., 215 Washington St., New York, for free book on Rheumatism, Blood and Skin Diseases and the successful use of SULFOSOL in their treatment.

Modern Expert Dentistry at Reasonable Prices

$5



Crown and Bridge Work $4
Set of Teeth . . $5

All other dental work at prices that will please. Plates made and delivered same day.

Dr. E. G. Griffin's Gate City Dental Rooms

24½ WHITEHALL STREET.

Bell Phone 1708. Hours: 8 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sunday, 9 a. m. to 1 p. m.

CHILDREN

This is one subject on which all people agree
They must have fresh air
They must have playgrounds
They should have the happiest surroundings

COMPLETED ANSLEY PARK CONTAINS 96 LOTS. HALF OF THESE HAVE BEEN SOLD, WITH ALL THESE INNOVATIONS.

There will be not only 96 people who will want these lots, but many 96's will want to buy them from the first purchasers!

From an investment standpoint the most unusual situation is presented here. The Atlanta Athletic Club is tremendously popular with its members and thousands of guests, because of its splendid Golf Links, Tennis Courts and Good Fellowship.

Ansley Park will have all these advantages. ONLY they will be right at your front door.

1st. Every lot faces a Park.

2nd. They are three miles nearer town than Buckhead.

3rd. The price per front foot is lower than Buckhead prices.

4th. While only 3½ miles from the center of the city—the general outlook is that of a country estate or formal garden.

5th. The terms are the most unusual ever offered on high-class residence lots: 10% DOWN AND $25.00 PER MONTH.

6th. Prices range from $20.00 to $75.00 per front foot.

If the first values in Ansley Park increased 1,123% in 8 years—how much profit will you have on such a proposition as we are offering in half the time?

Where are the 12,000 new 1913 citizens going to live?

Let us show you the property. You will buy it at sight.

EDWIN P. ANSLEY

REAL ESTATE

Ivy 1600 Realty Trust Building Atlanta 363

THE CONSTITUTION

Published Daily, Sunday, Tri-Weekly

CLARK HOWELL,
Editor and General Manager.
W. L. HALSTEAD,
Business Manager.

Directors: Clark Howell, Roby Robinson, Albert Howell, Jr., E. R. Black, H. W. Grady.

Established 1868.

Entered at the postoffice at Atlanta as second-class mail matter.

POSTAGE RATES:
United States and Mexico.

10 to 12-page paper	1c
12 to 24-page paper	2c
24 to 36-page paper	3c
36 to 56-page paper	5c

ATLANTA, GA., February 10, 1913.

SUBSCRIPTIONS BY MAIL.
(Payable invariably in Advance.)

	Daily and Sunday.	Daily Only.
12 months	$6.00	$4.00
6 months	3.25	2.25
1 month	.60	.50
SUNDAY—Six month, $1.25; 12 months		$2.00
TRI-WEEKLY one year		1.00
DAILY AND SUNDAY, by carrier delivered per week in Atlanta		12c
Per month		55c
Outside of Atlanta, per week		14c
Per month		60c

J. R. HOLLIDAY, Constitution Building, sole Advertising Manager for all territory outside of Atlanta.

The address of the Washington Bureau of The Constitution is No. 1727 S street, N. W., Mr. John Corrigan, Jr., staff correspondent, in charge.

THE CONSTITUTION is on sale in New York city by 2 p. m. the day after issue. It can be had at Hotaling's Newsstands, Broadway and Forty-second street (Times building corner), Thirty-eighth street and Broadway and Twenty-ninth street and Broadway.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.
Our traveling representative is D. I. CROWLEY. Be sure that you do not pay anyone else.

Not responsible for advanced payments made to out-of-town local carrier, dealer or agent.

BLUE-PRINTING ATLANTA.

Atlantans who attended the lecture of Charles W. Leavitt, Jr., at Taft Hall Saturday evening came away with clear-cut conviction of the profit and practicability of building cities by the carefully-thought-out blue-print method rather than by the scatter-bore process that still obtains in Atlanta. Mr. Leavitt, who is one of the most prominent landscape engineers in the country and who visited Atlanta on the invitation of the Atlanta Improvement commission, took his audience upon the top of the high mountain of imagination, figuratively speaking, and showed them the promised land of a city beautiful and a city practical that would be the reward of systematic rather than of haphazard planning.

The moment is psychological for sounding a note of this nature in Atlanta. Every progressive influence in the city is at attention upon matters civic. We are, each day, realizing more keenly the folly and the cost of our old practice of building streets and structures and laying out improvements generally with an eye only to the minute. We are seeing the wisdom of the world's great cities, such as those instanced by Mr. Leavitt, in first surveying their needs and their probable destiny, painstakingly preparing to meet both, then making each stroke, every dollar of expenditure count toward the completion of the plan.

As Mr. Leavitt showed, and as has time and again been demonstrated in Atlanta, it is simple extravagance to enter upon any municipal improvement that does not contemplate growth and a finished design. Cities that are not dead expand. Expansion brings the need for rehabilitation and remodeling, and if the original plan has not made allowance for such conditions the old effete facilities must be replaced at twice or three times the cost that would have been entailed had the plan contemplated such exigencies in the first instance.

Public sentiment in Atlanta has been industriously educated in this direction within the past few years. We may now be said to have emerged from that stage and entered upon one justifying definite, concrete action for which the way has been paved. To this end the Atlanta Improvement association, comprised of representative citizens and indorsed both by the city council and chamber of commerce, was organized. The city has been passed under the microscope by several of the nation's most eminent specialists. The data for blue-printing Atlanta's growth for a century ahead is at hand. That does not mean that a city plan, which may be worked out with the co-operation of all elements, will be executed to the last detail in five years or ten years. It does mean that every dollar spent, every chisel-print carved, will be with a foreordained, spacious and permanent end in view, not spent futilely or largely wasted as at present. The sooner Atlanta puts into effect the blue-print method the better for economy, efficiency, beauty and the prosperity of today and tomorrow.

AN INDUSTRIAL BUREAU.

It is to be hoped the business interests generally of the city will rally to the plan of President Wilmer L. Moore, of the chamber of commerce, to signalize the current year by the establishment of an industrial bureau as an adjunct to the chamber's work. Other features of that organization's program are excellent and progressive. Already the chamber has demonstrated the right to appeal to every boosting Atlantan for membership and co-operation. But so intimately intertwined with the welfare of the city is the creation of an industrial bureau that it may be said almost to take precedence of the other ambitious plans of the organization.

The best industrial and economic authorities are agreed that diversification in manufactures is indispensable for the city that would become truly great. Other activities in Atlanta, such as those touching the mercantile, jobbing and corporate field, have been pushed and are flourishing. Manufacturing proper has also received a good start. The city's annual trade sheets and the manufacturers' exposition of last summer established that fact.

But the strategic location of the city, its command of power, of crude materials of every nature and its accessibility to points of domestic and international shipment, justify the expectation that Atlanta should become the foremost, or one of the foremost, industrial centers of the southern states. As The Constitution recently pointed out, the cream of the Panama world trade will go, not to those southern cities that are depending almost solely upon their terminal facilities, but to the ones that produce for through shipments those articles for which the opening of the canal will create a broad demand.

In the interval between the present and the inauguration of the canal Atlanta has a breathing-space in which to prepare to reap, not only a lavish share of international trade, but southern and national business as well. The quickest way to increase the population, the pay rolls, and the aggregate wealth of this city is in the building up of diversified manufactures. That is the end to which the industrial bureau of the chamber will specifically direct its endeavors.

A SHATTERED BOGIE.

A leading New York banking house has, according to The Philadelphia Press, been taking a census of representative American business men touching their views as to the effect of tariff revision. Everywhere it unearths a uniform refusal to wax gloomy or distrustful over whatever may happen to commerce and industry as a result of slicing the schedules. Hope and good spirit is prevalent, save in those narrow and restricted circles where dwell the business Bourbons.

Business and public sentiment is very like a mettlesome horse where it comes to facing change. Drive the thoroughbred along a dim road and he is apt to jump almost out of the craces at a paper waving in the wind or some fancied ghost in the pathway. Lead him closer to the obstruction and he quickly recovers his serenity as he discovers its harmless nature. The simile applies to a noticeable extent between business and tariff revision, aided, of course, by other influences. When business men were a long way off from revision and had not analyzed its effects closely, they were inclined to be nervous and eloquent with forebodings. Now they know the folly of that apprehension and are complacently preparing to adjust themselves to changed conditions.

The tariff bogie has, indeed, been thoroughly shattered by the events of the past three years. In the first place, those agencies due to be immediately affected by revision some time ago became convinced that, willing or otherwise, they would have to submit to a lowering of the tariff walls. They read that verdict in the growing dissatisfaction of the nation and the repeated repudiation of the faithless republican party. It was known as a certainty, for instance, that democratic victory meant tariff revision and as long ago as last September it was assured that nothing could prevent a democratic victory.

Yet despite the calamity howlers of the campaign business prospered and thrived right up to the day of the election. Since then the ways and means committee has held its hearings on the various schedules, and business has not lost its forward stride. The amazing spectacle is even presented of men who formerly enjoyed the highest form of protection not only admitting that reductions would not damage them, but, in some cases, positively recommending reductions.

All this means that when the new tariff becomes a law, probably next summer, possible mischief effects will long ago have been discounted, and business will proceed unconcerned along its accustomed way.

BINDING THE CONTINENTS.

Andrew Carnegie told the Pan-American railway committee the other day that a railway uniting the two continents and running their length would be a material influence for peace on this hemisphere. It would be that, and more. Affording better facilities for communication, it would quicken trade relations from Canada to the farthest civilized tip of South America and dispel the diplomatic misunderstandings which now militate against this country's securing its quota of business in the nations to the south of us.

In Central America, an eighteen-mile link of rails will complete the highway from Guatemala City to New York. Southward from Guatemala City to the Panama canal and on through into the other continent, progress is well advanced and expenditures to make a Pan-American railway a reality need not be excessively heavy.

It would be a singular coincidence if the continents were severed by the Panama canal only to be united, in the commercial sense, by an inter-continental highway. Nor would the latter project in the least interfere with the canal. On the other hand it would help the business of the canal, for the closer the rail connection between North and South America, the greater the business by both rail and water.

Suffragettes.

(From The Marietta, Ga., Courier.)

In the stupendous suffragette parade which is being planned for the day preceding the inauguration at Washington, D. C., Georgia is to be well represented. A band of several dozen women from Atlanta and other points in Georgia are preparing to go to Washington in a body and take part in the parade.

New News of Yesterday

A Nomination That Came Without the Asking.

By E. J. Edwards.

(Copyrighted, 1913, for The Constitution.)

This daily series of anecdotes and incidents that throw new, interesting and frequently dramatic light on famous events and personalities of the past have been collected by Mr. Edwards during nearly forty years of more or less intimate acquaintance with many of the country's leaders since the civil war. Each anecdote or incident is fresh from Mr. Edwards' notebook, and, either in whole or in part, it constitutes NEW NEWS OF YESTERDAY, garnered from the men who made the news—the history—or from equally authoritative sources. As important contributions of the "human interest" sort to American history, these articles have a distinctive value all their own.



E. J. Edwards.

Some time in March, 1896, I was informed that there was only one contingency that would prevent the nomination at the St. Louis national republican convention of William McKinley for president of the United States and of Thomas Brackett Reed for vice president. That contingency, I was told, was the refusal of Mr. Reed to accept a nomination for vice president.

At that time the late Thomas C. Platt, who was then the leader of the New York state republican organization, was, or professed to be, strongly in favor of the nomination of Mr. Reed for the presidency. Mr. Platt professed to believe that McKinley's record as a friend of silver, although made at a time when a great majority of the members of the lower house of congress were friendly to silver, would make him an unacceptable candidate for the presidency to the great body of the republicans of the east. On the other hand Speaker Reed's record as an opponent to the enlarged use of silver in our currency was a consistent one.

It had always been the belief of the abler politicians that Mr. Platt had other reasons than those relating to Mr. Reed's record upon silver for earnestly supporting Reed's nomination for the presidency.

"Suppose," I asked, "the contingency actually arises, McKinley is nominated for president, and Speaker Reed refuses to allow his name to go before the convention as a candidate for vice president—who then will be nominated for vice president?"

I was talking to one of the leading financial powers of the United States, a man sensitive about the appearance of his name in public print. It was with the understanding that I would not quote him in anything that I might write about the vice presidential nomination that he consented to tell me what the real "game of empire," as it was illustrated by republican politics in 1896, was.

"The ticket that will be nominated in St. Louis will, I have good reasons for knowing, not be McKinley and Reed, but it will be McKinley and Hobart—Garrett A. Hobart, of New Jersey," he said. "It is high time that a first-class business man be nominated for vice president. Hobart has that qualification. Futhermore, he is the most popular man in New Jersey, and he is just the kind of man to whom McKinley would give unbounded confidence.

"Now, I will tell you a curious thing. Hobart was told recently that he would in all probability be republican candidate for vice president on the ticket with William McKinley.

"'Not if I know it,' Mr. Hobart replied.

"He was asked why he felt that way. He replied: 'To be vice president of the United States is a very great honor. No man can afford to take that office whose entire conduct of life has not been absolutely honorable. Now it would not be honorable for me to permit the use of my name in that connection because I am strongly convinced that the republican who should be nominated for vice president is Speaker Reed. That would be a splendid ticket—William McKinley for president and Thomas B. Reed for vice president.'

"'But suppose Reed will not have it? His friends say that it is either the presidency or speedy retirement to private life with him.'

"'He will have to take it, if he is nominated unanimously,' Hobart replied.

"Now," continued my informant, "Hobart was lulling himself into security because he thinks Tom Reed will be nominated for vice president. He will find, however, before the convention meets that Reed would not consent to go before the convention as a candidate for vice president. I think Hobart will be nominated without the expenditure of a dollar or the exaction of a pledge from him."

It afterward developed that this prediction was accurate. Mr. Hobart stated after his nomination that it had cost him not one cent or a single pledge, nor had he ever by one word asked any one to aid him in securing that nomination.

Tomorrow Mr. Edwards will relate "An Instance of McKinley's Shrewdness in Political Affairs."

Character Cameos

By Robert V. Carr

Do you know anyone like this?

Type No. 101.—Ex-convict. Age 65. Captured after terrific fight in western territory. An outlaw of the old west. Head, large and well-shaped. Perceptive faculties strong. Jaw, wide at base. Nose, hooked. Nostrils, wide, sensitive. Lips, thin. Natural expression, fierce and intense. Eyes, dark, and holding a curious light—a light rather disconcerting to the ordinary individual. Shows few signs of age. Hair, black and heavy. Mustache, however, touched with gray. Walk, the dragging gait of one who has spent a life-time in the saddle. Weight, 160 pounds of bone and muscle. Body covered with scars—mementoes of desperate fights. Voice, soft and gentle. Although at one time a stage robber and horse thief, now absolutely honest. Always keeps his word. Kind husband and father. Attends strictly to his own affairs, yet very considerate of his friends and neighbors. Unselfish and generous to a marked degree. Asks no favors, never intrudes, and is always polite. Dignified and taciturn as a Sioux chief. Once your friend, always your friend; once your enemy, nothing can change him.

Comment.—Had he started right 50 years ago, No. 101 would be able to write after his name: major general, retired, U. S. army. Instead, he now works by the [illegible]

William Henry Harrison

By GEORGE FITCH,
Author of "At Good Old Siwash."

(Copyrighted, 1913, for The Constitution.)

William Henry Harrison was one of the most successful of all the eminent gentlemen throughout history who came back.

In 1828, after a long and honorable public career, he retired from service at the age of 55 to devote his old age to the purchase of shoes, food and college educations for his extensive family. For twelve years he remained a private citizen, after which he came back at the age of 67 and was elected president of the United States.

This was a great feat in itself, but in 1888, when William Henry returned to the white house once more in the shape of a grandson, the world rose up again and admitted unanimously that he was king of comebackers.

William Henry Harrison was born in Virginia in 1773. He had a good start, his father having been one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. He attended college and fought Indians for amusement during his youth. The supply of red men running out he migrated to Ohio and, after waiting patiently about until he reached the constitutional age, he went to congress as territorial delegate from Ohio.

A little later Harrison was made superintendent of Indian affairs. He superintended with great vigor and success, using the soft, sweet words peculiar to diplomacy whenever possible and the swift, devastating sabre swat in other cases. In 1811 he secured extensive peace among the Indians by eradicating them at the battle of Tippecanoe. He afterwards used his peculiar style of military argument on the British and lammed them all over the northwest with the greatest eloquence, becoming a major-general during the operation.

After the war Harrison retired to a life of peace in the house of representatives and the senate. He raised 10 children and had begun the accumulation of a vast collection of grandchildren when, at the age of 67, he was called to lead the whig campaign. He did this with such vigor that the nation swarmed with log cabins and swam in hard cider all fall and the next spring he was inaugurated president—the first president to come from west of Virginia and north of the Ohio river.

Harrison was the oldest president inaugurated then or since and the office holders



"The hungry horde of politicians descended on him."

should have had some mercy on him, but they didn't. He had fought Indians with impunity all his life, but one month after the hungry horde of politicians descended on him he gave up and died with thankfulness. His successful early life and sad fate have, together, prevented many an American boy from seeking the presidency and has sent him out to Keokuk, Iowa, or beyond to hunt Indians as a life work instead.

A City Within a City.

(From The Wall Street Journal.)

On the opening of all the main portions of the Grand Central terminal, on Sunday, the temporary station on Lexington avenue, beneath the old Grand Central palace, will be closed, and within a day or two the work of tearing down that ancient structure will be begun. As soon as the site has been cleared construction of the southern portion of the office building, the last "bite" of the railroad terminal proper will go forward. This will complete the office building solidly from Forty-third to Forty-fifth streets. At its north end it is connected by housed bridges above the ground floor with the north end of the station building, which also consists of railroad offices.

Aside from the office building only the incoming terminal under the Biltmore hotel, now being erected, the elevated street around the station building and the viaduct across Forty-second street have yet to be completed. As far as the traveling public is concerned, these will not be greatly missed, though the incoming terminal and the loop tracks proceeding from it are necessary to realize the full train capacity of 200 per hour, and the elevated street on the east side is required for the complete accommodation of vehicular traffic to and from the terminal. North and southbound traffic on Park avenue will pass around on the west elevated street only.

Of the estimated cost of the terminal and its transportation appurtenances of $90,000,000, approximately $81,000,000 has been paid out. This consists, roughly of the following items: Cost of the ground, $22,000,000; terminal improvements to date, $30,000,000; electrification of lines within the electric zone, $16,000,000; grade separation, realignment and other improvements connected with electrification, $13,000,000. Completion of the office building, the viaduct and the loop tracks and work done but not yet paid for will increase this total to about the amount of the estimate. Moreover, a portion of the cost of both the Biltmore and the hotel to be erected at Forty-second street and Lexington avenue, where the old hospital building now stands, will have to be charged to the railroad terminal, as the incoming station will partly underlie the Biltmore and the loop tracks will cut under one corner of the other hotel.

These figures are of total cost from the beginning of the terminal, not simply of the substitution of the new terminal for the old. The ground included in the old terminal was carried on the company's books at approximately $8,000,000 and the building at $2,500,000. When the old building was torn down this latter amount was charged off to profit and loss, that is, taken out of the company's capitalization.

In the more remote future the revenue to be derived from rentable buildings to be erected over the yards will come in to offset, largely if not wholly, the interest cost of what is now undoubtedly one of the country's two most luxurious railroad stations. Already the Adams Express building and the new Grand Central palace have begun to contribute toward this end. The Biltmore hotel will come next, and after it the United cigar stores building at Forty-second street and Vanderbilt avenue, the Yale club and the projected commercial hotel on Lexington avenue. It may take ten years to show the world such a curiosity as a self-sustaining big city passenger terminal, but the interest on $90,000,000 or $100,000,000 is worth the attempt.

The World's Mysteries



WAS RICHARD REALLY "LION-HEARTED?"

Was Richard I. of England really entitled to the name of "Coeur de Lion," or "The Lion-Hearted?" This is very often questioned today in view of the change in judgment that the modern world takes upon those in power in the past. If he were a ruler today he would not pass for a hero, but would rather be put down as a ruffian. There is very little in either his life or during his reign that is to be commended, and it was no doubt due to his own arrogance that the chroniclers of his period threw about him so much glory, so much credit and such a halo of praise for his bravery.

It is one of the singular mysteries of history how this man came to be so much lauded, for the story of his reign is filled with the most villainous atrocities. Instead of Richard the Lion-Hearted, according to our modern ideas, he should be called Richard the Ruffian. And yet he has been enthusiastically praised by both poets and novelists for virtues which he never dreamed of possessing. Shakespeare says of him:

"Yet looks he like a King; behold his eye,
As bright as is the eagle's, lightens forth
Controlling majesty."

Richard no doubt possesses the "eagle eye," but always for his own aggrandizement, and it seems to have been hypnotic, if we are to judge of the many good things that have been unnecessarily written about this very bad ruler.

In the first place, when he was only a boy of fifteen he joined in a rebellion against his father. But when this rebellion failed the good parent took the son in his arms and fully forgave him. He was repaid for his parental affection by having the son turn against him ten years later, and by joining hands with the French king forced Henry II. to sign a peace treaty. This humiliation, and at the hands of a son whom he loved, was too much for the old monarch, and two days after the signing he died of a broken heart.

Richard had spent most of his time in France, and could not speak the English language when he ascended the throne. No sooner had he taken possession than he wrung from the English nation large sums of money and kept them constantly at warfare. When they rebelled and there were murmurings against the murderer-king, Richard took upon himself the task of trying to win their favor by repentance, and added deceit to his other crimes by almost daily visiting the grave of his dead father and weeping in maudlin fashion.

He had not ruled two months before he joined in the crusade to win back the Holy Land from the Saracens. This venture would require a great amount of money, and the English nation was impoverished. But that made little difference to him, so he at once began overtaxing the people, and sold back England's rulership of Scotland which his father had won by hard fighting.

But Richard cared little, and after having done all the harm he could he started for the Holy Land. There were other nations interested in the project and, strange as it may seem, of the many chiefs in the various crusades, none, perhaps, won as much fame as Richard, and with so little justification. He accomplished nothing beside the capture of one Saracen city. This city was Acre, and when the terms of its surrender were not fulfilled to his liking, he retaliated by massacreing 2,700 helpless Saracen prisoners whom he had captured.

He won his title of "The Lion Heart" from certain deeds of ferocious courage in Palestine, and yet it was largely his fault that the leaders quarreled among themselves and failed to conquer the Holy City. When he gave up the idea of the crusade, and decided to return home, he was shipwrecked and was captured and imprisoned by Archduke Leopold, of Austria. He was turned over to the German emperor, and lay in prison for months, and bought his freedom only by betraying his people in swearing to hold the English throne as a mere servant of the emperor. This is hardly the act of a "Coeur de Lion." Many other English kings would be entitled in full right to get this honorable nickname, but surely not Richard I.

During his entire reign of ten years Richard had spent only four months in his own country, which he had completely impoverished and had done nothing for it in return. It is a mystery how for so many centuries the great English writers have insisted that Richard was the "Lion Heart" instead of one of the worst ruffians that has ever sat on the English throne.

Tomorrow—"The South Sea Bubble."

FROM THE DEEPS

By Sam W. Small.

Seems queer, doesn't it—this writing of a letter to you from down here, 125 feet below the level of the sea! I am doing that, for a fact. And I am not down in a coal mine, or any other mine, but sitting by an open window looking out upon a magnificent mountain-rimmed valley, bathed in sunshine and booming with crops threaded by irrigation ditches luscious with life-giving water.

Where am I at?

Why, down here in the Imperial valley, in southeastern California, in a huge basin that runs down to the Salton sea, whose surface is 265 feet below the level of the Pacific ocean, 200 miles further west.

Here in a bunch are over 500,000 acres of the finest irrigable land in the world, with two-thirds of them reclaimed to profitable culture within the last ten years. Before that time it was as God-forsaken a looking country as the heart of the Desert of Sahara, but with plenty of water turned upon it it becomes cultivable and productive as perhaps was the original garden east of Eden.

But to get the water these indomitable and adventurous pioneers had to go 50 miles east to the Colorado river and build canals, and, then, for domestic drinking and washing waters, bore down due south of the surface some 700 to 1,000 feet—but they got the fluids!

Splendid water systems have been put into operation for distributing the supplies and by proper leveling, bordering and ditching almost any of this vast basin is made sure of abundant crops, including wonderful yields of alfalfa, corn, melons, fruits, truck and cotton.

Cotton! Sure as you live, they are planting and gathering cotton down here in increasing acreage annually, with phenomenal yields and a plutocratic price.

It looked mighty like "home" to drop down from the weird and wasted desert inside of an hour by train, into these freshbuilt, half-canvas and half-concrete towns and see cotton compresses, oil mills and yards full of smartly-baled long staple cotton staring you in the face. Honestly, at first, it looked foreign, abnormal and uncanny.

There are Texans, Georgians, Oklahomans and other southerners out here who quickly recognized the conditions favorable for cotton raising. They began to experiment with seed from back home, and obtained fair results with the short staple product, averaging a net return of $20 per acre to the grower.

The United States department of agriculture took note of the new culture, and stepped in with some scientific experiments, with the result that this valley was pronounced one of the best-known districts on the globe for growing long staple cotton. Those planters who have followed the government experts, rooting out their short staple plants and selecting proper seed, are growing splendid crops of long bender cotton, and getting net returns all the way from $30 to $60 per acre.

There are many of these "cotton patches," 80 to 250 acres in size, that are yielding one and a half, but more frequently two bales, to the acre. And the price they get for the staple averages around 20 cents per pound.

Around here there are some 1,700 acres in cotton, easily cultivated with modern, labor-saving implements, worked in the field and picked by Hindoo laborers, of whom there are plenty to meet demands at cheap wages.

Both this district and that of Arizona, where Egyptian cotton is grown, are limited in area and by the irrigation supplies, but those who are able to engage in the culture of the staple are assured of constant prosperity.

So fully recognized is this industry as a permanent and growing asset of the valley that they have an admirable "King Cotton Hotel" here in Imperial City that is quite worthy, by reason of its use of cottolene, cotton seed "olive oil" and butter with a ginnery flavor to be named after the old southern monarch.

Also, down here "below the level" they have a great money-making industry in the growing of hogs. You would think that in a land where the mercury in August goes above the 130 degree mark a hog, even, would have small chance of saving his hair from being scorched off. But the fact remains that these alfalfa fields are the finest hog pastures on the planet, and they thrive here wonderfully—a single acre of alfalfa yielding eight crops a year, producing an average of $200 worth of pork. The coast packers pay from 6 to 10 per cent more for the valley hogs than for those shipped in from states farther east.

Allee samee, I am not enamored of the land and its possibilities—neither converted to its cotton nor honing for its hogs. A land where for several months you can set your cookstove out in the open yard and cook your dinner upon it without building a fire on, in, under, or anywhere in sight of it, is too near to that other "land that is firier than this" to be winsome to your Uncle Samuel!

The Old Red Hills of Georgia, with a bite of razor-back ham and a handful of lye-hominy will about stand for the suburbs of heaven to me in my last laps on this old earth!

RESPONSIBILITY

By George Matthew Adams.

(Copyrighted, 1913, for The Constitution.)

A great man by the name of Ansalus de Insulis—remember the name—once wrote these wonderful words: "Learn as if you were to live forever; live as if you were to die tomorrow."

Be Responsible, first, to Yourself.

Responsibility is one thing that all must face and that none can escape. It starts with the baby in the cradle. It ends—it never ends! For the Responsibility of a man goes on even after his work in the flesh is over. A man performs a great deed. It lives in printed pages and goes on in its influence as long as there is any life in the world at all.

Be Responsible, first, to Yourself.

Individual Responsibility! It's the thing that makes the Man. Without it there is no Man. Bear in mind, you who must realize Responsibility to your Employer, or to your Friend, or to your Home—your first Responsibility is to Yourself. And if you are weak and false to yourself—if you wabble in bearing the things that mean your very life and Success—you are already a Failure.

Be Responsible, first, to Yourself.

Then FEEL your Responsibility. No one is useless who believes that some things depend upon him alone. You who read this little preachment, take it to heart. Be unafraid of at least attempting larger things. Convince your own self that you have worth and can prove it—and the tasks of big moment will take care of you and lift you into importance and affluence—the gifts of having the courage to take Responsibility and shoulder it. But, remember to—

Be Responsible, first, to Yourself.

Better.

(From The Athens, Ga., Banner.)

Athens has a skyscraper of eight stories now going up. Atlanta, not to be outdone, is planning now to erect a twenty-four story office building. Good works provoke to better works.

Stirring.

(From The Darien, Ga., Gazette.)

Mayor Woodward is stirring up the animals all right. He has gotten down to business, and is making Atlanta a good mayor.

FRAUD CHARGED IN RECLAMATION

Congress Committee Wants High Government Officials Removed—Money Asked for Thorough Probe of Charges.

Washington, February 9.—Charges of incompetence and maladministration of the reclamation service are made, and an appropriation of $25,000 is requested for a congressional inquiry that will deal broadly with reclamation projects in a report which will be sent to the house tomorrow by the committee on interior department expenditures.

The report recommends during the pendency of the proposed inquiry the "removal from office" of assistant secretary of the interior, Samuel Adams and F. H. Newell and L. C. Hill, director and supervising engineer, respectively, of the reclamation service.

Interior department officials, including Director Newell, tonight flatly denied the allegations in the printed report, which is unsigned, but was given out by the committee with the statement that Representative Hensley, of Missouri, would present it tomorrow. Mr. Hensley is chairman of a subcommittee that has been investigating affairs of Indian tribes whose interests the Hensley report says "are outrageously intermingled with the affairs of the reclamation service." Other members of the subcommittee were Representative Callaway, of Texas, and Hanna, of North Dakota, since become governor.

Farmers Are Wronged.

The report charges that "Newell and his associates" discriminated against the farmers and that "the corporations operating the canals and the bondholders thereof" alone received attention from them in the Salt river project. It alleged that as the reclamation act provides that only the estimated cost of construction may be recovered by the government and the estimate of the secretary of the interior was $3,850,000 and the expenditures to date have been $10,547,396 the government loss on this project appears to be $6,747,396.

"The statement that the government will lose $6,000,000 on the Salt river project is absurd," declared Director Newell tonight. "It will collect every dollar it has invested there if the present law is not changed. As for the charges against reclamation officials any man mentioned will welcome investigation by honest and competent men. Not one charge has been made in this report but can be absolutely refuted. Probably no bureau has been investigated oftener. Its structures are among the great works of our times; its efficiency and economy of administration has received the praise of its investigators.

"It is a poor reward for faithful performance of duty to be compelled to submit to an attack so partisan and unfair as contained in this report which bears no signature. It looks like another adroit attack on conservation, the kind its friends expect with every change of administration. The report is a jumble of half truths and whole misstatements."

Corporation Given Monopoly.

The report recommends equity proceedings to cancel the government contract with the Pacific Gas and Electric company "by which this corporation is given a monopoly of the power developed at the Roosevelt dam and to institute criminal proceedings according to its judgment."

"Invasion of the water rights of the Pima and Maricopa Indians in Arizona and the despoiling of their farms;" gathering in of big tracts by the Arizona Canal company and other concerns; "stock juggling operations of canal promoters" that caused many farmers to pay several times over for every canal delivering them water; $500,000 expenditure by the reclamation service in the Gila river water area against the protest of the Indians in "work disastrous to the Indians and valuable only to land grabbers" and the resignation of W. H. Code, irrigation engineer of the Indian bureau, as soon as it became known the committee was to investigate matters, are among things charged in the report. Code formerly had been irrigation engineer for A. J. Chandler, who, the committee says, "according to testimony before us, owned a tract of 180,000 acres and defrauded the government of it of dummy entries."

JELLICO LUMP, $4.75,
PIEDMONT COAL CO.,
Both Phones M. 3648.

Sandersville Politics.

Sandersville, Ga., February 9.—(Special.)—The mayor's race is beginning to warm up. Dr. G. T. Malone, the present incumbent, will be opposed by Justice R. M. Brown, and several other names have been mentioned. Two years ago saw one of the most heated municipal campaigns ever conducted here, every registered voter casting his ballot except twelve, and this year's election promises to eclipse the last one in interest and excitement. The election will be held in about sixty days. A board of aldermen and city clerk will also be elected, or rather nominated, in the same primary.

Invest In a Diamond

You can secure a pleasant and profitable investment in diamonds.

The lowest quality has increased at an average rate of 17 1-2 per cent annually for more than ten years. Recent advice shows a 15 per cent increase in the price of uncut diamonds. This advance, however, will not affect the retail business in the United States for several months.

You can buy a diamond here on the easiest terms imaginable. We require only one-fifth cash. The balance, plus 6 per cent simple interest, can be paid in ten equal monthly payments.

Selections sent prepaid anywhere for examination.

Our catalogue and booklet, "Facts About Diamonds," contain net prices and full particulars. Call or write for these books.

Maier & Berkele, Inc.
Diamond Merchants
31-33 Whitehall St.
Established 1887

WOODMEN INSTALL NEW OFFICERS FRIDAY



The Degree Team of Atlanta Camp No. 430, W. O. W., who will assist in the public installation of the officers for the ensuing year next Friday night at their hall, 44½ East Hunter street.

Reading from left to right: First row, J. R. Carroll, D. J. Keller, V. C. Odum, Miller, J. H. Whitner, V. E. Eison, N. O. Askew, Second row, C. A. Green, M. A. Baiter, L. R. Hillyer, E. F. Fowler, Harry James, R. O. Minton, W. Troutwine. Third row, Boyce Andrew, T. Hilliard, W. E. McDonald, D. E. Dexter, S. E. McBride, C. C. Harroll.

COLUMBUS WILL HAVE BETTER WATERWORKS

New Owners Have Begun Improvements Which Will Cost About $150,000.

Columbus, Ga., February 9.—(Special.)—John B. Weakley, Eugene Fies and W. C. Hamilton, the new owners of the Columbus waterworks plant, have begun improvements on the system which will cost in all about $150,000. The property was acquired some months ago by these Birmingham capitalists and is being operated under the title of Columbus Water Supply company, which company has been duly incorporated.

The first improvement is the laying of a six-inch main through East Highlands and Wynnton.

Giddens Heads Post C.

Columbus, Ga., February 9.—(Special.)—J. M. Giddens was last night elected president of Post C of the Travelers' Protective association. The other officers are: J. Robert Duncan, first vice president; J. D. Schnell, second vice-president; Max Banner, secretary and treasurer; Dr. C. A. Dexter, surgeon; Judge S. P. Gilbert, attorney; Dr. L. R. Christie, chaplain.

Broadens Its Business.

Columbus, Ga., February 9.—(Special.)—The Jordan company, which has heretofore confined its activities to the development of its own holdings, is to engage in the general real estate business. The company is headed by G. Gunby Jordan, the Columbus financier and manufacturer, and in active charge of its affairs are R. C. Jordan, vice president, and John A. Betjeman, secretary and treasurer.

Columbus Represented.

Columbus, Ga., February 9.—(Special.)—Several Columbus laymen are in attendance upon the convention now being held in Atlanta under the auspices of the laymen's missionary movement. A similar convention is to be held here in April.

Club Room For Trainmen.

Columbus, Ga., February 9.—(Special.)—At a cost of about $6,500 the Columbus Railroad company is building a second story to its machine shop, and the addition will be used as a club room by the employees of the company. The quarters will be nicely fitted.

Teachers Name Officers.

Columbus, Ga., February 9.—(Special.)—The Muscogee County Teachers' association has organized for the year by electing the following officers: S. T. Phillips, chairman; Miss Leila Kendrick, secretary; Miss Lottie Baldwin, Mrs. W. O. Jenkins and Miss Minnie Merle David, program committee.

BIG ORDERS FOR STEEL.

Car Builders Making Liberal Purchases of Material.

New York, February 9.—Car builders placed liberal orders last week for steel bars, plates and billets, but fewer orders for rolling stock were placed. Contracts are still pending for 50,000 to 60,000 cars. Orders for motive power continue unusually large. Rail contracts were light only about 30,000 tons.

Greater activity was evident in steel building work throughout the country. Fabricating shops booked orders for about 32,000 tons. The Pennsylvania Steel company is to furnish 12,000 tons of steel for elevated railway extensions in this city and bids were submitted on Friday on 23,000 tons more. Postponed bids on 22,000 tons of steel for the isthmus of Panama will go in next Saturday.

It is understood that the orders booked by steel corporation subsidiary companies in January averaged about 40,000 tons per day and that the shipments exceeded the orders booked by about 70,000 tons. Other steel companies report heavy specifications with large shipments, but a smaller volume of new business.

Although the productions of pig iron in January established a new high record, the output by the merchant furnaces alone was less than in March and April of 1910. New business is very light. Coke again broke 25 cents to 50 cents per ton.

Underwood Typewriter office can furnish high-grade stenographers. Phone Miss Hitt.

THEATERS

Aborn Grand Opera Co.

(At the Atlanta.)

The Aborn English Grand Opera company, the only American organization of its size and kind, comes to the Atlanta theater for three performances in two days, opening tonight in "The Tales of Hoffman." The other bills are "Lucia di Lammermoor" Tuesday afternoon, and "Lohengrin" Tuesday night. The present Aborn organization is larger and more pretentious than last season, including oe hundred persons in its double cast.

Keith Vaudeville.

(At the Grand.)

Miss Percy Haswell and her own company, including the popular young dramatic star, Ragen Hougston, will be the headline attraction at the Grand this week, presenting the original comedy success, "Master Willis Players." Other features on the bill will be Silvers, the famous clown; Julius Tannen, the chatterbox; Frank North and company, in "Back from Wellington;" the Four Bards, really wonderful gymnasts; the Stanleys, in an original novelty, and Golden and DeWinters, in a musical ventriloquial novelty.

Tabloid Musical Comedy.

(At the Forsyth.)

The third week of tabloid musical comedy starts Monday afternoon at the Forsyth, when the excellent company presenting "The Time, the Place and the Girl," commences an engagement of one week, three performances daily; matinee at 2:30, nights at 8 and 9:30. Those who have seen "The Isle of Spice" and Max Bloom in "The Sunny Side of Broadway," have already made permanent reservations and are mighty boosters for tabloid.

"The Rosary."

(At the Lyric.)

Those who complain about the decadence of the drama can offer no sound criticism of "The Rosary," which was the sensation of the popular-priced houses last season.

The play is handsomely staged by the producers, Rowland and Clifford, and is enacted by a powerful acting cast consisting of H. G. Keenan, Grace Reading, Oscar Grey Briggs, David Marlowe, Mabel Haven, Sallie Clute, Donna Lee, Walter Allen, Wallace Scott, Edgar Murray, Sydney Platt, Billie Champ, Herman Gaa and others.

"The Love Wager."

(At the Atlanta.)

Miss Fritzi Scheff, in a new opera, "The Love Wager," said to be her best offering in the past four or five seasons, will be seen at the Atlanta Friday and Saturday, for which seats go on sale tomorrow morning.

Miss Scheff appears as Mitizi, the fourth daughter in a Hungarian family, who makes a bet with a handsome lieutenant to induce him to marry off her three elder sisters so that she can be eligible to receive matrimonial proposals, in accordance with Hungarian custom.

Underwood Typewriters for rent. Underwood Office, 52 North Broad Street.

COTTON GOODS MARKETS

Hold Firm With a Moderate Volume of Business.

New York, February 9.—Cotton goods markets hold firm with a moderate volume of business being done in a steady way. Jobbers are making only small spot purchases. The business done for fall on cotton blankets, napped fabrics, and heavy slow weaving fabrics, has been large and many leading mills are sold up for months to come.

Firmness in print cloth markets continues. Fall River sold 160,000 pieces last week. Spots and futures trade in fine gray goods has been better. Prices on many lines are being advanced. Stark bags are paid at 22½ cents for the coming season. Many lines of dress ginghams have been advanced half a cent a yard. Other lines that have not been advanced are held at value. Tickings and denims are higher and firmer.

Jobbers are doing a healthy business and the retailers now in the market are operating conservatively in all lines. Strikes in cutting-up trades are disorganizing deliveries to some extent. Prices ruled as follows:

Print cloths 28-inch 64x64s, 4 cents; 64x60s, 3⅞c; 38½-inch 64x64s, 5¼c; southern standard sheets 8c; denims 9 ounces, 14c; tickings 8 ounces, 13¾c; prints, 5½c; staple ginghams, 6¾c; dress ginghams, 9¼c at value.

As Willie Sees It.

Willie (spying the parcel postman)—"Oh, mamma, here comes Santa Claus again!"

BISHOP JAMES M'COY PLEADS FOR MISSIONS

Methodists Urged From Many Pulpits to Raise $15,000 to Help Build Cuban Church.

Bishop James H. McCoy, of Birmingham, the youngest bishop of the Southern Methodist church, made a strong plea Sunday morning at St. Mark's church for Cuban missions, indorsing the campaign that has been started to raise $15,000 in Atlanta toward the building of a new $40,000 Methodist church in Havana. Throughout the entire city similar pleas were made by prominent Methodists, many laymen arising to speak in behalf of the Cuban needs, and the campaign was given great impetus.

"Atlanta ought to give that $15,000 as a thanks offering before breakfast tomorrow morning," said Bishop McCoy. "We give to mission work only a very small part of what we ought to give. If only every fourth member of all the Protestant churches should give one penny a week for one year in America there would be a sum raised for the advancement of Christianity more than double the total amount now given.

"Cuba is the Southern Methodist field and Porto Rico is the field of the northern Methodists. Romanism and the remnants of Spanish misrule have been repudiated by the Cubans. If the Methodists will respond properly Cuba may be saved to Christ and not drift into agnosticism, as did Japan a few years since, when the door of opportunity was opened to make Japan a Christian nation. Cuba should not be allowed to lapse into the unfortunate state in which Japan is now, and will not if the Southern Methodist church, with Atlanta leading, will do its duty at once.

"Bishop Candler, who has been in charge of the work in Havana for seventeen years, has achieved splendid results so far, and the work is now at a crisis and will go forward to great success if the new $40,000 building can be acquired."

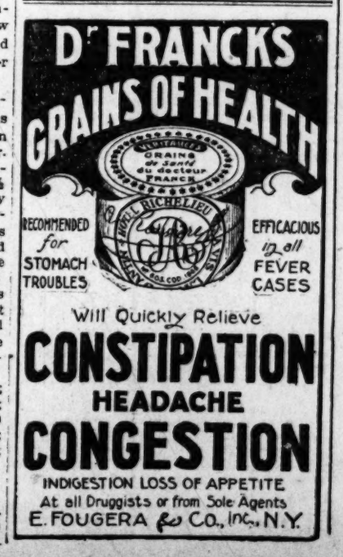
TURPENTINE AND ROSIN.

The Market Ruled Firm in Savannah Last Week.

Savannah, Ga., February 9.—Turpentine and rosin for the week were firm. Turpentine closed yesterday at 42c to 42½c, as against 42½c last Saturday. Sales for the week were 1,123. Receipts for the week were 1,712, as against 1,208 last year for the corresponding week. Shipments were 1,792, foreign 75 and domestic 1,042, against 2,071 last year. Stocks are 21,796, against last year 28,045. Stocks decreased 180 during the week.

Rosin was firm during the week, the closing prices today being for grades above I being slightly higher. Sales for the week were 7,368.

Receipts for the week were 7,557, as against 6,114 for the corresponding week last year. Shipments—domestic 2,730, foreign 1,300—were 4,030, as against 7,264 last year. Stocks are 128,086, as against 22,118 last year. Stocks decreased 5,511 during the week.



8,000 MUSIC LOVERS APPLAUD BIG CHORUS

Music Festival Directors Pleased With the Great Success of First Sunday Concert.

Eight thousand people went to the Auditorium yesterday afternoon to hear the Music Festival association's chorus and the free organ recital by Dr. Percy Starnes.

The size and appreciation of the audience certainly indicates that Atlanta is eager and waiting for a permanent chorus, which is the plan of the present aggregation, and the number and quality of the chorus itself just as certainly indicates that Atlanta is adequate and ready to furnish such an institution.

It was not the size of the chorus that counted most, however. It was the important, but not always inevitable fact about a chorus, that it could sing. Dr. Starnes conducted and his task of preparation must have been made pleasant by the sweetness of the voices he had to deal with. There was real music in the tone of every part, as was made specially plain in selections like Sir Arthur Sullivan's "Lost Chord," when tenors, basses, sopranos and altos in turn carried the burden of the music, and had thus no subterfuge. The big audience demanded a repetition of the "Lost Chord," and revelled in its delightfully obvious harmonies, its climax "with a thrill in every note."

Barnby's "Sweet and Low" was a good illustration of excellent work on the part of both conductor and chorus in repression of tone, control of volume, and the rest of the program was composed of a spirited rendition of the national hymns of Germany, Austria, England, Wales, France, and finally "Dixie," and the "Star Spangled Banner." The flag of each nation in turn was waved over the heads of the singers, and each time the "Eagle screamed;" which helped everybody's circulation and thus heightened their enjoyment.

The festival association directors and Dr. Starnes were congratulated on many scores, most notably for the very compensating quality of the work of the chorus. But scarcely less, for their wisdom in choosing comparatively simple selections, which have yet their universal appeal, as the initiative effort of the chorus; a course which must interest most quickly, most generally, and most surely, Atlanta's big element of singers, and at the same time in similar manner and degree, her big concert-going public.

Mr. Charles A. Sheldon, at the great organ, was an efficient accompanist, and Dr. Starnes' organ solos, which are heard each week with the rapt interest they deserve, was the complement of the chorus.

LOUISE DOOLY.

LEAPS OFF STREET CAR AND IS HIT BY AUTO

As W. B. Collum, auditor of the Cumberland Telephone company, swung off one trolley car to board another, he was struck by the automobile of T. M. Fincher, of 388 Spring street, yesterday morning about noon.

Mr. Fincher was driving out Peachtree street, between North and Ponce de Leon avenues. A West Fair street car was coming toward uptown. As the auto neared the trolley a passenger swung off from the steps.

He was struck by the machine and knocked down. He escaped practically unhurt, however, and managed to catch an outgoing Peachtree-to-Brookwood car for which he had left the incoming trolley.

CHICAGO WILL HEAR ATLANTAN'S SYMPHONY

Mortimer Wilson, the Atlanta composer and leader of the Philharmonic orchestra, has been honored by the choice of one of his symphonies to be played at a concert soon in Chicago by the celebrated Theodore Thomas orchestra.

Information has just reached Atlanta that Mr. Wilson's "Symphony in A Major" has been selected by Frederick A. Stock, conductor of the orchestra, and will be produced at a symphony concert some time during March.

KODAK FINISHING

You want your Kodak Finishing, developing, printing, enlarging, done EXACTLY RIGHT. We pride ourselves on delivering to you THE BEST THAT CAN BE DONE. Bring or send us your next roll and also that prized negative for enlarging. Send for price list; the prices are right.

A. K. HAWKES CO.
KODAK DEPT., 14 WHITEHALL

First see sunny California

It's U.S.A.—Your own country

The Sierras outclass the Alps. Europe has no giant redwoods and no Yosemite. The shores of the blue Pacific rival the Mediterranean. And where can you find finer resort hotels than in California?

A Santa Fe train will take you there.

The California Limited—king of the limiteds—exclusively for first-class travel—runs every day—sleeper for Grand Canyon.

Santa Fe de-Luxe—the only extra-fare flyer, Chicago and Kansas City to Los Angeles—once a week this winter—America's finest train.

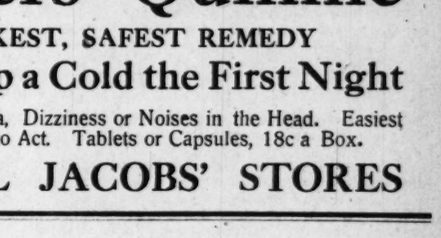
California Fast Mail—also the Los Angeles Express and San Francisco Express—three other daily trains—they carry standard Pullmans, tourist sleepers and chair cars—all classes of tickets honored.

Fred Harvey meals.

Visit Grand Canyon of Arizona en route.

Say which train you prefer. Will mail booklets.

Jno. D. Carter, Sou. Pass. Agt.,
14 N. Pryor St., Atlanta, Ga.
Phone, Main 342.



SUIT CASES

$1.00 TO $35.00

OUR OWN MAKE

ROUNTREE'S

77 Whitehall St. W. Z. TURNER, Mgr.

CATHARTIC
Dovers-Quinine
QUICKEST, SAFEST REMEDY
Breaks Up a Cold the First Night
Without Nausea, Dizziness or Noises in the Head. Easiest to Take, Quickest to Act. Tablets or Capsules, 18c a Box.
AT ALL JACOBS' STORES

USED
Piano Bargains.
Steinway at $295.—
Kranich & Bach at $69.—
a Saving on
3 Player-Pianos of 140.00
7 Player-Pianos of 180.00
Cleveland-Manning Piano Co.
80 N. Pryor St.

SOCIETY

SOCIETY DEPARTMENT. PHONE MAIN 5000.

Woman Who Has Social Graces Far From Being Superficial

SHE NEEDS TO KNOW EVERYDAY THINGS

By Isma Dooly.

There is a tendency on the part of some people to underrate what may be termed the social graces in woman. They conflict the idea of the social accomplishments with what is superficial, when in reality the woman who is careful about all the little amenities is one who is generally considerate of the feelings of people in all matters, and she is far from being superficial.

There is a difference between manners and mannerism, and the woman who is scrupulously good-mannered is the one who rarely, if ever, offends. Good manners express mental poise and a good heart, and a woman the happy possessor of these is the one who can see the good there is in others. She becomes interested in finding it out, and is therefore never snobbish.

The woman who may not be considered altogether au fait, who may not be considered as desirable as others, and upon whom the snobbish woman turns her back, may have something very interesting in her. The woman with good manners meeting her looks out for this; reaches for the best and it comes to her. She realizes that her obligation as a member of society is not to go and look up that which is always agreeable, but that she herself owes something to society—that she must do her part toward making her participation telling, and she must forget herself. The woman who can do this, who can go to the party, sit next to the man or woman who may not be bright or desirable, and still throw herself into the occasion and be agreeable, is the woman of real social grace. She can be relied upon to merge people of all elements when the moment demands, and become the leader among women, without making the slightest effort.

Must Have the Spirit Inherent.

To be socially graceful, though one may have the spirit inherent, the mind must be alert and the woman who becomes the well-defined personality must, while giving out the best she has in thought, expression and kindly acts, take in something just as continually. To be agreeable to the man who sits on her right and who is not very bright, she must on finding what his interests are be able to talk a little about them; be able to be adaptable, and to do this she can't frivol all the time.

If he is in congress she ought to know whether or not congress is in session; who the congressmen of her state are, and who the senators are, and it would not be asking too much of any woman who is abreast of the times; who goes into the world of things to know, what her senators and congressmen are doing.

Suppose, on account of her importance socially or on account of her husband's official position, she is put next to the secretary of agriculture at a dinner party in Washington, and she wants to interest him, what does she know about the work of the college of agriculture in her own state? Can she tell him any good human interest story about the agricultural train, or the Boys' Corn clubs and the Girls' Canning clubs?

Can She Tell?

Or suppose she is seated next to a gentleman from New England who is visiting the south for the first time, and he asks her what the women of Georgia do toward educational, industrial or social life. Can she tell him?

These are the little everyday things that all women should know. They are the things which can be learned by an intelligent viewpoint of world things, and those of the community in which the woman is. The woman makes a mistake and does herself an injustice, if she does not know the live things going on around her.

And there is too much neglect these days in the modern educational system which does not include more of the real accomplishments for women. They are missing the music and art and literature which formerly every finished woman kept up with.

Women need not necessarily write poetry or plays, paint pictures or sing songs to be graceful, but they can take more time to cultivate those graces that will make them the more useful to society, and make society more worthy the name.

STICK TO RELIGION, SHOUTS THE KAISER

He Warns Germans Not to Lose Faith in God—Germans Must Fear God.

Berlin, February 9.—Declaring that the Prussians were "oppressed and dismembered folk" in 1806 as a consequence of God's judgment because they had lost faith in Him, the German emperor, at a memorial service at Berlin university today, delivered a characteristic speech, warning the present generation of Germans not to forget the faith of their fathers. The emperor emphasized his words by pounding on the desk.

He asserted that the Germans of today are inclined to believe only in tangible things and to place difficulties in religion's way. They should study history, he said, and see how the Prussians regained their old faith and fought the war of liberation, whose glorious result was not man's work, but God's work.

"So," continued the emperor, "we have in the history of the past certain proof of God's guidance and that He was and still is with us. And with this teaching of the past the whole German youth can forge in its fire the tried shields of faith which must never be lacking in the armory of Germans and Prussians.

"With such weapons, looking neither to the right nor to the left, we will go our direct way, eyes uplifted and hearts uplifted with trust in God. Then we can all repeat the great chancellor's words: 'We Germans fear God and nothing else in the world.'"

A storm of applause followed the emperor's speech which was impromptu and entirely unexpected.

Admiral Vreeland Relieved.

Washington, February 9.—Rear Admiral Charles E. Vreeland has been relieved of his duties as aid for operations to the secretary of the navy and will be succeeded by Rear Admiral Bradley A. Fiske, now aid for inspections. Admiral Vreeland is relieved at his own request, as the state of his health makes it advisable to have less arduous duties. He will continue as a member of the general navy board.

Big Distillery Captured.

Nashville, Tenn., February 9.—What was probably the largest illicit distillery ever destroyed in Tennessee was captured Sunday in Lincoln county by Deputy Collector J. S. Porter, assisted by possemen. Over 3,000 gallons of incomplete whisky and a fine 150-gallon capacity outfit was captured. Three operators escaped and are now being hunted by the officers. This was the tenth outfit found in the Tennessee district in the past six days.

Coughs, Colds, Watery Eyes
CURED IN A DAY
by taking *Cheney's Expectorant*—also cures Consumption, Whooping Cough, Croup, Tickling of the Nose, Droppings in the Throat, Bronchitis, and all Throat and Lung Troubles. *Cheney's Expectorant* relieves at once. Thoroughly tested for 50 years.
DRUGGISTS 25c AND 50c

30,000 MEN FAVOR IMMEDIATE STRIKE

Unless 54 Eastern Roads Agree to Arbitrate Under the Erdman Act.

New York, February 9.—The ballots of the 30,000 firemen employed on fifty-four eastern railroads, it was announced unofficially tonight, show that 90 per cent of the men favor an immediate strike unless the conference committee of railroad managers agrees to arbitration under the federal Erdman act.

President W. S. Carter, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, arrived here today. The executive committee will meet the managers' committee on Tuesday. The result of the strike ballot will then be communicated to the managers, the demands of the firemen will be reiterated and an offer made to refer the differences to the arbitration commission under the Erdman act.

President Carter refused to discuss rumors concerning the result of the strike ballot. The railroad managers, in a statement issued tonight, reiterate more positively than ever their objection to the Erdman act arbitration.

They urge arbitration by a board of seven members, similar to that by which the demands of the engineers were settled last year.

It is reported that the railroad managers at the meeting Tuesday will ask for several days to consider their reply.



SPECIAL FOR 30 Days Only

Crowns	$3.00 and up	Porcelain Fillings at	$1.50 and up
Bridge Work	$3.00 and up	Amalg'm Fill'gs	$1.00 and up
Plates	$3.00 and up	Cement Fillings	25¢ and up
Gold Fillings	$1.00 and up	Painless extraction of Teeth	50¢ and up
Silver Fillings	$1.00 and up		
Gold Inlays	$1.50 and up		

DR. H. JENSEN DENTAL CO.
23½ Whitehall Street.

HUBBARD BROS. & CO., Cotton Merchants
HANOVER SQUARE, NEW YORK.
Members New York Cotton Exchange, New Orleans Cotton Exchange, New York Produce Exchange; associate members Liverpool Cotton Association. Orders solicited for the purchase and sale of cotton and cotton seed oil for future delivery. Special attention and liberal terms given for consignments of spot cotton for delivery. Correspondence invited.

H. C. LUKENBILL AUDIT CO.
Bank Examinations, Business Systems, and all classes of Audits.
1124 Atlanta National Bank Building, Atlanta, Ga.

AUDIT COMPANY OF THE SOUTH
C. J. METZ, C. F. A., President.
627-628 Candler Building. ATLANTA

DELEGATES GATHER FOR ROAD CONVENTION

The Meeting at Asheville to Be Largely Attended—Ocean-to-Ocean Highway Wanted.

Asheville, N. C., February 9.—Arrangements have been practically completed for the entertainment of the delegates to the meeting of the Southern Highway association, which convenes in this city Wednesday morning.

Delegates are already beginning to arrive and it is believed that the convention will be largely attended. It is expected that all of the southern states and most of those on the Pacific coast will be represented at the coming meeting, which has for its object the perfecting of plans for the construction of a coast-to-coast highway, far enough south to permit all-the-year-round travel.

Governor Locke Craig, of this state, has appointed more than 100 delegates from North Carolina, and information has been received here to the effect that other southern governors and good roads associations throughout the south and west are naming representatives to attend the Asheville meeting.

It is stated that there is now a good road extending from San Diego, Cal., to Little Rock, Ark., a distance of approximately 2,000 miles. It is planned to continue this road to Morehead City, N. C., completing, with the Quebec-Miami road, a belt highway of the United States.

It is for the purpose of getting persons who reside in the territory which has no improved roads, but through which the connecting links will run, interested in the project that the meeting has been called. Speakers conversant with the necessity of the road will urge that immediate steps be taken looking to its completion, and it is expected that a committee will be appointed to ask congress to appropriate $25,000,000 to be used in the completion of the ocean-to-ocean highway.

Among the roads in the southern states which must be completed to finish the highway are the following: The central highway of North Carolina, the Memphis-Bristol highway in Tennessee, the Memphis-Birmingham road and the Birmingham-Atlanta road. It is said that in developing some of these highways federal aid will be necessary.

It is understood that a governor of one of the southern states will be named as president of the association, and that an effort will be made to get senators and representatives interested in the project.

GAS FOR DECATUR SOON.

Two Companies Are Planning to Supply This Service.

At a meeting of the committee on public utilities of the Decatur Board of Trade last week a representative of the Atlanta Gas Light company assured the committee that his company would make a canvass of the town of Decatur, and that if a sufficient number of people signified their intention of becoming consumers of gas the Atlanta Gas Light company would undertake to supply them.

The canvass of the town will probably be started about the first week in March and the result will be watched with deep interest by others besides the citizens of Decatur. Gas is the only modern convenience lacking in Decatur and many people who would like to make their residence in Decatur have failed to do so because of this.

The Civic Service corporation of Philadelphia, is also considering the feasibility of the installation of a gas plant in Decatur. They have gone so far as to draw plans and make an estimate of the cost of the plant. An application for a charter has been prepared, but has not yet been filed.

ATLANTAN HURT IN AUTO

H. Ballard Injured at Americus When Car Hits Tree.

Americus, Ga., February 9.—(Special.)—H. Ballard, an Atlanta traveling man, was severely injured near Americus late last night in an automobile accident. Ballard's car became unmanageable and dashed into a tree by the roadside, throwing him out and breaking one of his knees. He is now being treated in the Americus hospital.

Doing Something Useful.

(From The New York Herald.)

English suffragettes now threaten to kidnap a member of the cabinet.

Fair Warning!

Utah's lady messenger arrived in Washington safely with the electoral vote of that state and received $585 for toting it. Now let us warn her. Somebody will try to marry her out of the money before she gets home, if she doesn't watch out.

Too Much for Him.

(From The Baltimore American.)

It would be beyond human fallibility for Wilson to make all the mistakes expected of him.

CONE'S SPECIALS IN M. & M. CONTEST

The following combinations may be bought in whole or in part:

	Votes.	Our Price.
One box Webster 10c Cigars..... Special, if bought at Cone's.....	30,000 extra 20,000 extra 5,000 bands 5,000 lid	$4.50
2—Boxes Coca-Cola Spearmint Gum (40 pkgs.) Extra special if with our sales slips.....	10,000 2,000 labels 2,000 box tops	$1.00
5—Stollwerck Cocoa.....	75,000 extra 1,250 regular	$1.00
12—Edge's Tooth Paste.....	50,000 extra 3,000 regular	$2.16
12—Lavox Shampoo.....	50,000 extra 3,000 regular	$2.28
48—Palmolive Soap.....	200,000 extra 4,800 regular	$3.84
5—Krom Soap.....	25,000 extra 1,250 regular	$ .95
5—Big Chief Veneer.....	25,000 extra 1,250 regular	$ .89
100—Pearline (5c size).....	500,000 extra 5,000 regular	$4.00
Sales Slip votes.....	1,962	$20.62
Grand total.....	1,019,512	

The regular advertised prices on the above items is $26.55, or net saving is $5.93.

MAIL ORDERS GIVEN PROMPT ATTENTION

E. H. CONE, Inc.
"A Good Drug Store"
ATLANTA
TWO STORES

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT for the Six Months Ending December 31, 1912, of the condition of the

Merchants Life Association

BURLINGTON, IOWA

organized under the laws of the State of Iowa, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, pursuant to the laws of said State.
Principal office National State Bank Building.

I. INCOME DURING LAST SIX MONTHS OF 1912.

Gross amount paid by Members to the Association or its agents without deductions for commissions or other expenses, as follows:

1. Membership fee		$ 58,474.70
Reserve Fund		117,579.77
2. Annual Dues		56,382.01
3. Assessments		164,234.82
Total paid by members		$396,671.30
5. Interest		9,743.68
7. Cash received from all sources, viz:		
Change of Beneficiary	$ 87.00	
Reinstatement Fee	324.50	
Total		411.50
Total Income		$ 406,826.48

II. DISBURSEMENTS DURING LAST SIX MONTHS 1912.

1. Losses and Claims (See detailed Schedule filed with Annual Statement in office of Insurance Commissioner brought down to December 31, 1912)		$136,350.00
Guarantee Fund Ret. to Beneficiaries		38.50
2. Annual Payments and Assessments returned to members		40,942.99
Total paid to members		$177,331.49
3. Commissions and Fees retained by or paid to Agents		72,892.90
1st yr. assessments 63,919.55; Sub. 8,973.35		
5. Salaries and commissions paid or allowed for collecting assessments to Bks., Managers of Agencies and General Special and Local Agents		2,318.66
Not paid by commission		1,665.50
6. Medical Examiner's Fees, whether paid direct by members or otherwise		9,826.30
7. Salaries and other compensation of officers and other Office Employes		13,446.00
8. Rent, $759.50; Taxes, $681.50		1,441.00
10. Advertising, $529.61; Blanks and Printing, $1,348.17		1,877.78
11. All other items, viz: Furn. and Fix., $846.07; Legal Exp., $78.18; Mis., $1,711.99; Tel., $273.92; Express, $299.59; Stationery, $407.87; Pstg., $6,048.32; Travel Ex., $2,531.50; Insp. Risks; $634.33; Ptg. Press Type, $432.22. Total		13,263.99
Total Expenses, footing of items, 3 to 11		$116,732.13
Total Disbursements		$ 293,973.64
Balances		$ 112,852.84

III. INVESTED ASSETS.

2. Loans on Bond and Mortgage (first liens on Real Estate, as per Schedule A filed with Annual Statement in office of Insurance Commissioner, brought down to December 31, 1912		$605,281.32
5. Cost value of Bonds and Stocks owned, absolutely, as per Schedule D, filed with Annual Statement in office of Insurance Commissioner, brought down to December 31, 1912		18,000.00
7. Cash deposited in Banks on Reserve Fund Account		123,178.00
Reserve Fund Notes, Members in good standing		236,541.27
All other deposits Dep. Mo. State Dept.		1,000.00
Total		$984,000.59
8. Agent's Balances		4,049.76
Total		$988,050.35
Deduct Future Call Fund		546.49
Total Net Assets		$ 987,503.86

IV. CONTINGENT ASSETS.

1. Interest due, $2,450, and accrued, $21,136.75; Bonds, $140; Bk. Dep., $467.46		$ 24,194.21
Approximate Mortuary Income ($7,165.00.)		
7. Mortuary assessments to become due, but only to the extent of the amount necessary to meet unpaid claims, call issued December 31, 1912		26,000.00
Died on operating table before cert. was issued. Brought suit		2,000.00
Total		$ 52,194.21
Total Assets		$ 1,039,698.07
Deduct Agts.' debit balance	$ 4,148.32	
Deduct book value Bonds and Stocks over market value	930.00	
Deduct items not admitted—Reserve Notes	236,541.27	
Mo. State Dept.	1,000.00	
		$ 242,619.59
		$ 797,078.48

V. LIABILITIES.

2. Losses in process of adjustment, or adjusted and not due. (Number of Claims 12)		$ 24,000.00
4. Losses resisted by the Company. (Number of Claims 2)		4,000.00
5. Taxes Accrued (estimated)		6,000.00
6. For Salaries, Rents and Office Expenses		20,983.89
9. Amount of all other Liability, viz: Advanced by Directors, $7,000, and Accrued Int., $280		7,280.00
Value of Outstanding Benefit Certificates as provided by Chapter 83 of 32d Gen. Assembly, Iowa		325,812.00
Total Liabilities		$ 388,075.89

VI. EXHIBIT OF CERTIFICATES OF POLICIES—NUMBER AND AMOUNT.

Total Business Last Half of 1912.	Number.	Amount.
Policies or Certificates in force July 1, 1912	24,930	$49,748,000.00
Policies or Certificates written during last half of the year 1912	3,512	7,024,000.00
Total	28,442	$56,775,000.00
Deduct number and amount which have ceased to be in force during last half of 1912	1,832	3,664,000.00
Total Policies or Certificates in force	26,610	$53,111,000.00
Losses and Claims on policies or certificates unpaid July 1, 1912	2	4,000.00
Losses and claims on policies or certificates incurred during last half of the year 1912	80	160,000.00
Total	82	$ 164,000.00
Losses and claims on policies or certificates paid during last half of the year 1912	69	$ 136,350.00

Business in Georgia During Last Half of 1912.

	Number.	Amount.
Policies or Certificates in force July 1, 1912	67	$ 134,000.00
Policies or Certificates written during last half of the year 1912	2	4,000.00
Total	69	$ 138,000.00
Deduct number and amount which have ceased to be in force during last half of 1912	7	$ 14,000.00
Total policies in force December 31, 1912	62	$ 124,000.00

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is attached to the Annual Statement in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF IOWA, COUNTY OF DES MOINES—Personally appeared before the undersigned F. Z. Kuhlemeier, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the secretary of Merchants Life Association and that the foregoing statement is correct and true. F. Z. KUHLEMEIER.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 23d day of January, 1913.

(Seal.) CHAS. C. CLARK, Notary Public.

Grocers whose cash sale slips or receipted bills are good for votes in The Constitution's M. & M. Contest, at the rate of one vote for each cent spent.

List of Labels Good for Votes—Each Label Good for Ten Votes for Each Cent Spent.

NORTH SIDE.

E. G. Aiken & Co., 497 Peachtree St.
Charles Austin, 97 Alexander St.
Barnett Bros., 810 Peachtree St.
R. H. Comer, 2 Hemphill Ave.
D. L. Echols, 9 Cleburne Ave.
L. W. Rogers' 36 Stores.
W. J. Garner, 250 Marietta St.
Moore Grocery Co., 68 W. Linden St.
Steve Glass, 133 Marietta St.
Griffith-Smith Co., 165 Peachtree St.
C. J. Kamper Grocery Co., 319 Peachtree St.
Buchanan-Shelton Grocery Co., 251 Houston St.
W. K. Bearden, 214 Lake ave.

SOUTH SIDE.

E. W. Brooks, 300 Cooper St.
W. J. Burton, 140 Ormond St.
W. A. Byers, 135 Gordon St.
C. P. Cann, 428 and 430 Marietta.
Donehoo & Sherrer, 136 Gordon St.
Echols & Co., 271 Pulliam St.
Stewart D. Jones, 124 Whitehall St.
Levetan Bros., 370 Central Ave.
T. P. McGahee, 175 Peters St.
Marbut & Minor, 500 and 502 Flat Shoals Ave.
N. A. Moore, 127 Richardson St.
Morris Nissinbaum, 67 Pulliam St.
Orchard & Co., 131 Gordon St.
R. T. Prior, 41 Gordon St.
C. C. Ray, 524 Decatur St.
W. Reisman, 126 Garden St.
L. W. Rogers' 36 Stores.
Herman Weinberg, 60½ S. Pryor St.
Wolfsheimer & Co., 114 Whitehall.
Sands & Co., 372 Windsor St.

MARIETTA, GA.

L. W. Rogers Co.
Cash Grocery Co.

KIRKWOOD, GA.

House, Cassells & Fleming.

MACON, GA.

Kennington & Sons, Vine St. T. M. Donnelly, 270 Oglethorpe St.

The names of grocers will be added to this list as soon as some evidence is shown of their carrying a complete line of contest groceries.

GROCERY LABELS.

Stollwerck Cocoa—25-cent size—save tops—250 votes.
Stollwerck Gold Brand Chocolate—25-cent size—save label—250 votes.
Stollwerck Premium Chocolate—20-cent size—save label—200 votes.
Post Toasties—save bottom of carton showing imprint of plant—100 votes.
Pyle's Pearline—save top of box—50 votes.
Domino Rice—save carton—100 and 250 votes.
Washburn-Crosby Milling Co.'s Gold Medal Flour—save sacks—6-pound sack, 250 votes; 12-pound sack, 500 votes; 24-pound sack, 1,000 votes; 48-pound sack, 1,900 votes.
Pyle's Pearline—save top of box—50 votes.
Fairbank's Cottolene—save top of can—500 and 1,450 votes.
Maxwell House Blend Coffee—save labels—400, 1,000 and 1,200 votes.
Cereco (for Coffee Lovers)—save label—400, 1,000 and 1,200 votes.
Cleaneasy Soap—save wrapper—50 votes.
Uncle Sam Bread—save trade-mark label—50 votes.
Block's Kennesaw Biscuit—save wrapper—50 votes.
Block's Graham Wafers—save wrapper—50 votes.
Block's Lemon Snaps—save wrapper—50 votes.
Any of Block & Co.'s Crackers—save wrapper—50 votes.
Airlo Syrup—save label—100-150-200-400 and 750 votes.
Blue Ribbon Extract of Vanilla—save carton—100 and 350 votes.
Blue Ribbon Extract of Lemon—save carton—100 and 350 votes. (Twelve assortments to select from.)
Chalmer's Gelatine—save carton—100 votes.
L. W. Rogers' Piedmont Hotel Brands—
Piedmont Hotel Brand Corn—save label—150 votes.
Piedmont Hotel Brand Tomatoes—save label—100-150 votes.
Piedmont Hotel Brand of Soups—save label—100 votes.
Piedmont Hotel Brand Butter—save carton—350 votes.
Blue Ribbon Brand Fresh Eggs—save carton—300 votes.
Foulds' Macaroni—save caution label—50-100 votes.
Foulds' Spaghetti—save caution label—50-100 votes.
Foulds' Vermicelli—save caution label—50-100 votes.
Foulds' Noodles—save caution label—50-100 votes.
Hires Root Beer—save crown top—50 votes.
Red Rock Ginger Ale—save crown top—50 votes.
Red Rock Lemo-Lime—save crown top—50 votes.
Ko-Nut—save crown top—50 votes
Webster 10c Cigar—save bands—100 votes.
Hernsheim's Insurgent 5c Cigar—save band—50 votes.
Hernsheim's Insurgent Cigar (box of fifty)—save box lid—2,500 votes.
Taylor Bros.' Natural Leaf Chewing Tobacco—save tin tag—50 votes.
Taylor Bros.' Stars and Bars Chewing Tobacco—save tin tag—50 votes.
Taylor Bros.' "48" Chewing Tobacco—save tin tag—50 votes.
Pride of Reidsville Smoking Tobacco—save sacks—50 votes.
Coca-Cola Gum—Spearmint, Peppermint and Honey Fruit—save outside wrapper—50 votes.

DRUGGISTS' LABELS.

Lavox Shampoo Powder—save carton—250 votes.
Stollwerck Cocoa—25-cent size—save tops—250 votes.
Stollwerck Gold Brand Chocolate—25-cent size—save label—250 votes.
Stollwerck Gold Brand Chocolate—20-cent size—save label—200 votes.
Palmolive Soap—save band on wrapper—100 votes.
Edge's Tooth Paste—save carton—250 votes.
Pyoral Mouth Wash—save front of box—500 votes.
Big Chief Veneer—save carton—250-500-1,000 votes.
Krom's Hair Soap—save wrapper—250 votes.
Krom's Hair Tonic—save carton—500-1,000 votes.
Krom's Scalp Remedy—save carton—1,000 votes.
Robinnaire Products—
Robinnaire Hair Dye—save carton—250-750 votes.
Robinnaire Massage Cream—save carton—500-1,000 votes.
Robinnaire Face Powder—save label—200-500 votes.
Robinnaire Face Bleach—save label—250-1,000 votes.
Robinnaire Cold Cream—save carton—250-500-750 votes.
Robinnaire Liquid Face Powder—save label—500 votes.
Robinnaire Face Soap—save wrapper—250 votes.
Robinnaire Liquid Depilatory—save label—1,000 votes.
Robinnaire Liquid Rouge—save label—250 votes.
Robinnaire Nail Enamel—save label—250 votes.
Red Rock Ginger Ale—save crown top—50 votes.
Red Rock Lemo-Lime—save crown top—50 votes.
Ko-Nut—save crown top—50 votes.
Webster 10c Cigar—save bands—100 votes.
Webster 10c Cigar—save box lid—2,500 and 5,000 votes.
Hernsheim's Insurgent 5c Cigar—save band—50 votes.
Hernsheim's Insurgent Cigar (box of fifty)—save box lid—2,500 votes.
Taylor Bros.' Natural Leaf Chewing Tobacco—save tin tag—50 votes.
Taylor Bros.' Stars and Bars Chewing Tobacco—save tin tag—50 votes.
Taylor Bros.' "48" Chewing Tobacco—save tin tag—50 votes.
Pride of Reidsville Smoking Tobacco—save sacks—50 votes.
Coca-Cola Gum—Spearmint, Peppermint and Honey Fruit—save outside wrapper—50 votes.

SPECIAL LABELS.

Randall Brothers' Acton, Jellico, Blue Gem, Anthracite and Furnace Coal—Receipted bills good for ten votes for each cent spent.
Montgomery Theater—
Book Containing $1.00 Worth of Tickets, Good at Any Performance—save book cover—1,500 votes.
Children's Admission—save coupon—50 votes.
Adults' Admission—save coupon—100 votes.
Rountree Trunks, Bags and Suitcases—10 votes for each cent spent.
Big Chief Metal Polish—save label—250-500-900-1,500 votes.
Big Chief Furnoil—save label—250 votes.
Big Chief Autobody Polish—save label—500-750-1,250-2,000 votes.
Constitution Classified Ads. when paid for at time of insertion, are good for ten votes for each cent spent. Ask for coupon.
Votes in The Constitution's Merchants and Manufacturers' Contest will be counted on the Burroughs Adding Machine, the most accurate machine made.

Enterprising Merchants Whose Sale Slips Are Good for Votes. Sale Slips Are Good for One Vote for Each Cent Spent.

ATLANTA MERCHANTS.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY—
Cole Book Company, 85 Whitehall St.
Lester Book and Stationery Company, 60 Peachtree St.
CHINAWARE AND CROCKERY—
Lilienthal Crockery Company, 73 Whitehall St.
DRUGGISTS—
E. H. Cone (Inc.), 60 Whitehall St. and Kimball House Block.
Jacobs' (Nine Stores), 6 Marietta St., 23 Whitehall St., 102 Whitehall St., 544 Peachtree St., Opposite Terminal Station, 152 Decatur St., 245 Houston St., 423 Marietta St., 266 Peters St.
ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES AND ELECTRICAL LIGHTING—
W. E. Carter Electric Company, 12 Walton St.
FLORIST—
C. A. Dahl Floral Company, 123 Peachtree St.
HAIR DRESSING—
Randolph Company Hair Dressing Parlors, 53½ Whitehall St.
HARDWARE—
King Hardware Company 103 Peachtree St., 87 Whitehall St., 122 Decatur St., 52 Peters St.
KODAKS AND SUPPLIES—
Glenn Photo-Stock Company, 117 Peachtree St.
SHOES—
Moon Shoe Store, 29 West Mitchell St.
SHOE REPAIRING—
Shoe Renury, 80 North Broad St.
TRUNKS AND BAGS—
Ladies' Shopping Bags, Small Leather Goods, Trunk Repairing. H. W. Rountree & Bro., Trunk and Bag Co., 77 Whitehall St.
TAILORING—
Hays, the Tailor, Grand Theater Bldg.
UMBRELLAS—
Taylor Umbrella Mfg. Co., 116½ Whitehall St.

MACON, GA.

Star Clothing Company, 518 Cherry St.
Theater, Cherry St.
Cubbedge-Redding Hardware Company, 261 Third St.
Max Morris, Druggist, 630 Cherry St.
Brunner Drug Company, 559 Fourth St.
Lester-Clark Shoe Company, 555 Cherry St.
Flournoy & Vaughn, Jewelers, 370 Second St.
Hertz Coal Company, 212 Walnut St.

MARIETTA, GA.

Marietta Book Store.
Daniel Brothers, Jewelers.
Gem Theater.
T. L. Wallace Clothing Company.

ATHENS, GA.

Citizen Pharmacy, Druggist, Clayton St.
R. Brandt, Jewelry, Clayton St.
R. R. Palmer & Sons, Druggists, Clayton St.
Majestic Theater.

GAINESVILLE, GA.

C. L. Deal Manufacturing Company, Coal, Lime and Cement.
Gould-Scroggins Company, Clothing and Furnishing Goods.
Piedmont Drug Company, Druggists.
Alamo Theater.
Grand Theater.

ROME, GA.

Harvey & Best Furniture Co.
Young Hamilton Jewelry Co.
Clement Peacock Co.
Bonita Theater.
Graham Pharmacy.

All votes counted on Burroughs adding machine, the most accurate machine made.

For further information call Contest Department, either phone, Atlanta 1574, Bell 5000 Main.

A. D. GRANT, Contest Manager.

Several title games of basketball will be contested this week in the City league. Columbus also plays an important game in Birmingham on Wednesday.

MAJOR LEAGUE SCHEDULE MEETINGS TODAY

Edited by **DICK JEMISON**

TECH MEETS RIVALS OF YEARS' STANDING

Auburn and Georgia Quintets Will Be Opponents Friday and Saturday.

The Tech basketball team has its work cut out for it this week in the two games scheduled for Friday and Saturday nights. If returned victors in these games, the Jackets can take a stand among the leaders of the college fives of the south.

On Friday night Mike Donahue will pilot his Auburn aggregation of basket tossers to Atlanta for a battle with the Tech contingent at the Crystal Palace. Captain Brown, of Tech, sees a chance to in a measure retrieve the lost fortunes of the Jacket football team the past fall.

But Auburn has a good aggregation. It has improved since it played in Atlanta against the local club, and is now said to be traveling at a clip second to no college five in the south.

This game will give a line on the strength of Tech in comparison with Georgia, whom she plays in Athens on Saturday night. Georgia romped on Auburn by a 92 to 12 count, and some idea of the strength of the two Georgia rivals can be gained by Friday's game.

The edge veers to Tech's opponents in both of these games by reason of the fact that Tech has not had a basketball team on the floor since 1909. Naturally her men are not as experienced as those of either Auburn or Georgia, and if they cope successfully with either, they will have to travel at a fine pace.

THREE IMPORTANT GAMES THIS WEEK IN ATLANTA LEAGUE

The Atlanta Basketball league has but three weeks more to run, the last games being scheduled for Friday, Febuary 28, when a benefit doubleheader will be played.

On Thursday night of this week the Wesley Memorial team will play the Fifth regiment at the former's court.

On Friday night the Atlanta Athletic club will play the Young Men's Christian association on the latter's court.

On Saturday night the Knights of Columbus will play the Atlanta Athletic club at the latter's court before and between the halves of the Mercer-A. A. C. game.

On Friday night of the following week two games will be played. The Atlanta Athletic club plays the Fifth regiment at the Armory, and the Young Men's Christian association plays the Knights of Columbus at the K. of C. court.

The final games of the season will be played at the Armory on Friday, February 28, the Y. M. C. A. playing the K. of C. and the Atlanta Athletic club playing the Fifth regiment.

Ministers Are Optimistic, Asserts Dr. A. R. Holderby in Replying to Criticisms

During his services Sunday morning at Moore Memorial church Dr. Holderby took occasion to refute certain statements reported to have been made in a recent sermon preached by Rev. E. Dean Ellenwood in which he charges the ministers of the city with defaming and abusing Atlanta.

Dr. Holderby spoke as follows: "I cannot allow to pass unchallenged certain utterances reported to have been made in a recent sermon by Rev. Mr. Ellenwood, of the Universalist church, in which he charges ministers of this city with 'pouring forth a torrent of vituperation and abuse against Atlanta.'

"Dr. Ellenwood furthermore remarked: 'I, for one, am heartily tired of the perfervid pulpit rhetoric of certain of my clerical colleagues who seem bent on advertising Atlanta as a veritable cesspool of iniquity.'

"I challenge the correctness of these wholesale statements. I do not know of any minister in the city who has, within the past year, as Mr. Ellenwood affirms, reflected in any such manner upon the moral condition of Atlanta. And if any of 'the group of well-meaing reformers' have made such utterances they do not reflect the sentiments of the majority of Atlanta's ministers.

"As a matter of fact the ministers of this city have been sounding an optimistic note in regard to the moral condition of Atlanta, and especially since moral conditions have been vastly improved. As far as my own attitude in this matter is concerned, I am free to admit that I have not hesitated to condemn certain evils in the city which I knew were calculated to injure the fair name of Atlanta. And this is what every honest preacher of righteousness ought to do.

"The truth still remains that while Atlanta has improved greatly in morals within the past few years and where she is perhaps the most moral city of her size on the continent, yet every honest citizen must admit that conditions might still be improved."

Crackers Get First Call to Welchonce's Services if He Fails With Senators

By Senator.

Washington, February 8.—(Special.) Harry Welchonce, the slugging outfielder drafted by the Climbers from Nashville for a trial at Charlottesville, is destined to go to Atlanta, if he fails to show sufficient class to hang on to the big show. Griff has practically agreed to send him to his old friend, Billy Smith, if he cannot use him himself.

Under ordinary circumstances, Welchonce must go back to Nashville on his failure to make good with the Climbers, but President Hersig, of the Nashville club, has agreed to waive claim on Welchonce in return for a young outfielder to be turned over by Billy Smith. Hersig can't see parting with the draft price of $1,500 and the added expenses at the training camp. He prefers some cheaper player from Atlanta. Hersig is a thrifty soul, yea, a very thrifty soul.

However, this Welchonce means to make good. His hitting and fielding averages in the minors have always been good. He has never fallen below .300 with the stick in all his professional career, and he doesn't mean to slide back to the bushes without a strenuous contest. But Atlanta has the first call on Welchonce.

Try "Perla de Cadiz."

Clear Habana cigars, made in Atlanta by S. Valdes. Mr. Valdes has been very successful in his purchase of leaf tobacco in Cuba this year, and his cigars are delightful; 15 sizes, from 5c to 25c; for sale everywhere, especially by W. J. Govan, 19 Peachtree, and Durand restaurant.—(adv.)

SOUTHERN BASKETBALL CHAMPIONS



COLUMBUS YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

This team seems certain to win the southern basketball title again this season. The men in the photo are, left to right, top row: A. Dozier, guard; Patterson, center; McDuffie, forward; Bridges, coach. Bottom row: Massey, center; Kilcrease, forward; Massey, guard; Newman, captain and guard; Peddy, forward; Dozier, guard. They play Mercer tonight.

TWENTY-SEVEN GAMES ON GEORGIA SCHEDULE

Seventeen of the Battles Scheduled for Classic City Diamond Pleases Fans.

By Clark Howell, Jr.

Athens, Ga., February 9.—(Special.) The baseball schedule of the University of Georgia has recently been officially announced and consists of twenty-seven games and a trip through the middle west and north of a week's duration. This schedule is one of the most ambitious ever undertaken by any southern college, and it will be necessary for the Georgians to turn out an unusually strong nine in order to finish the season with a good percentage.

The fans of Athens and the studentbody of the university are particularly pleased with the schedule, as seventeen of the games will be played in the Classic City, which will enable them to see the majority of the contests.

The schedule is as follows:

March 21.—Boston Nationals, at Athens.
March 28, 29—Auburn, at Athens.
April 4, 5—Clemson, at Clemson.
April 8, 9—Michigan, at Athens.
April 11, 12—Tulane, at Athens.
April 16, 17—Alabama, at Athens.
April 21—Tennessee, at Knoxville.
April 22—Ohio State, at Delaware.
April 23—Michigan, at Ann Arbor.
April 24, 25—Michigan A. & M., at Lansing.
April 26—Michigan, at Ann Arbor.
April 28, 29—Vanderbilt, at Athens.
May 2, 3—Tennessee, at Athens.
May 5, 6—Washington and Lee, at Athens.
May 11, 12—Tech, at Athens.
May 16, 17—Tech, at Atlanta.

FULTON LEAGUE ENDS SEASON IN TWO WEEKS

S. V. D. Leading by Slight Margin—Title Game Last Night of Season.

The Fulton Basketball league has but two weeks more to run, three games being scheduled for the comig week and a double-header for the following week.

On Wednesday night at the Armory courts a double-header will be played, the Baracas meeting the Agogas and the Young Men's Christian association meeting Company H.

On Thursday night the S. V. D. team will play the Agogas.

The banner game of the season is scheduled for the last night of the season. S. V. D. plays Company C. The former is leading the lead with a clean percentage, while the latter has lost but one game during the entire season. The meeting between these two is sure to be for blood.

Company H plays the Agogas in the other game of the evening.

Mercer Basketball Team Plays Atlanta Athletics Here Saturday Night

The Mercer University basketball team from Macon will be the opponents of the Atlanta Athletic club on Saturday night at the club's gymnasium on Auburn avenue.

Mercer is a yearly visitor to Atlanta and are always welcome. They always put up a good argument, and furthermore are popular with the basketball fans of the city. A good crowd is sure to be on hand.

QUERIES ANSWERED

Under this head the sporting editor will endeavor to answer all questions on all branches of sports.

"Dick Jemison, sporting editor, The Constitution: Who are the heavyweight, middle, welter and lightweight champions. "W. S. H."

Jack Johnson is heavyweight champion and Willie Ritchie is lightweight champion. No one holds the other two titles.

The man who can refuse a favor in a way to make the asker grateful needs no other gift for success.

A Cracker a Day for Fans

7---Jack Kernan

EDITOR'S NOTE—This is the seventh of a daily series of articles introducing the prospective Crackers of the 1913 team.

John Frank ("Jack") Kernan, who will try out with the Crackers this spring for an infield position, was recommended to the Crackers by Harry Matthews, the former Cracker receiver, who managed the Rome team in the Southeastern league last season.

Kernan is 23 years of age and was born in Chicago, Ill., August 14, 1889. He weighs 165 pounds and is 5 feet 10 inches tall and single. He bats and throws right-handed.

This will be Kernan's fifth year in professional baseball, though it is his first tryout with a Class A aggregation. In 1909 he was with Green Bay, in the Wisconsin-Illinois league. The next two seasons he was with Rochester in the same league. Last season he was with Selma, in the Southeastern league.



JACK KERNAN.

Brosnan, Not Bresnahan.

Chicago, February 9.—Is it Roger Bresnahan or Roger Brosnan? This question is raised in a letter printed in a paper here today. The writer, John J. Brosnan, of Keystone, Iowa, says that Roger Bresnahan is Roger Brosnan, for the simple reason that there are no Bresnahans in Ireland, and that as Bresnahan was born in the County Kerry the year before the writer, he must be Brosnan. All of which is furnishing exciting material for discussion in the Hot Stove league.

THE TOUGHEST DECISION I EVER MADE



By MAL EASON.

(Umpire National League.)

(Copyright, W. G. Evans, 1912.)

Extra-inning games usually furnish plenty of thrills. One that was staged last September between Philadelphia and Cincinnati, at the first-named city, gave me more than my share. At the close of the twelfth inning the score stood 4 to 4, with darkness fast approaching. The thirteenth session proved the jonah number for me, sure enough.

Downey, I believe, was the first man up for the Reds. He drove a line hit to center that Paskert made a great play on. He dove for the ball, turned a somersault and came up smiling, with the sphere firmly clutched in both hands. It was next to impossible for me to tell what had really happened. At a first glance I thought Paskert had made the catch.

As is customary with the double umpiring system, the field umpire, who is able to get much closer to the play than the umpire-in-chief, always signals him out or safe. Either I missed Johnstone's signal or else I called the play a trifle too quickly, for I waved Downey out. Instantly after so doing I saw by Johnstone's actions that I had erred in my ruling.

Manager Griffith of the Cincinnati team immediately made a protest to Johnstone, asking him to advise me on the play. Johnstone in turn informed Griffith that I was the umpire-in-chief that day, and that Griffith would have to lodge a protest with me, if he cared to get any redress. Griffith did so in the following gentlemanly manner:

"Mr. Eason, you're dead wrong on that play. I had the proper angle on the catch, and so did Johnstone; he will tell you that Paskert did not catch the ball, but, on the contrary, trapped it. I request you to appeal to Johnstone if there is a doubt in your mind as to the correctness of the decision."

I didn't hesitate a second, but went out and asked Johnstone to set me right on the play. Realizing that I was doing the Cincinnati club a great injustice, I reversed my original ruling and called Downey safe. Mr. Doolan who was acting manager of the Phillies, kicked himself out of the game. Mr. Walsh, who succeeded him at short, kicked a couple of chances, and before the side was retired Cincinnati had scored four runs and cinched the game.

While the result of the game had no direct bearing on the pennant race, Mr. Johnstone and myself were tendered a rather warm reception. I was severely censured for my actions, although I merely carried out the original idea of the double system, consulting your partner when in doubt. President Lynch's public statement that I had acted correctly in the matter proved some balm for my injured feelings.

MERCER BAPTISTS PLAY COLUMBUS FIVE TONIGHT

Columbus, Ga., February 9.—(Special.)—The Mercer University basketball team will appear here Monday night in a game with the local Young Men's Christian association aggregation.

Chance Goes to New York.

Chicago, February 9.—Frank Chance, manager of the New York Americans, passed through this city on the way to take up his new responsibilities. The former leader of the Chicago Nationals said he was not planning to play this season, but that depended on how he felt after spring training started.

Violated.

(From Judge.)

Uncle Ezra—Do you think the democrats will keep their pledges?

Uncle Eben—Not much! Eph Hoskins signed one the first of November, and he has been drunk ever since election day!

A Source of Joy.

(From Judge.)

Among eligible women there is more joy over one divorced man than over ninety and nine good men who stay married.

A shipment of 8,640,000 boxes of matches was received atthe customs house in Kansas City from Norway last week. It is presumed they were ordered by some smoker who delights in the brand of fireproof cigars known as Long Asbestor Fillers.

COLUMBUS QUINT IN BIRMINGHAM

Return Match in Slagville Will Practically Settle the Southern Basketball Championship.

Columbus, Ga., February 9.—(Special.)—The Columbus Young Men's Christian association basketball team will be put to the supreme test Wednesday night, when they go to Birmingham to play a return engagement with the Birmingham Athletic club, whom they defeated in Columbus last Friday night, 39 to 23.

The Birmingham team put up a fierce fight here and on Wednesday night, having the advantage of their home court, and the use of all their stars, they are sure to put up a much stiffer argument.

BASEBALL MAGNATES GATHER IN GOTHAM

Scheduled Meetings of the Big Leagues Open Today—Many Players to Attend.

New York, February 9.— Baseball men—magnates, managers and players—gathering for the scheduled meetings of the big leagues, which open here tomorrow, reached the city today in numbers. Among the early arrivals was August Herrmann, president of the Cincinnati National league club and chairman of the national commission, which also is to hold a session during the week. Ban Johnson, president of the American league, and President Lynch, of the National league, are expected by tomorrow.

First of the meetings scheduled is that of the American league, set for tomorrow morning. A number of these magnates are already in town. The National league meeting opens Tuesday.

An interesting group was that representing the Boston Americans, the world's champions. It included "Smoky Joe" Wood, the club's star pitcher, who has not yet signed a contract for the coming season. He conferred with President McAleer, trying to make terms, it was understood. Incidentally it developed that the entire star outfield—Speaker, Hooper and Lewis—have not yet affixed their signatures to Boston contracts.

CAMPAIGN FOR FIFTH WILL END TOMORROW

Unless Atlanta Responds Liberally, Militia Cannot Attend Wilson's Inauguration.

Today and tomorrow will determine absolutely whether or not the Fifth Georgia regiment will represent the city of Atlanta at the presidential inauguration next March. This announcement was made last night by L. J. Daniel and Forrest Adair, leaders in the canvass for subscriptions.

These gentlemen have mailed out 150 letters to leading citizens, stating the case just as plainly as possible to the effect that if they do not immediately come to the rescue of the cause in a substantial way the trip must fall through, and that no further effort will be made to raise the necessary funds.

This means that practically every city in the southern states will be represented at Governor Wilson's inauguration to the presidency except Atlanta, which, by virtue of the place of leadership she holds in the commercial and financial life of the southern section of the country, should be by far the best represented of them all.

Mission Meeting Greatest in History, Say Delegates; Convention Comes to End

Women delegates from all parts of the northern section of Georgia declared last night that the missionary convention just ended has been the most successful in the history of the North Georgia conference. The closing session was held in the First Methodist church Sunday night, and by Monday the last of the delegates will leave for their homes. There were about 400 visiting ladies in attendance, and at a number of the meetings in the First Methodist church there were as many as 1,000 present.

Mrs. W. A. Albright, of Atlanta, who is first vice president of the missionary council, made the main address Sunday night, speaking about the great field for missions offered by conditions right here at home. Mrs. J. B. Cobb, of Nashville, secretary of the missionary council, spoke on "The Condition of Women in Non-Christian Lands." Miss Cloud, the nurse deaconess of Wesley House, which is the settlement home supported by the Methodist women of Atlanta, made a talk on the work being done in the mill districts. Resolutions were passed thanking the Atlanta ladies for their splendid entertainment, and resolutions were also passed indorsing the campaign being waged in Atlanta for Cuban missions.

Will Go on Columbus Special.

Columbus, Ga., February 9.—(Special.)—The Americus military company will attend the inauguration of President Wilson, traveling on a special train that is to be operated from Columbus via Atlanta and Richmond, for the convenience of the Columbus guards and their friends. The Columbus company is going to the inauguration in full force.

Sunday School Convention.

Columbus, Ga., February 9.—(Special.)—Much interest is felt in the Muscogee county Sunday school convention to be held tomorrow and Tuesday at St. Luke Methodist church. A fine program has been arranged and among the speakers will be D. W. Sims, general secretary of the Georgia Sunday School association, and Fred Long, general secretary of the Mississippi Sunday School association.

OCEAN RED CROSS BREAKS RECORDS

Wonderful Rescue Work Was Done by the United States Revenue Cutter Service During the Year 1912.

Washington, February 9.—The United States revenue cutter service—the Red Cross of the sea—broke all its previous heroic and humanitarian records during the fiscal year 1912. Thousands of human lives and hundreds of tempest-tossed vessels, valued with their cargoes at nearly $11,000,000, were saved from the perils of storm-swept seas by the little cutters which guard the coastline of the United States in an unbroken line from Maine to Texas and from Alaska to California, nervously alert for the "S. O. S."

The annual report of Captain J. P. Bertholf, commandant of the service, made public today, is a recitation of thrilling adventure of this army of the federal government older than the American navy. A total of 260 distressed vessels were assisted during the year and their burden of 2,212 souls rescued from danger, which in many cases seemed impending death. One hundred and six persons were actually saved from drowning.

Revenue cutters on the Pacific coast, penetrating the frigid waters of Alaska, brought back tales of suffering among the natives of the Aleutian islands in the grasp of poverty and disease, creating conditions, it is declared, demanding the attention and action of the federal government.

Millions Saved.

Vessels, cargoes and derelicts saved by the revenue cutter service during the year were valued at $10,711,748. Forty-five derelicts and other dangerous obstructions to navigation were removed or destroyed.

"For every dollar the government invested in the maintenance of the revenue cutter service," says Captain Bertholf, "there has been a return of $4.36 in the form of property saved from the perils of the sea, and this in addition to lives saved and other beneficial acts performed in the interests of mankind. To accomplish this work there have been twenty-five cruising cutters and eighteen harbor vessels and launches actively employed during the year.

"The fiscal year 1912 was probably one of the most trying periods to shipping of any year during the past quarter of a century. Frequent gales swept the Atlantic and gulf coasts, while during the winter months the unusually low temperatures caused great danger to shipping and actual suffering to the crews on account of the ice conditions, even as far south as Chesapeake bay. These conditions resulted in almost constant calls for the assistance of revenue cutters. None were unheeded. In consequence the beneficial work of the service, in all its activities during the past fiscal year, has exceeded that of previous years."

Among other unusual incidents, Captain Bertholf told of how "piratical native wreckers" swarmed down upon the Hamburg-American steamer Prinz Joachim when, with a large party of American tourists aboard, including William J. Bryan, she stranded on Atwood Cay, Bahama Islands, November 22, 1911. After the passengers had been removed, these "pirates," said Captain Bertholf, became indolent and aggressive and at the request of the master of the Prinz Joachim, the revenue cutter Algonquin, with guns manned, stood guard over the steamer and armed her crew. One of the "pirates" struck a box included in the steamer's cargo, containing some explosive, and was blown into eternity. This scared the others away.

Misery on Aleutian Islands.

Captain D. F. Foley, who commanded the Bering Sea patrol, reported that the wretchedness of the people of the Aleutian islands, growing greater year by year, will continue to increase until the government does something for them or they are wiped out of existence by disease and starvation. The best means of rescuing the people, he said, would be to concentrate them in one settlement, probably Unalaska, where under government supeervision, at small expense, they might have sanitary homes, be taught cleanliness, thrift and industry, given schools for their children, and cured of the insidious diseases which are making physical wrecks of them.

Appropriations for four new revenue cutters is urgently recommended by Captain Bertholf—three to replace the Woodbury, Manhattan and Winona, all old and unserviceable, and one to replace the Ferry, lost in the Bering Sea during the summer of 1910. He declares that the wireless apparatus now on all sea-going revenue cutters should be replaced by the most modern mechanism obtainable and a constant radio watch should be maintained. The current appropriation, he points out, permits only two wireless operators on each cutter and three are necessary for continuous service.

The functions of the revenue cutter service have grown since its establishment in 1790—113 years ago—until today they include a variety of activities ranging from the assistance of vessls in distress and the enforcement of customs and navigation laws to the suppression of mutinies. Two mutinies were quelled by the cutters during last year—one on the Haitien gunboat Ferrier in Charleston, S. C., harbor, and the other on the Uruguayan bark Brema in Mobile bay.

Smuggling has decreased in recent years, Captain Bertholf declares, because of the vigilant patrol of the revenue cutters. This armed coast guard is a deterrent and without it smuggling would again spring into existence along the many miles of coast line of the United States.

Captain Bertholf asks that congress relieve the revenue cutter service of the handicap caused by the provision of law passed at the last session forbidding the appointment of additional cadets without the specific authority of congress. There are ten existing vacancies among the officers, with the prospect of additional ones during the current year by death and resignation.

FINAL RENDING OF THE WORK

Continued From Page One.

Central Pacific, a direct line for its transcontinental traffic over the short line between Omaha and San Francisco. There are various provisions for the joint equal use by the two companies of the terminals at junction points and other details not necessary to be mentioned here."

Concerning Negotiations.

Concerning the negotiations which led up to the formulation of the plan outlined Attorney General Wickersham said:

"The original decision rendered by the supreme court on December 2 directly adjudged that the acquisition and continued holding by the Union Pacific Railroad company and its subsidiary corporations of some 46 per cent of the capital stock of the Southern Pacific accomplished an unlawful combination in restraint of trade and violation of the Sherman act and directed the entry of a decree enjoining the continued voting control of such stock and the collection of dividends thereon by the Union Pacific company. The opinion, however, went further and pointed out that the acts of congress relating to the Pacific railroads required the Central Pacific and the Union Pacific roads to be operated and used for all purposes of communication, travel and transportation so far as the public and the government are concerned, as one conected, continuous line; and it provided that at any time within three months of the entry of the mandate in the district court, a plan for the disposition of the Southern Pacific stock adjudged to be unlawfully held by the Union Pacific might be presented by the government or the defendants, to the district court and that nothing in the opinion of the court should be considered as preventing any such party from presenting a plan which, while destroying the unlawful combination, insofar as the Union Pacific had secured control of the competing line of road extending from New Orleans and Galveston to San Francisco and Portland would permit the Union Pacific to secure the Central Pacific connection from Ogden to San Francisco and thereby to control that line to the coast thus effecting such a continuity of the Union Pacific and Central Pacific from the Missouri river to San Francisco as was centemplated by the acts of congress under which they were constructed.

Question of Dividing Stock.

"Following the rendering of this decision, negotiations were opened with the attorney general by the representatives of the Union Pacific Railroad company, the latter proposing to offer the Southern Pacific stock held by it for subscription, prorata, among its own stockholders. The attorney general declined to accede to this proposition but finally expressed his willingness to agree to a plan which should offer the stock for sale to the stockholders of both the Southern Pacific and the Union Pacific companies, prorata.

"This being unsatisfactory to the Union Pacific company, all parties agreed to submit to the supreme court a petition asking for a further definition of its decision by instructnig the district court as to whether or not the prorata distribution of the Southern Pacific stock among the stockholders of the Union Pacific Railroad company would be regarded as a compliance with the decision of the supreme court. The supreme court on January 6 answered this inquiry in the negative and its opinion contained the following clause:

"'In rejecting the plan for the transfer of the Southern Pacific company's stock held for the Union Pacific company, either by distrioution or sale, to the stockholders of the Union Pacific company, we do not mean to preclude the district court from considering and acting upon plans which may be submitted to it under the former opinion and decree of the court.'

"The significance of this second reference by the supreme court to a plan which should separate the Central Pacific railroad from the Southern, and secure to the Union Pacific the direct line to San Francisco contemplated by the acts of congress, was accepted by the attorney general as an intimation of the line which should be pursued in working out a plan for the dissolution of the unlawful combination. He, therefore, insisted that any plan presented by the defendant must be designated to secure such result. The negotiations have proceeded on that basis and the agreements finally executed are in compliance with the requirements which the attorney general has insisted upon as essential to a complete dissolution of the unlawful combination and the restoration of effective competitive conditions between the Union Pacific and the Southern Pacific systems."

MEN Cured Forever



By a true Specialist who possesses the experience of years. The right kind of experience—doing the same thing the right way hundreds and perhaps thousands of times, with unfailing, permanent results. Don't you think it's time to get the right treatment? I will cure you or make no charge, thus proving that my present-day, scientific methods are absolutely certain. I hold out no false hopes if I find your case is incurable. If you desire to consult a reliable, long-established specialist of vast experience, come to me and learn what can be accomplished with skillful, scientific treatment. I cure Blood Poison, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Stricture, Nervous Debility and all lately or long-contracted diseases of men. Examination free and strictly confidential. Hours, 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sundays, 9 to 1.

Dr. J. D. HUGHES, Specialist

Opposite Third Nat'l Bank.
16½ North Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.





Address all letters intended for this Department to Col. R. J. Redding, Editor of Farms and Farmers' Department, Griffin, Ga.

TOP DRESSING FOR OATS.

E. B. Weatherly, Ainslie, Ga.—(1) What formula do you recommend as a high-grade top dressing for fall oats to be used about March 15? Would you use the same on alfalfa at that time?

(2) I have 100 acres of freshly-cleared, rich swamp land, that I expect to put in corn this year. Would a 16 per cent acid be a sufficient fertilizer for this land, or would you prefer say a 10—1—5?

(3) I have genuine ——'s prolific cotton seed and have been using on rich swamp land. Can you recommend a better variety for this kind of land? I have 50 acres of this land that I expect to make two bales of cotton per acre this year; the land is a light chocolate with seemingly no subsoil; that is, it is river hammock consisting of pure alluvian for several feet deep. Please advise me what you consider the best fertilizer and preparation for this piece of land?

Answer—(1) I do not advise top dressing, fall-sown oats so late as March with anything other than nitrate of soda or sulphate of ammonia. Oats should receive at the time of sowing all of the phosphoric acid and potash that may be intended for them and part of the nitrogen in order to induce a strong growth before the severity of winter sets in, and then supplement with a top dressing of nitrate of soda about the middle of March. It is very unwise to withhold the proper fertilizer at sowing time expecting to make good in the spring. It is somewhat like half starving a young animal during the early months or early years of its life and then endeavoring to atone for it by full feeding when fattening time or working time arrives.

Not knowing whether or not you fertilized the oats at sowing or the composition of the fertilizer, if any was then applied, I cannot advise intelligently. Moreover, you do not state the condition and promise of the crop at present. If the blades are broad and of a dark green color these indicate that the oats do not need more nitrogen.

(2) On freshly-cleared, rich swamp land it is probable that a 10—1—2 (or 3) would be sufficient.

(3) So far as I have observed the variety raised by you is rather variable, according to seasons and the bolls are only of average size. I think a variety with larger bolls and not inclined to grow tall and weedy would suit the land you describe.

A fertilizer with rather low percentage each of nitrogen and potash, say one analyzing about 10—1.50—2. No special preparation is needed. Simply get it into good, mellow condition by first breaking broadcast (if corn or other cotton than stubble) and then lay off 3½ to 4 feet and list on fertilizer a week or two before planting time. Finish beds and harrow down somewhat just before planting taking care to open well the water furrows and keep them so until necessary to destroy or prevent weeds and grass from getting a start, the object being to keep the beds drained of superfluous moisture if it should be a wet April or May.

(1) A 9—3—3 GUANO FOR SANDY SOIL. (2) APPLE LEAF BLIGHT.

J. J. McHugh, Old Hundred, N. C.—Do you think that ready-mixed 9—3—3 at $24 per ton will answer my sandy land as good as what I can mix myself?

(2) I have a 4-year-old apple orchard and the past year it had a sprinkling of blight in it. Do you think it was because I planted among the trees potatoes, cabbage and turnips or perhaps it might be the five or six weeks' drought that we had here last summer?

Answer—(1) Yes, I think a ready-mixed guano analyzing 9—3—3 would do very well on your sandy land, but if cotton is likely to rust seriously I would prefer a larger percentage of potash and in the form of kainit. That is one of the troubles about ready-made fertilizers—it often occurs that they do not exactly suit. On rusting land the potash should be in the form of kainit.

(2) The blight is a bacterial disease and there was no relation of cause and efect between the blight and the vegetables. It was what we call apple leaf blight, which sometimes does considerable injury to apples and generally ruins pear trees.

VOLUNTEER OATS.

A. A. Crawford, Yatesville, Ga.—I have several acres of volunteer oats; looks well, fairly good stand. Shall I leave them? I have some experience with volunteer oats which was not satisfactory. Some farmers advise to take a diamond plow and break up the whole surface and then roll them and they then will be a great deal better. Will this do or will it not kill the oats? These farmers seem to be confident it will not hurt the oats, but likely double the crop. They say oats is a good deal of the nature of crabgrass after it begins to bunch. Would thank you for your opinion.

Answer—If I understand you correctly you have been advised to take a diamond plow and break up the whole surface and then roll it, and that this process will not kill the oats, but will likely double the crop, etc. My experience and observation have taught me that the expediency of relying on a volunteer stand of oats is a very uncertain problem. As a rule the oats are liable to be very much infested with weeds, etc., and these weeds are already well established. Moreover, the stand is likely to be very irregular. I have no experience of the plan your neighbors advise you to adopt. Indeed I have not before now heard of such a plan. I believe it would pay better to either plow the land thoroughly and resow to oats about the 15th to 20th of February, or plant the field in some other crop. Either plan would give opportunity to prepare the land, seed and fertilize it properly. If I were facing the problem I think I could solve it quickly. At best it is a sort of hit or miss proposition.

GROUND PHOSPHATE ROCK IN IRISH POTATOES.

Telegram from W. M. Rogers, Ocilla, Ga.—"Will ground phosphate rock injure cut Irish potatoes?"

Answer by wire: "Will not injure, nor will it do any good. Use acid phosphate."

To the above message, by wire, I will add for the benefit of others that Irish potato is a quick-maturing crop and requires a fertilizer that is immediately available, which is not true of ground phosphate rock. Indeed it is not quick enough in action, even for corn and cotton.

ANTS IN GARDEN.

F. D. Gordon, Calhoun, Ala.—What is a good way to exterminate ants? My garden is just covered with their beds. They are so numerous until they kill out the plants.

Answer—Dr. Smith, in his book, "Economic Eutomology," says that bisulphide of carbon is the best remedy. He recommends that a quantity be poured into the openings leading to their beds underground and the openings then stoped by treading on them. Some recommend that a lighted match at the end of a long stick be applied to the open hole after pouring in the bi-sulphide, but remember that this liquid is very inflammable and explosive and be careful. If one application should not be effective try again when the ants make their appearance near by. It is said that deep and close plowing at the beginning of winter will destroy the young and greatly less the numbers the following summer.

SORGHUM SCRAP V. COTTON.

C. H. Merrell, Roopville, Ga.—I would like to get your information on oats followed by sorghum for syrup. I want to sow an early oat and cut them for seed (to sell). By using 1,200 pounds guano and 200 pounds soda I think I can get 100 bushels by harrowing three or four times before sowing, and when oats are cut to plant cane and use about 400 pounds of a good fertilizer. May I count on two hundred gallons of sorghum

I thought I would pull the cane fodder and let fall into the middles to be turned under when cane is cut off and probably scatter some pomace extra. Probably this will add as much to the land as if sown in peas after oats. This land will produce about one bale of cotton with 400 pounds of fertilizer and a little strand of manure.

Would it be safe to risk this plan after 20th of February? There isn't any prospect of plowing soon. And will it beat planting it in cotton?

Answer.—It would have been wiser to have sown the oats in October, but you may possibly make a large yield if you shall sow between February 15 and 20, or even as late as March. Spring oats are by no means so sure a crop as fall sown. Much would depend on the analysis of the guano you propose to use. I would want a formula that would analyze about 7—3.00—5.00, or say 1,000 pounds of acid and 16 per cent, 600 pounds, nitrate of soda and 200 pounds of muriate of potash. I would harrow in the acid and muriate before sowing the oats and apply part of the nitrate of soda at sowing or immediately after sowing and the remainder about last of March. You do not say "per acre," whenever you mention amounts, but I presume you mean 1,200 pounds guano and 200 pounds soda per acre. I fear that would be too much. I would cut it by one-half. It is possible to secure a yield of 100 bushels of spring oats per acre, but not probable.

Whether you can make 200 gallons of sorghum syrup per acre after oats is another probability. Whether such a yield of syrup would pay or beat cotton would depend on the prices of cotton and syrup.

If you can feed the cured sorghum blades to cattle the results would probably be more profitable than to turn it under. Such turning under would hardly do the land as much good as would a crop of peas. I consider sorghum as exhaustive a crop as is corn. I have no idea what you can get for sorghum syrup in the market. Indeed I was not aware that there was a market for it.

A LESS EXPENSIVE FORMULA.

W. W. Akin, Orchard Hill, Ga.—I want a formula for mixing a fertilizer for cotton on gray sandy land. How will this do? 4,000 pounds 10—2—2 guano, 2,000 pounds 14 per cent acid and 2,000 pounds 12 per cent kainit. I want about 400 pounds per acre. Would that make a good guano for cotton? If not, please send me one. I noticed one of your formulas in yesterday's paper for sandy land and you used cotton seed meal. I think I like that, but if the 10—2—2 guano will do the same good it is not quite as expensive.

Answer—Your proposed mixture of 4,000 pounds of 10—2—2 guano, 2,000 pounds of 14 per cent acid and 2,000 pounds of 12 per cent kainit would analyze about, or exactly, 5.50—1.00—4.00, which would not be a good formular for cotton, because it should have about three times as much nitrogen. If you already have your 10—2—2 guano you may add to each 200 pounds of it about 35 pounds of cotton seed meal and 20 pounds of kainit. Or you might bed on the 10—2—2 with the 20 pounds of kainit per sack before planting and use about 20 pounds of nitrate of soda for each 200-pound sack of the 10—2—2 and kainit as a top or side dressing. You cannot mix so as to get a compound high in nitrogen unless you use more nitrogen than the 2 per cent that is in your guano.

Your effort to secure a less "expensive" fertilizer may easily result in getting a less effective one, requiring just about as much more per acre as the more expensive would exceed it in cost.

(1) COUGHING PIGS; (2) FERTILIZING COTTON; (3) ROACHES.

"X," Rowland, N. C.—(1) I have eight pigs, three or four months old, and they seem to be doing fairly well, but have a bad cough. They eat heartily and then go away from the trough and vomit all they have eaten, and seem very sick. But seem perished at the next feedtime. I feed mill feed twice a day; have good, dry sleeping place for them. Their bowels run off at times; say, one day in a week or ten days. I fear cholera, and lost some this way a year ago. (2) I have forty acres of old light upland that I want to put in cotton, and use about 1,000 pounds of fertilizer per acre—say, 700 acid—kainit and meal at planting, and 200 pounds blood goods and 100 soda, June 1 to 15, as a top-dressing. Please advise me. This land, with 1,000 pounds, made one bale per acre in 1911, and last year made ¾-bale with 800 pounds. (3) Wrote you about a year ago for a remedy for black roaches, and tried your remedy without favorable results. Tried both the bisulphide, also borax and chocolate, and now in opening up goods—can goods—I find hundreds of them in cases. I used 10 to 15 pounds bisulphide on Saturday night, and let it stand till Monday a. m., but it didn't seem to kill the pest. I would try almost anything that will not injure my good to be rid of them.

Answer—(1) Cough in pigs may arise from several causes, worms, indigestion, disordered liver and irritation of the membranes lining the throat. You will have to find the cause yourself.

The fact that a lot of pigs are affected alike is evidence that the ailment, whatever it may be, is due to some cause to which they have all been exposed and not an individual trouble or weakness. I suspect in this case the cause is indigestion and that irritation of the stomach from eating unwholesome food or too much food is the cause of the indigestion and vomiting. It is important to find the cause of the irritation. Are they in a close pen? If so, turn them out at once and give them a chance to exercise and to root. If from indigestible food give half teaspoonful of aromatic spirits of ammonia. If from inflammation or irritation give 20 drops of laudanum in a little starch gruel as an injection. It is nearly always in order to change the food, but not too suddenly or all at once.

(2) I advise you to use formula No. 2 or some mixture that will give about the same analysis. (See Tri-Weekly of February 4.)

I do not advise withholding any part of the phosphate and potash until after planting, except a portion of the nitrogen, which may be applied in one or more applications after planting in the form of nitrate of soda. A 10—3—3 is about right for cotton on ordinary uplands to be increased to 10—3—4 or 10—4—5 on very sandy soils inclined to rust. You do not say in what proportions you will mix the 700 pounds of acid, kainit and meal. See formula No. 2 and "modifications" at foot of column.

(3) They were not my remedies, but only what I found recommended by go[illegible] authorities. Where carbon bisulphide is used the room should be practically airtight. There must have been some defect in details of your treatment. It is said that the borax and chocolate should be ground together with pickle in a mortar.

THE BEST FORMULA.

G. T. Phillips, Milan, Ga.—Am thinking of using an 8—3—7 ready-mixed fertilizer. Would like to know if you think that is too much potash for this part of Georgia (Telfair county). The land is a dark sandy soil with red clay subsoil. Some of my friends say that is too much potash. My land is all fresh land, from 1 to 5 years. Can buy any of the following brands: 8—4—4, 8—3—7, 10—4—6, 10—2—8, 10—2—5, or 8—2—5, 9—2—3, etc.

Answer—I think a guano analyzing 8—3—7 would supply an unnecessary amount of potash even on the lightest sandy soil. It would be an excellent mixture for sweet potatoes, Irish potatoes, cantaloupes and watermelons. If I were limited in choice to the several analyses you state I would select a 10—4—6, which carries ¼ more phosphoric acid, 1-3 more nitrogen and 1-7 less potash. My preference would be—if not limited in choosing—would be a 10—4—5, or an 8—3.20—4, which carries the same proportions, but is ¼ lower grade and should sell for ¼ less money.

MANURE AND ACID PHOSPHATE. GUANO ON COWPEAS.

E. B. Weatherly, Ainslie, Ga.—I have a nice lot of barn-house manure from fifteen head of stock for one year. I desire to compost this manure either in a pen or in the ground. My idea is to put the manure fairly thick in a furrow made on land well broken by a middle buster and add about 300 pounds of 16 per cent acid with the manure about two or three weeks before planting. Of course I would put both the manure and acid down at the same time. Please give me your idea on this question.

Do you think guano pays under cowpeas sown for hay on land which is used to alternate oats and peas?

Answer—You may either compost the stable manure with acid prosphate and muriate of potash (or kainit) in a pen, or you may scatter the manure and the other ingredients named in the bedding furrow some weeks before planting time—the longer the better. I would use for each ton of the stable manure about 100 pounds of 16 per cent acid. If the manure is of good quality it would probably be unnecessary to add any potash unless the soil be very light and sandy, in which case you may add ten pounds of muriate of potash if you conclude to put it all separately in the bedding furrow; or, if you compost in a pen or broad heap, I would substitute about 50 pounds of kainit for the muriate. Therefore, if you wish to apply as much as 300 pounds of acid it would require three tons of the stable manure (three good two-horse loads) and three times as much muriate or kainit.

I would prefer to apply unmixed (except the mixing of the acid and potash) and bed on it with the stable manure separately applied. You will find that it will require a good deal of manure to make much of a show even when placed in the furrows as advised and all should be well mixed with the soil of the furrow.

I would not advise to use more than a very small amount of nitrogen along with 8—4 acid and potash (or 12—6) on cowpeas. The nitrogen to give the peas a good, vigorous start.

HOG CHOLERA.

J. G. Johnson, Atlanta, Ga.—I have some sick hogs and knowing your experience thought you might tell me of some remedy that will cure them. Then want to lie down most of the time and when I make them get up they reel from one side to the other on their hind feet until they fall down. Their eyes run water and some of them have gone blind. Their skin is pink and the hair is coming off. They eat enough to keep fat. I have been giving them a little copperas and Dr. Lyons' stock powders. They have been inoculated and none of my friends can tell me what is the matter with them. If you can diagnose their case and give me a remedy it will be highly appreciated.

Answer—I have little doubt that your hogs have hog cholera, probably in a light form, as the symptoms are very characteristic of that disease. I advise you to treat the hogs, both well and sick, as follows: Put the sick ones in a comfortable, well-ventilated place, free from drafts, and in the early stage give each two ounces of castor oil. Follow this with ten drops of nitro-hydrochloric acid, well diluted with water, three times a day. Also give ½ ounce spirits turpentine in sweet oil once a day. Continue this for three or four days and then give four grains quinine in two tablespoonfuls good whisky and same quantity cold water three times a day for four or five days if necessary.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING RATES

1 insertion .....10c per line
3 insertions .....6c per line
7 insertions .....5c per line

No advertisement will be accepted for less than two lines. Seven ordinary words make a line.

Discontinuance of advertisement running must be in writing and will not be accepted by telephone.

PLEASE TELEPHONE YOUR AD.

If it is not convenient to bring or send it to The Constitution.

PHONE

5000

Is the number. Ask for the Classified Advertising Department. Specially trained operators are in charge, who not only will give information as to rates, rules and classification, but will assist in wording the advertisement if you desire it.

The telephone service is an accommodation which The Constitution asks its patrons not to unwittingly abuse. An account is opened for telephone ads as an accommodation only and consequent are payable immediately after publication or when bills are presented, either by mail or by collector. No more than this short credit should be expected.

LOST AND FOUND.

LADIES' double-faced gold watch, Elgin movement, between Keely's store and Wolfsheimer's, possibly in Vaudette Theater; suitable reward to finder. Call Ivy 105. x1

LOST—Friday afternoon, hair cross with gold tips. Finder call Ivy 412-J. 1

LOST—Reward for the return of my ivory-handled umbrella, and no questions asked. Paul Burkert, 30 Luckie St. 1

LOST—Friday night, gold rope watch chain, with glass fob, containing pictures of four colored people, attached. Will pay reward if left at this office. 1

LOST—Ladies' plain watch, open-face, Swiss movement, plain back, with diamond set, at the Auditorium or on Whitehall or Hunter, Sunday afternoon. Finder please call Main 4578-L, and receive reward. 1

FOUND—Black mule, weight about 850 pounds. Owner can get same by paying feed bill and this ad. Luther Jackson, No. 3 Howell Mill road. 1

FOUND—W. M. Cox cleans all kinds of carpets; rugs a specialty. Ivy 3135-J; Atlanta 1818 145 Auburn avenue. 1

LOST—White aigrette on Lee street, between Park and West End Pharmacy. Finder return to 30 Park street and receive reward. x1

LOST—Saturday on Peachtree between Sixth street and Forrest avenue, one gold purse, with owner's name engraved on it, Nellie Kiser Stewart. Finder please call Ivy 271, or 177 Juniper street and get reward. 1

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—A first-class varnisher for automobile bodies; good wages and good town to live in. Address The Carriage Woodstock Company, Owensboro, Ky. 2

YOUNG MAN—BE A BARBER.
WE teach you quickly, cheaply, thoroughly; tools furnished. We give you actual shop work and you keep half the receipts. Our students in big demand; big wages; always sure of work. We have 53 colleges in principal cities. Write us for catalogue or call. This may mean much to you. Moler System of Colleges, 38 Luckie street. x2

$1,200 A YEAR.

Mr. P. F. Speer, chief clerk to Superintendent Terminal, Boca Grande, Fla., learned bookkeeping and shorthand in four months, started at $60 a month, now makes $1,200 year. Hundreds of our graduates are doing as well. What are you doing? Write for catalog. Address Department M., Bagwell Business College, Atlanta. 2

STENO-BOOKKEEPER—Must be single, good penman and very proficient. Fine position for the right person. Apply in own handwriting, giving references, to Box 53, care Constitution. 2

YOU TO KNOW the Motor Supplies Co., corner Peachtree and Harris streets, are selling their stock of automobile accessories and supplies at cost, under bankruptcy proceedings. 2

WANTED—A few energetic men with horse and cart, each to take and deliver newspaper routes. None but those meaning business, willing to be at the office seven days a week at 3 a. m., rain or fair, willing to work and able to give a small personal or cash bond need answer. Apply in person to Circulation Manager, Constitution, x2

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

Arrival and Departure of Passenger Trains, Atlanta.

The following schedule figures are published only as information and are not guaranteed:

*Daily except Sunday.
**Sunday Only.

Atlanta Terminal Station.

Atlanta and West Point Railroad Co.

No.	Arrive From—	No.	Depart To—
*42	West P't 8:15 am	35	New Orleans 5:45 am
**44	West P't 9:55 am	19	Columbus 6:45 am
18	Columb's 10:20 am	33	M'gomery 9:10 am
38	New Or. 10:45 am	39	New Orleans 2:00 pm
40	New Or. 2:25 pm	17	Columbus 4:10 pm
34	Mont'y 7:05 pm	37	New Orleans 5:20 pm
20	Columbus 7:40 pm	41	West Point 5:45 pm
36	New Or. 11:40 pm		

Central of Georgia Railway.

No.	Arrive From—	No.	Depart To—
Thomasville	6:25 am	Savannah	8:00 am
Jacksonville	6:47 am	Albany	8:00 am
Savannah	6:25 am	Jacksonville	9:47 am
Albany	6:25 am	Macon	12:30 pm
Jacksonville	7:25 am	Macon	4:00 pm
Macon	6:25 am	Jacksonville	8:30 pm
Macon	10:50 am	Savannah	9:35 pm
Savannah	4:20 pm	Valdosta	8:30 pm
Macon	7:30 pm	Jacksonville	10:10 pm
Macon	7:55 pm	Thomasville	11:45 pm
Jacksonville	8:03 pm	Albany	11:45 pm

Southern Railway.

"Premier Carrier of the South."

Arrival and Departure of Passenger Trains Atlanta.

The following schedule figures are published only as information, and are not guaranteed:

No.	Arrive From—	No.	Depart To—
36	Bir'ham 12:01 am	26	New York 12:15 am
2	Cincinnati 2:55 am	2	Jack'ville 3:05 am
35	New York 5:00 am	20	Columbus 5:20 am
13	Jack'ville 5:20 am	13	Cincinnati 5:40 am
43	Wash'ton 5:25 am	32	Ft. Valley 5:30 am
12	Shreveport 6:30 am	35	Bir'ham 5:50 am
28	Jack'ville 8:50 am	7	Chatta. 6:40 am
*17	Toccoa 8:10 am	12	Richmond 9:55 am
26	Hefin 8:20 am	23	Kan. City 7:00 am
29	New York 11:15 am	16	Brunswick 7:45 am
8	Chatta. 10:35 am	29	Bir'ham 11:30 am
7	Macon 10:40 am	38	New York 11:01 am
27	Ft. Valley 10:45 am	40	Charlotte 12:00 n'n
21	Columbus 10:50 am	6	Jack'ville 11:20 am
6	Cincin'ti 11:10 am	30	Columbus 12:30 pm
40	Bir'ham 12:40 pm	30	New York 2:45 pm
29	Columbus 1:40 pm	15	Chatta 3:00 pm
30	Bir'ham 2:30 pm	30	Bir'ham 4:10 pm
39	Charlotte 3:55 pm	*18	Toccoa 4:30 pm
5	Jack'ville 5:00 pm	22	Columbus 5:10 pm
37	New York 5:00 pm	5	Cincinn'ti 5:10 pm
15	Brunswick 7:50 pm	28	Ft. Valley 5:20 pm
1	Jack'ville 8:10 pm	25	Hefin 5:45 pm
11	Richmond 8:30 pm	10	Macon 5:30 pm
24	Kan. City 9:20 pm	1	Cincinnati 8:20 pm
16	Chatta 9:35 pm	44	Wash'ton 8:45 pm
19	Columbus 10:20 pm	24	Jack'ville 9:30 pm
31	Ft. Valley 10:25 pm	11	Shreveport 11:00 pm
14	Cincin'ti 11:00 pm	14	Jack'ville 11:10 pm

Trains marked thus (*) run daily, except Sunday. Other trains run daily. Central time.
City Ticket Office, No. 1 Peachtree St.

Union Passenger Station.

Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic.

Arrive From—		Depart To—
6:30 am 7:10 pm	Cordele.... Fitzgerald.. Waycross.. Brunswick. Thomasville	7:30 am 10:15 pm

Pullman sleeping cars on night trains between Atlanta and Thomasville.

Georgia Railroad.

No.	Arrive From—	No.	Depart To—
3	Augusta 6:25 am	4	Augusta 12:10 n't
*	Covington 7:30 am	2	Augusta and New York 7:30 am
93	Union Pt. 9:30 am	*26	Lithonia 10:30 am
1	Augusta 1:50 pm	28	Augusta 3:25 pm
*25	Lithonia 2:10 pm	94	Union Pt. 5:00 pm
27	New York and Augusta 8:20 pm	*10	Covington 6:10 pm

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

Effective December 1, 1912.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati-Louisville	7:12 am	9:50 pm
Chicago and Northwest		
Cincinnati and Louisville	5:10 pm	11:55 pm
Knoxville via Blue Ridge	7:35 am	5:12 pm
Knoxville via Cartersville	7:12 am	9:50 pm
Knoxville via Cartersville	5:10 pm	11:55 am
Blue Ridge accommodation	4:40 pm	10:05 am

Seaboard Air Line Railway.

Effective January 5, 1913.

No.	Arrive From—	No.	Depart To—
41	New York 6:15 am	41	Birm'ham 6:30 am
41	Norfolk 6:15 am	41	Memphis 6:30 am
41	Washington 6:15 am	32	Monroe 7:00 am
41	Portsmouth 6:15 am	32	New York 12:50 pm
37	Ab'ville,S.C. 8:50 am	32	Wash'ton 12:50 pm
32	Memphis 12:40 pm	32	Norfolk 12:50 pm
32	Birm'ham 12:40 pm	32	Portsm'th 12:50 pm
50	Birm'ham 12:10 pm	51	Birm'ham 4:15 pm
33	New York 4:55 pm	33	Birm'ham 5:05 pm
33	Washington 4:55 pm	33	Memphis 5:05 pm
33	Norfolk 4:55 pm	38	Ab'ville,S.C. 4:00 pm
33	Portsmouth 4:55 pm	38	New York 8:55 pm
38	Birm'ham 8:35 pm	38	Norfolk 8:55 pm
58	Monroe 8:00 pm	38	Portsm'th 8:55 pm

City Ticket Office, 88 Peachtree St.

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

No.	Arrive From—	No.	Depart To—
3	Nashville 7:10 am	94	Chicago 8:00 am
99	Chicago 9:25 am	2	Nashville 8:35 am
73	Rome 10:20 am	92	Nashville 4:50 pm
98	Nashville 11:45 am	72	Rome 5:15 pm
1	Nashville 7:35 pm	98	Chicago 8:25 pm
95	Chicago 7:50 pm	4	Nashville 8:50 pm

WANTED—MALE HELP.

NOTICE TO POOL PLAYERS!—Why not do all your pool playing at the Terminal Hotel Pool Parlors? You get 35c in checks for 25c; good tables, good cues and good service. 2

PORTER wanted that has had experience around soda fountain. Empire Soda and Cigar Company, 86 Peachtree St.

STOP AT HILBURN HOTEL, heart of city, 10½ Walton street, if you want a clean, quiet room. Transient, 50c. Open all night.

Want Advertise —AND WIN

If competition for the desirable jobs seems to be pretty strong, make your want advertising campaign strong enough, persistent enough to win! No capable worker, determined to win the right job through want advertising, ever has failed, or ever will!

The Constitution will take your wants over the phone. Call Main 5000, Atlanta 109.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

YES—If you have two hands, Prof. G. O. Branning will teach you the barber trade. (It's easy). We teach in one-half the time of other colleges. Complete course and position in our shop, only $30. Why pay more? Thousands of our graduates running shops or making good wages. Atlanta Barber College, 10 E. Mitchell st.

WANTED—A young man as agent to sell gasoline gauge for automobile; just out; big money. Write at once for full particulars. D. W. Boyd, P. O. Box 115, Knoxville, Tenn. x2

WRITE QUICK—10,830 positions to fill by new administration; no examinations; list for 10c. Althomer Co., 717 10th st., N. W., Washington, D. C. 2

TWO first-class shoe makers. C. A. Stenfelt, 110½ Whitehall. Main 2477. 2

EXPERIENCED hardwood floor men, square edge and pattern flooring; give reference, experience and rate per hour. Address Box 108, care Constitution. 2

WANTED—On February 15, by young man, 23 years of age, now employed, position in clerical work. Can operate typewriter. Position must be permanent and good chances for a future to a hard worker; four years' experience. A No. 1 references. Address X. X. X., care Constitution. 2

WANTED—First-class male stenographer. Address P. O. Box 1675. 2

WANTED—Railway mail clerks for parcel post, $90 month; Atlanta, Ga., examinations May 3; coaching free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 52-B, Rochester, N. Y. 2

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

EXPERIENCED millinery saleslady. Call today Room 504 Kimball Hotel; young lady preferred. Oscar Stern. 3

WANTED—Young women and girls desiring permanent, attractive positions. Welfare of operators and clerks closely supervised by the company; their conduct on the premises carefully guarded by matron, women supervisors and chief operator, who have complete control over the retiring and operating room. Two weeks' training course for those inexperienced, salary being paid while learning. Salary increased at the end of two weeks and for those becoming efficient, increased as they become worthy, with opportunities for ultimate advancement to $75 per month. References proving the standing of the applicant essential. Those having educational advantages preferred. Lunch room and comfortable retiring rooms provided with several hundred Carnegie library books for the convenience of operators. Matron and trained nurse in attendance. Apply preferably in person, 8:30 a. m. to 5 p. m. Training School, 25 Auburn avenue. x3

WANTED—Good cook at 105 Moreland avenue. 3

FIRST-CLASS short-order cook, kitchen girl and three white lady waiters; northern preferred; best wages for efficient help. Apply Tuesday morning. No. 10 Luckie street, opposite Piedmont Hotel. 3

WOMEN wanted for government positions; $80 month. Vacancy list free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 700-A, Rochester, N. Y. 3

WANTED—Suits to clean; price and work guaranteed. Boston Dry Cleaning Company. Main 868. 166 Whitehall. 3

COOK WANTED—91 East Ninth st. Good wages to satisfactory party. x3

WANTED SITUATIONS—MALE.

WANTED—MAKE-UP OR MAKE-UP FOREMAN WANTS SITUATION ON SMALL CITY DAILY. MAKE-UP, BOX F-532, CARE CONSTITUTION. 4

WANTED—By a thoroughly experienced wholesale and retail bookkeeper, cashier and utility man, a position in or out of the city. I am young, active, accurate and not afraid of hard work; can audit and put your old books in shape, render financial statement, balance sheets, etc., and install new system; am at present employed; "can accept position at once;" references No. 1. Address Box 102, care Constitution. 4

CLERK, wholesale or retail, any line; long experience; drugs preferred. German-American. Box 104, care Constitution. 4

WANTED—Position in bank or clerical work; am now employed, but desire change; can give best references. Address W. H. Finch, Fort Lawn, S. C. x4

WANTED—Position by young man with four years' experience as stenographer, bookkeeper and cashier. Box 90, care Constitution. 4

A SALES MANAGER operating successfully for a high-priced specialty desires a change for a similar position with Atlanta headquarters. Address propositions to No. F-539, care Constitution. 4

BRIGHT, energetic young man, just out of school, desires position; not afraid of work; references. Address B. A. B., care Constitution. 4

EXPERIENCED CREDIT MAN, who is expert bookkeeper, with ten years' work as stenographer and court reporter back of him, would like employment where ability and application would receive recognition; grant me one interview and be convinced; money talks; I deliver the goods. Box 96, care Constitution. x4

WANTED SITUATIONS—FEMALE.

WANTED—Position. Refined, experienced French children nurse; good reference. Box 103, care Constitution. 5

COMPETENT stenographer, with 5 years' experience, desires position. Address Mrs. B., P. O. Box 390. x5

STENOGRAPHER—Correct English, good city references; graduate northern college; accurate; reliable. Box 107, care Constitution. 5

A-1 STENOGRAPHER, capable of being private secretary, desires position for half the day; best of references. Address Box 105, care Constitution. 5

WANTED—AGENTS AND SALESMEN.

AGENTS to sell our white lead. Liberal commission. Address Box 600, 4520 Chestnut st., Philadelphia, Pa.

AGENTS and salesmen to handle Vulcanine; makes tires puncture-proof in 10 minutes. Ride on air and laugh at punctures. R. L. Walker, No " Peters St. 6

LIVE AGENTS, both sexes, coin big money handling our Lightning Mixers, Triplex Bags, Sanitary Combs, and other specialties. Mutual, Dept. L, 317 Fourth National Bank Bldg., Atlanta. x6

TRAVELING MAN WANTED for the southern states; exceptional opportunity, if you are a real live salesman and know the dry goods trade in this territory; single man preferred; guaranteed salary and expense. Minneapolis Knitting Works. See W. H. Thorp, Pres., at Piedmont Hotel, Saturday, February 15. 6

WANTED—High-grade specialty salesmen for southern territory; factory line. FRENCH CHINA COMPANY, L. T. Douglas, Mgr., Room 936, Piedmont Hotel.

WANTED—A man acquainted with city trade to sell brooms; only those furnishing good references need apply. Hodges Broom Works, 107 South Forsyth street. 6

SALESMEN to sell electrical specialty, badly needed by every plant using dynamos and motors; $2000 to $500 monthly profit; every sale a continual and permanent customer. Schwartz-Bollinger Company, 805 New Bank of Commerce Bldg., St. Louis, Mo. x6

WANTED—BOARDERS.

BELLEVUE INN

STEAM-HEATED rooms, with or without board. Ivy 1598-L. 57 East Third street, near Georgian Terrace. x7

SMALL single room for rent with board in private family; attractive home and best board. 7 West Eighth street. Phone Ivy 2258-J. x7

514 PEACHTREE ST.—Best residence section. Desirable rooms, with or without board. Private bath if desired. Ivy 1499-J. 7

ELEGANT room and board in new modern Elizabeth street home, in Inman Park; very reasonable. Ivy 4231-J. 7

WANTED—Gentleman boarders, close in, nice furnished rooms. Main 5375-J. 22 Markham street. 7

15 BALTIMORE BLOCK.

NICELY FURNISHED rooms and board. x7

SELECT BOARDING at 647 Peachtree, for a couple or young men; references. Ivy 6634. 7

NICELY furnished front suite, containing two connecting rooms, with private bath, steam heat, electric lights, elevator, cafe; references. Graham Apartments, 17 West Cain street. Ivy 9050. 7

NICELY furnished rooms, with board, for one or two gentlemen. 101 Capitol avenue. x7

COUPLE having furnace-heated bungalow will take another couple to board; only those appreciating best need apply; references exchanged. Address H. E. B., care Constitution. 7

31-33 CONE ST.—Furnished rooms, with board; furnace heat; hot and cold water. x7

COUPLE to board in private family, nicely furnished room. Call Ivy 956-L. 16 Copenhill avenue. 7

362 PEACHTREE—Fine location, near in, large rooms, steam heat and electric lights; first-class table board; terms reasonable. x7

NICE couple to board with private family in West End; no objection to a baby. Call West 841. x7

WANTED—A few select boarders in private home; nicely furnished room, with all conveniences; good meals at reasonable rates. Ivy 5133, or call 389 Spring. 7

ROOM and board for couple; furnace heat; best part Inman Park. Ivy 3886-J. x7

TWO young men or couple can secure large front room with board in private, north side house, furnace heat and all modern conveniences. Phone Ivy 6852-J. 7

MRS. BETTS would like a few table boarders; everything first-class. 16 East Baker. 7

THE ROY.

22-24—EAST ELLIS ST.—Elegantly furnished rooms. Meals if desired. Absolutely up-to-date in every respect; reasonable terms. Ivy 5107. x7

WANTED—BOARDERS.

A CLOSE-IN, strictly private home, all conveniences, can accommodate a refined couple or two gentlemen with beautiful room and first-class home cooking. Phone Ivy 6221. 147 North Jackson street. x7

WANTED—At guests in private home, a lady and gentleman to occupy an extra spare room with private bath, furnace heat; a beautiful new home, large veranda and grounds; double parlors, hardwood floors, beamed ceilings, large closets and plenty of light and air upstairs. Price, $65 per month, or room on first floor, bath to be shared by two daughters of the owner; $70 per month. None but desirable guests need apply. Car line, half block; 20 minutes' ride center of city. Phone Main 66, or address G., 214 Empire building. x7

WANTED—Young men boarders at 26 South Humphries street. Atlanta phone 6048-A. x7

NICE room, with board, in quiet, private family, close in. Main 4238-J. x7

NICELY furnished room for married couple or gentlemen, steam heat, elevator, cafe; reference. Gresham Apart., 17 W. Cain street. Ivy 6050. 7

14 WILLIAMS, now under new management; nicely furnished rooms and board. Ivy 3133. 7

NICELY furnished rooms for light housekeeping; also single rooms, close in. 48 Carnegie Way. 7

PEACHTREE INN.

THIS is a family hotel, located at Peachtree and Alexander streets. Suites and single rooms, with private or public bathrooms. Bell boy service, night and day. American plan from $7.50 to $12

FOR SALE—AUTOMOBILES.

AUTOGENOUS WELDING.

CRANKED cylinders, broken cranks and cases, frames and all other parts of autos and machinery of all kinds and in all metals autogenously welded. Work first-class and guaranteed.

METAL WELDING CO.

86-88 GARNETT ST., ATLANTA, GA.
Phone Main 3013

FOR EXCHANGE.

WANTED—To trade my equity 5-room house, for a diamond, mortgage notes or an automobile. Box 94, care Constitution. x21

WILL exchange city lots in good Georgia town for farm lands. Address H. L. H., care Constitution. x21

PERSONAL.

DETACHABLE HANDLE UMBRELLAS. THE "TAYLOR-MADE" ARE the best yet. All prices. Guaranteed and kept in repair free. Phone M. 3748. Taylor Umbrella Co., 116½ Whitehall st. x23

IF YOUR ROOF LEAKS, call Roof Dr. W. B. Barnett, Main 714. 23

DROP A CARD.
We'll Bring Cash For
Old Clothes and Shoes.
"THE VESTIAIRE,"
166 Decatur St. x

RHEUMAT-ICURE.

WILL CURE that rheumatism, liver and kidney trouble. Formula of Dr. Holbrook, a specialist in chronic and private diseases; 100 doses $1 postpaid. Call for a free sample. Dr. Holbrook, 32½ Peachtree street. 23

CATARRH, Deafness, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Grippe, Adenoids, etc. I will continue my special low rates for treatment during February and March. This applies to out-of-town patients also. I have the only compound oxygen plant ever brought south, and make and administer this treatment daily. Send for book telling you what this treatment is. Dr. George Brown, Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs, 312-14 Austell building, Atlanta. x23

The Sanitary Hairdressing Parlors, 56½ Peachtree St.

SPECIAL We give 6 tickets for $1 for 10 days, 25 per cent to go to charity. Special attention to children's hair cutting, chiropody, electric massage. J. M. Hart, Manager. x23

FLY SCREENS, fly screens, fly screens. Wood fly screens, metal fly screens, hardwood floors, Venetian blinds, metal weather strips, furnished anywhere in the south. Write or phone W. R. Callaway, Manager, 1403 Fourth National Bank building, Atlanta, Ga. Main 5310. x25

ECLIPSE BLACKSMITHING AND IRON FENCE COMPANY.

164 SOUTH PRYOR, R. B. Wood, prop. Factory phone Main 1431; residence phone Main 4201. Machine, tool, special and job blacksmithing; ornamental iron work, iron fence, tree guards, settees, iron reservoirs, flower vases, hitching posts, etc. 23

50C, THAT'S ALL.

SUITS sponged, pressed and elegantly reshaped, only 50c; hurried work called for and returned immediately. Bell phone Main 2833; Atlanta, 5044. Messenger will call.
IDEAL TAILOR SHOP.
11 Fairlie St. and Old Postoffice. x24

JOE HOEY LAUNDRY.

SUPERIOR WORK in cleanliness and finish. 309 Peachtree street and 57 Carnegie Way. x23

The Annie Gartrell Memorial School of Music.

AT 15 Currier street, can accommodate sixteen more boarding pupils; all school grades specialised. Bell phone Ivy 6655-J. x23

WE MAKE switches from combings, $1.00 each. 70½ Peachtree street. Mrs. Allie Gallaher. Call Ivy 1968-J. 23

WANTED—Cases by experienced maternity nurse. Phone Decatur 184. x23

MATERNITY SANITARIUM — Private, refined, homelike, limited number of patients cared for. Homes provided for infants. Infants for adoption. Mrs. M. T. Mitchell, 26 Windsor street. 23

WE ARE making switches to order, any shade, length or weight; quality and work guaranteed. We remake and add hair to switches, $1.50 and up for work; hair added cost extra.

CLAYTON & ZAHN CO.

Hairdressing, Manicuring, Chiropody Parlors, 36½ Whitehall St. Phone Main 1769. x25

$2.50—We want rooms to tint at $2.50 a room. White labor. Bell phone Main 4807-J. 23

FOR the best shampoo, hairdress, massage and manicure, visit the Eureka Hair Dressing Parlor at 73½ Whitehall street. Dyeing hair and making switches a specialty. 25c parlor. 25

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

FOR SALE—Drug store in the livest town in south Georgia; stock and fixtures, $2,500 to $3,000; part cash, easy payments on balance; good opportunity. Address F-533, care Constitution. x24

WILL SACRIFICE good paying business at once for cash. Owner leaving town. Call [illegible] 4350. x24

ESTABLISHED NOTION STORE, in good town of 7,000, in south Georgia. Will sell at bargain. Owner leaving city. H. J. G., care Constitution. 24

FOR SALE—Two milk depots doing good retail business; also good young mule, harness and heavy milk wagon. Call Atlanta phone 1992. x24

STOCKS AND BONDS.

MONEY IN WHEAT.

$10 BUYS puts or calls on 10,000 bushels of wheat. No further risk. A movement of 5c from price gives you chance to take $500; 4c $400; 3c $300, etc. Write for particulars. The Central Stock and Grain Co., 1101 Park building, Cleveland, Ohio. 25

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY to lend on improved real estate. C. C. McGehee, Jr., 621-625 Empire building.

6 PER CENT LOANS on Atlanta property. J. R. Nutting & Co., 801-4 Empire Life building. x

PARTIES wanting large loans on business property, or money to build business houses on central property, please come in to see us. The Merchants and Mechanics' Banking and Loan Co., 209 Grant Bldg. Telephone 1282 Main. 26

WEYMAN & CONNORS.
ESTABLISHED 1890.
Mortgage Loans on Real Estate.

Chas. P. Glover Realty Co.
LOANS ON REAL ESTATE.
Established 1899. 2½ Walton Street.

LOANS on Atlanta real estate, one to five years; lowest rates. John Carey, 2 Whitehall street. Germania Savings Bank.

FOR real estate loans, see W. B Smith, 708 Fourth National Bank building.

MORTGAGE LOANS.
On Atlanta Property.
BUSINESS BUILDINGS,
5 and 5½ per cent.
RESIDENCE BUILDINGS,
5½, 6 and 6½ per cent.

Your rate depends upon the location.

Without notice you can pay back a hundred, any multiple of a hundred dollars, on the entire loan on any interest date.

TURMAN, BLACK & CALHOUN.
Loan Correspondents,
PRUDENTIAL INSURANCE CO. OF AMERICA.
203-8 Empire Building. 26

MONEY TO LOAN.

PLENTY of 6 and 7 per cent money to lend on improved property, either straight or monthly plan. Also for purchase money notes. Foster & Robson, 11 Edgewood Avenue.

TALK IT OVER WITH CHARLES SMITH about that real estate loan or mortgage. He will come to see you. 1219 Empire building. Phone Main 1127. 26

MONEY on hand to loan on real estate. No delays.
MONTEFIORE SELIG.
410-11-12 Atlanta Nat. Bnk. Bldg.

SPECIAL HOME FUNDS

TO LEND on Atlanta home or business property. Write or call.
S. W. CARSON,
24 South Broad Street.

WANTED—Money on first mortgage on Atlanta real estate from 6 1-2 to 8 per cent. G. R. Moore & Co., 1409 Candler Bldg., Ivy 4978. 26

MONEY TO LOAN.

WANT first-class application for ten thousand dollar loan on Atlanta real estate. W. O. Alston, 1216 Third National Bank building. 26

WANT to loan $9,000 insurance money of children, 8 years, 8 per cent, on improved property. Mrs. Lola Barlow, care Constitution. 26

THE EASIEST WAY TO LIFT THE MORTGAGE. ADOPT our 10-year installment loan plan. Come in and get descriptive pamphlet. Atlanta Trust Company, 140 Peachtree St. Geo. L. Word, Special Loan Agent. 26

MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE AND others upon their own names; cheap rates, easy payments, confidential. D. H. Tolman, Room 820 Austell building. 26

AARON HAAS, SON & HOWELL,
LOANS on real estate. We buy purchase money notes. Quick service. 732-734 Candler building. Phone Ivy 4453. x26

WANTED—To buy good purchase money notes, or first mortgages. Georgia Land and Loan Company, 909 Third National Bank Bldg. 26

WANTED—$20,000 or $30,000 in real estate notes, from $5,000 to $10,000 each. The Merchants and Mechanics' Banking and Loan Company, 209 Grant building. Main 1282. 26

GEO. L. WORD, HILLYER TRUST BUILDING. Loans on Atlanta real estate.

LOANS ON REAL ESTATE H. J. BRUCE Phone: Main 2653.
615 EMPIRE BLDG. 26

LOANS—Money to lend on Atlanta and suburban real estate in sums of $500, $1,000, $1,500, $2,000 to $5,000. We also buy purchase money notes. Dunson & Gay, 409 Equitable building. x26

FARM LOANS—We place loans in any amount on improved farm lands in Georgia. The Southern Mortgage Company, Gould building.

R. C. DESAUSSURE.

TIME and monthly loans negotiated on real estate. Room 813 Atlanta National Bank building.

WANTED—MONEY.

WANTED—To borrow direct, $5,500 at 8 per cent, on property near Druid Hills and worth $16,000. Improvement, care Constitution. x27

I DESIRE a loan of $1,000 for twelve months. Will pay 8 per cent; security, $3,000 worth of real estate, i. e., four beautiful residence lots. Answer quick. "Money Wanted," P. O. Box 800, City.

AUCTION SALES.

AT AUCTION.

TODAY, (Monday), at 90 S. Pryor, several consignments of household and office furniture, consisting of $350 Kingsbury piano, in perfect condition; an $80 genuine leather Pullman davenport (never used), bedroom, dining room and kitchen furniture, art squares, curtains, roll and flat top desks and tables, fine leather couch, etc. Sale at 10:30 a. m., at 90 South Pryor.
B. BERNARD, Auctioneer.

AT AUCTION.

TODAY, Feb. 10th, at our new quarters, 102 Edgewood avenue, the entire furnishings of 72 Currier street. This is an exceptionally fine lot of house furnishings as ever offered at auction.

AT 10 A. M. SHARP, we will offer to the highest bidder, without reserve or limit, davenport, chiffrobe, chiffoniers, dressers, library table, ladies' writing desks, pedestal, rockers, sideboard, dining chairs, dining table, all in mahogany; odd dressers, washstands, bedroom suits, in oak; brass beds, enamel beds, Vernis-Martin beds, springs, mattresses, bed linens, wool blankets, table linens, carpets, art squares, linoleum, matting squares, curtains, bric-a-brac, heaters, ranges, kitchen cabinet, and in fact other goods too numerous to mention.

PEMBROKE SALES CO.,
102 Edgewood Ave.

MEDICAL.

DR. EDMONDSON'S Tansy Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills, a safe and reliable treatment for irregularities. Trial box by mail, 50 cents. Frank Edmondson & Bros., manufacturing chemists, 14 South Broad St., Atlanta, Ga. x29

RHEUMAT-ICURE

WILL CURE that rheumatism. Private formula of a specialist. Your druggist guarantees it; 100 doses $1. By mail, postpaid. Dr. Holbrook Medicine Company, Atlanta, Ga. x29

PALMISTRY.

PALMIST AND LIFE READER.
17 EAST MITCHELL ST. (IN TENT.) 30

PALMIST AND CLAIRVOYANT.

REVEALS your past, describes your present, and advises you on the future. Satisfaction guaranteed. 93 Auburn avenue. (In tent.) 30

GYPSY QUEEN

IS NOW located on North Forsyth street, corner of Luckie. Reveals your past, present and future. Consult her on all affairs of life. (In tent.)

BUSINESS AND MAIL ORDER DIRECTORY.

TRUNKS, BAGS AND SUIT CASES RETAILED AND REPAIRED.

ROUNTREE'S 77 WHITEHALL STREET.
Phones: Bell, Main 1576; Atlanta, 1654.

GROCERIES.

FOR something to eat, phone Ivy 562 and 563. Camp Grocery Company, 345 Peachtree street. A complete line of fancy groceries and fresh meats. We make a specialty of fresh vegetables and fruits. O. T. CAMP, Manager.

CONTRACTING.

G. H. BRAY.
CONTRACTOR.
1527 Candler Bldg. Phone Ivy 1731.

PRINTERS

A New One.

ADVERTISERS' PRESS—Printing, advertising, engraving and electrotyping. 54 Auburn Ave. Phone Ivy 4737. 31

MATTRESS RENOVATING.

SANITARY MATTRESS RENOVATING—Factory new and up-to-date; moderate prices; give us a trial. Jackson & Orr Company, Means St. and W. & A. R. R. Both phones. x33

FIREPROOF STORAGE.

WE store household goods and pianos. Office and warehouse 239-41 Edgewood avenue. Ivy 2057. John J. Woodside Storage Company.

LODGE SUPPLIES AND BADGES.

W. H. JOHNSON COMPANY.

SEALS, badges, banners and all lodge paraphernalia, wigs of all kinds. 183 Whitehall St.

HATTERS.

ACME HATTERS make old hats look like new. Mail orders given prompt attention. 100½ Whitehall street.

SHOE REPAIRING.

WALTON SHOE REPAIRING CO., and Shoe Shine Parlor. We do first-class work. Special hand work. Work called for and delivered. No. 2 Walton St., Corner Peachtree. Bell phone, Main 1772.

BUSINESS AND MAIL ORDER DIRECTORY.

BRIDGE BUILDERS.

AUSTIN BROS.
STEEL MATERIAL.

ROOFERS.

WALKER ROOFING CO.
GRAVEL AND TIN ROOFING AND PAINTS.
221 RHODES BLDG. ATLANTA, GA.
We make a specialty of this character of work.

STOVE AND RANGE REPAIRING.

DAN, THE FIXER

STOVES AND REFRIGERATOR REPAIRING.
We sell second-hand gas stoves.
We sweep chimneys.
121 WHITEHALL ST.
Atlanta Phone 2235; Bell Phone Main 2899.

SAND.

SAND! SAND!! SAND!!!

WE have on track for immediate delivery in car; good lots, best grade building, paving and plastering sand. Fulton Sand Company, 40 S. Pryor St. Bell phone 2080. Main, Atlanta phone 729. 31

BLUE PRINTS.

DIXIE-ATLANTA SUPPLY AND BLUE PRINT COMPANY moved to 40½ Luckie street, Atlanta, Ga.; quality, prices and prompt service unsurpassed. Phone Ivy 5364. 31

SIGNS.

SIGNS STOUFER COMPANY. MAIN 768. 31

FOR RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT—Very desirable offices, single or en suite, outside exposure, steam heat, electric lights, elevator service. Entire building recently remodeled. Constitution building, corner Alabama and Forsyth. See Mr. Knight at Constitution. 33

TO BE HAD—Part of first-class office, with service of male stenographer. 1329 Candler building. 33

FOR RENT—Two farms, with small house on each, convenient to car; also one 5-room brick house. J. Billet, Lakewood Park. 33

FOR RENT or lease, four splendid office rooms at 130½ Peachtree street, at the corner of James, directly opposite the Candler Bldg. Rooms have been recently remodeled. Price is reasonable. For further information call at room No. 3, 130½ Peachtree street. Bell Telephone, Ivy 2053. 33

DESK SPACE with use of telephone. Apply 533 Candler building.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

THE PICKWICK

NEW, TEN-STORY, fireproof building. Rooms single or en suite, with bath. 77 Fairlie St., adjoining Carnegie library. 11

HANDSOMELY furnished room, adjoining bath; also one with private bath, furnace heat. 15 East Tenth. Ivy 6516. 34

ELEGANTLY furnished rooms, private family, steam heat, private bath; gentlemen only. Ivy 3486-J. 34

NICELY furnished rooms in good neighborhood, close in. Ivy 5552-J. 56 West Peachtree. 34

LARGE front room, furnished for gentleman; reasonable. 82 Auburn. 34

ONE LARGE furnished room, kitchenette, with gas stove and everything for light housekeeping. Brick house. 199 Courtland. Ivy 3670-J. x34

Corner Peachtree Place and West Peachtree.

NICELY furnished rooms; gentlemen only. Ivy 6079-J. 34

NICE unfurnished rooms, suitable for light housekeeping. 5620-A. 190 South Pryor. x34

TWO or three rooms for light housekeeping; ideal for summer. Main 3758-J. 34

NICELY furnished rooms in desirable neighborhood, close in. Ivy 6248-L, 255 Courtland. 34

ONE or two nicely furnished, furnace-heated, electric-lighted rooms, in private family on north side, within walking distance. For information call Ivy 6442-L. 34

NICELY furnished front room for rent; married couple or gentlemen; steam heat, electric lights, elevator, cafe, reference. Gresham Apartment, Ivy 6050. 34

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room, north side, near in, private family, for one or two young men. Call Ivy 2933-L. x34

YOUNG'S HOTEL.
27½ SOUTH PRYOR ST.

ROOMS, 50c and 75c per day. Weekly rates, $2.50, $3.00. We make rates to two or more in a room. 34

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room; private family; all conveniences. 106 Forrest avenue. Ivy 6052. 34

FOR RENT—Lovely room, comfortably furnished, in private home; steam heat; nice location. Ivy 262. 34

TWO large, light, connecting rooms to family without small children, in Grant Park section, near St. Paul church. Apply to 43 Orleans St. x34

NEWLY furnished rooms, just papered, for two young men or couple. 48 Currier. x34

ONE 3-room front apartment, with private bath, steam heat, hot and cold water; also one 2-room apartment, both nicely furnished and ready for housekeeping. The Carrollton. J. F. Steele, Mgr., 20 Carnegie Way. x34

STOP at Young's Hotel, one block from Union Station. 27½ South Pryor street.

NICELY furnished, steam-heated front room. 64 Forrest avenue. 34

DESIRABLE front room, adjoining bath, in exclusive apartment on Peachtree street. Call Ivy 6699. x34

TWO nicely furnished rooms for young men or business women; hot and cold water; every convenience. 270 Courtland. Ivy 3775-L. 34

17 East North Avenue.

LOVELY furnished suit of rooms for young men or couple; steam heat and every convenience. Ivy 935. 834

TWO nice front rooms for rent. 28 West Peachtree place. Ivy 6537-J. x34

FURNACE-HEATED rooms, $3 per week; hot and cold baths free. Gate City Hotel, 108½ South Forhyth. x34

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

TWO large rooms for light housekeeping. 163 East Pine. Ivy 527-L. 35

FOR RENT—One large room for storage, private residence, close in. Phone Ivy 1519-J. 35

377 WHITEHALL—Three or four connecting rooms, with bath. Phone Main 3242. 35

UNFURNISHED front room, nice kitchenette, bath and conveniences; private home; reasonable. 106 Forrest ave. Ivy 6052. 35

THREE unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. 307 Whitehall. Phone Main 1872. 35

IN THE LUCKIE APARTMENT, at 31½ Luckie street, corner of Fairlie, we have a nice suite of 2 rooms. Gas, electricity, hot and cold water and janitor service in halls included. John J. Woodside, 12 Auburn ave. 35

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSES.

A BEAUTIFUL villa, extensive grounds, two blocks from car line, 22 minutes from center of Atlanta, for rent, furnished (except linen and silver), from about April 1 to November 1. Address Villa Mala, Kirkwood, Ga. Phone Decatur 382. 36

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED HOUSES.

$15 PER MONTH, nice 5-room cottage, large lot, one block of car line; located in Oakland City. Apply Ware & Harper, No. 725 Atlanta National Bank building. Main 3311 and Atlanta 1868. 37

OUR weekly rent list gives full description of everything for rent. Call for one or let us mail it to you. Forrest & George Adair.

FOR RENT—Houses, stores and apartments. Call, write or phone for our Bulletin. Both phones 3408. George P. Moore, 10 Auburn Ave.

16 ARIZONA AVE.—Six-room house with water, bath and all conveniences; lot 60x560; $20. Apply 715 The Grand. Ivy 6109. 37

FOR RENT—Comfortable north side cottage, 6 rooms and bath, $20. Phone Ivy 6432. 37

16 ARIZONA AVE.—Six-room house with water bath and all conveniences; lot 60x560; $20. Apply 715 The Grand. Ivy 6109. 37

GET our Weekly Rent Bulletin. We move tenants renting $12.50 and up FREE. See notice. John J. Woodside, the Renting Agent, 12 Auburn avenue.

RENT or sell 10-room house, five-acre lot on new car line in Clarkston, $25; has a fine poultry plant. Badger Real Estate Agency, 305 Fourth National Bank. Phone Main 4877. x37

FOR RENT—APARTMENTS.

FOR RENT—Beautiful 5-room apartment in the Colonial. Ivy 847-L. x38

A BEAUTIFUL 5-room apartment, close in. See Owner, 715 Peters bldg. Main 1223. x38

IN THE HERBERT, No. 244 Courtland street, six rooms and bath, steam heat, hot water, janitor service, front and back porches; rent $42.50; references required. Apply Herbert Kaiser, 411 Atlanta National Bank building. Phone Main 276, or Janitor on premises. x38

6-ROOM, steam-heated apartment, excellent ventilation; every convenience. Price, $45. Ivy 6027. 38

FOR RENT—APARTMENTS.

FOR RENT—Apartment, brand new, West Eleventh street. Living room, dining room, three large bedrooms, brakfast room, sunroom, fine sleeping porch, kitchen, etc. Vapor heat. To fully appreciate you must see this. Nothing like it to be had. 74 West Eleventh street. Phone Ivy 2153. 38

TWO connecting rooms, with private bath; private porch and hall; steam heat, electric lights, cafe. Reference. Gresham Apartment, 17 W. Cain street. Ivy 0050. x38

FOR RENT—Furnished—A cosy, steam-heated, four room and bath apartment, on north side, for two months or longer. It is nicely and completely furnished; has south, east and north exposure, with screened-in front and back porches and abundance of fresh air, light and sunshine; nothing nicer in Atlanta. Price, $50 per month. Phone Ivy 5021 or Main 970. 38

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED HOUSES.

W. A. FOSTER & RAYMOND ROBSON
REAL ESTATE, RENTING AND LOANS.
Bell Phones 1031-1032. 11 EDGEWOOD AVE. Atlanta Phone 1881.
"IF YOU SEE IT IN OUR AD, IT'S SO."

FOR SALE.

ON Waverly Way, between Elizabeth and Hurt streets, a 6-room bungalow, on lot 58x150. All conveniences, $5,500, on reasonable terms. See Mr. White.

ON West North avenue, between West Peachtree and Spring, a 9-room residence, on lot 50x190, $12,000. This property is enhancing rapidly. Will make you money. See Mr. Collins.

NEAR Inman Yards we have property which we can sell at a price that will pay 18 per cent. See Mr. Radford.

$9,000—On West Peachtree, a beautiful 8-room brick that has every possible convenience; hardwood floors, furnace heat, sleeping porch, beautiful fixtures, etc. This place is well worth the money. Reasonable terms. See Mr. Bradshaw.

ON North avenue, and on a corner lot, 50x150, we have a 9-room, furnace-heated house, $1,000 cash will handle this. See Mr. Cohen.

A PICK-UP on the north side. Two-story, nine rooms; all conveniences; lot 50x195. Shaded and level. Fruits, etc. Price, $3,750. Reasonable terms. See Mr. Collins.

BETWEEN Peachtree and Piedmont avenue, two-story, 9-room residence for $6,500. Terms can be arranged. All the property lying between Peachtree and Piedmont Park is sure to become more and more valuable. See Mr. Martin.

FOR RENT.

6-R. flat, 125 West Peachtree street.
6-R. H., No. 52 Vedado Way, furnished .. $52.50
6-R. apartment, corner Lucile and Peeples. 40.00
6-R. apartment, No. 163 N. Jackson 35.00
6-R. flat, No. 15½ Pine street 35.00
6-R. flat, No. 125 W. Peachtree street 35.00
6-R. H., 223 Ira street 10.00
6-R. H., 40 Whitefoord avenue 30.00
6-R. H., No. 40 Vedado Way 40.00
6-R. H., 167 Lake avenue 15.00
6-R. H., 28 South Warren 15.00
6-R. H., 25 Howard st., Kirkwood, Ga. .. 20.00
6-R. H., 411 Greenwood avenue 25.00
6-R. H., 15 Lucile avenue 32.50
6-R. H., 168 Lee street 30.00
6-R. H., 43 Gordon avenue 17.50
6-R. H., 42 East Thirteenth street 18.60
6-R. H., 406 Fraser street 16.00
6-R. H., 111 LaFrance 17.50
6-R. H., Boulevard DeKalb and Morgan .. 15.00
6-R. H., No. 44 East Thirteenth street .. 18.60
6-R. H., 159 Oakland avenue 23.00
6-R. H., 693 South Boulevard 30.00
6-R. H., 289 East Fifth street 22.50
6-R. H., 140 Drexel street, Oakhurst 25.00
6-R. H., East Fair, East Lake Junction .. 15.00
6-R. H., No. 29 East Boulevard DeKalb .. 30.00
6-R. H., 108 Mansfield 25.00
6-R. H., rear No. 62 Candler street, Decatur, Ga. 10.00
And a long list of larger and smaller houses.

FOR RENT.

187 SIMPSON STREET, near Luckie St.; 14 rooms; would make good location for boarders, or could be divided in several small apartments. Attractive terms.

LIEBMAN
REAL ESTATE AND RENTING.
17 WALTON STREET.

APARTMENTS

I WILL have in the Virginian, corner Peachtree and Fifteenth streets, two corner apartments of five and six rooms each, during the month of February, and I have now vacant a three-room apartment in the Boscobel. Both of these apartment houses have steam heat and all modern conveniences.

FITZHUGH KNOX
1613 CANDLER BUILDING.

HARRIS G. WHITE
327 Grant Bldg. Phone M. 346.

Luckie Street

FACING FIVE POINTS formed by Luckie, Harris, Hayden and Tabernacle Place we have a lot facing Luckie street 50 feet at $210 per foot, on reasonable terms.

Luckie Street

RIGHT at the new Y. M. C. A. building site on Luckie we have a lot 40x150 for $28,000. This is right in town and will make money.

HARRIS G. WHITE

PEACHTREE STREET

We have 5 days exclusive sale on lot 50x360, located on level part of the street. Price $46,000. Terms upon application. This lot will sell for $50,000 during the spring.

J. R. J. H.
SMITH & EWING
REAL ESTATE, RENTING, LOANS.

MARIETTA STREET

CLOSE IN—Running back to railroad; a bargain at $250 per foot; terms.

NORTH SIDE INVESTMENT

A FINE PROPOSITION—Rented on 12 per cent basis, on one of the best streets in this section; never been vacant. Price, $10,000.

SUBURBAN ACREAGE

80 ACRES fronting about 800 feet on Marietta trolley; two houses and barns; various fruits, some woods; ample water; good home or subdivision; $150 per acre.

HURT & CONE
No. 301 Empire Life Building. Phone Main 914.

UNION CITY, GEORGIA

THE GROWING CITY for the manufacturer. Here is the ideal location for any concern contemplating the warehouse or manufacturing business. Right in the heart of the SOUTH'S great farming section, together with the railroad facilities, makes it the "ideal location."

HERE I am offering for quick sale a warehouse, with 313 feet railroad frontage. Warehouse alone is 100x100 feet, and built of the best material. Plenty of sheds and outhouses. If interested in this, or any other real estate or farms in this section, see me. I have a complete list of everything.

A. G. HENDRICK
UNION CITY, GA.

WILLINGHAM REAL ESTATE AGENCY
REAL ESTATE ROW. 9 AUBURN AVENUE.

NORTH SIDE ACREAGE FOR QUICK SALE.

CLOSER IN than property that has sold for from $750 to $1,000 per acre, we have a tract that will run 100 to 125 acres; for a few days we can deliver this at $400 per acre.

IVY STREET CORNER at $500 per foot. There are lots no better held at $750 per foot. Only a short time to act on this.

Main 133. H. W. DEWS, Sales Manager. Atlanta 3277.

Must Be Sold Before February 10

25 BIG ACRES, adapted for dairy, chickens, hogs and truck. Nine miles from Atlanta postoffice; this side of Forrest Park. Good, new, 4-room house, barn, pens, etc. Fronts Brown Mills road. Good schools and neighbors. Land is cheap at $125 per acre. Improvements cost $650. Give me $2,650 and move in tomorrow; $500 to $1,000 cash, balance $300 year.
H. C. BLAKE, AGENT—MAIN 3145.
ATLANTA NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

WANT ADS 10c Line WANT ADS

REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE AND RENT REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE AND RENT

E. RIVERS REALTY COMPANY

8 WEST ALABAMA STREET. BOTH PHONES 1207.

NORTH SIDE BUNGALOW—$4,250.

THIS is a beauty. Six rooms and bath, on a good lot, with an east front. Just a half block off the carline and a fifteen minutes' ride to "Five Points." It has a large front porch and a sleeping porch. Beam ceilings, with plate rack and panel wall in dining room. No better electric fixtures and mantels will be found in a house for twice the price. There is no loan on this place, and it can be bought on easy terms. Call Mr. Hamilton.

IVY STREET.

$100 A FRONT foot under the market. Recent sales will prove this. Quick action means the best bargain to be found anywhere. See Mr. Chapman.

EDWIN L. HARLING

REAL ESTATE. 32 E. ALABAMA ST. BOTH PHONES 1287.

ON MITCHELL STREET, near Whitehall, we offer a three-story brick building, on a lot 20x110, for $20,000. This property is paying 8 per cent on our price now. Will double in value in the next three years. Good terms can be had.

WE OFFER a lot on Edgewood avenue, 42½x135, to Chamberlain street, for $15,500. This lot has two new brick stores, rooms above and cottages on Chamberlain street. Present lease pays $98 per month. This is the best investment on Edgewood avenue. Good terms.

NEAR the new tenth ward school we have a new 5-room cottage; garage on the lot, and all modern conveniences in the cottage. Price $3,250; $100 cash; $25 month for the balance. No use paying rent.

ON CHEROKEE AVENUE, near the Augusta avenue entrance to the park, we offer one of the best 7-room cottages in Atlanta for $4,250; $1,000 cash, $35 per month. As a home proposition it can't be beat.

PEACHTREE STREET

DOUBTLESS you have noticed in the papers that property on Peachtree street has doubled in value during the past year, while Spring trading has just begun. No one knows what it will do during the present year, and owing to the vast amount of improvements which are to go thereon, will cause the prices to go by leaps and bounds. We offer three lots on Peachtree street; one of them between Baker street and Porter Place at $1,500 per front foot; another at Currier street at $1,250 per front foot, and still another in the block with the Georgian Terrace hotel at $900 per front foot. This is the last lot for sale under $1,000 per front foot in this block. Buy one of these and a profit is bound to follow. Easy terms can be arranged.

W. L. & JOHN O. DuPREE
REAL ESTATE, 501-2 Empire Building.
Bell phone, Main 3457; Atlanta, 930.

GEO. P. MOORE
REAL ESTATE AND RENTING.
REAL ESTATE ROW. 10 AUBURN AVE.

CENTRAL BUILDING—300 feet off Peachtree street, 100x100, three-story building. Consider $15,000 to $20,000 in other property as part payment. Price $70,000. Will sell for $100,000 in twelve months.

99-YEAR LEASE, PEACHTREE STREET—Between Five Points and the Candler building, carrying all fixed charges; can sell it so you can make a profit.

63 FEET, PEACHTREE STREET, south of Pine street; best buy on the street. Price $55,000. Attractive terms.

CENTRAL STORE, 25x100—Two stories and basement; located where things are active. Consider north side residence as part payment.

PEACHTREE STREET CORNER, 50x100; close to Georgian Terrace. Price $30,000. Very attractive terms.

B. F. BURDETTE REALTY CO.
413-14 Empire Building. Both Phones 2099.

PEACHTREE ROAD—17 acres fronting 1,124 feet on Peachtree, near end of Brookhaven car line. Beautiful tract of land, adjoining Brookhaven. Price $28,000 on terms of 1-4 cash, balance 1, 2 and 3 years. Good for $50 per front foot in the near future

PEACHTREE ROAD—80 acres fronting about 6,000 feet on Peachtree and 4,000 feet on other roads. Located near Chamblee. Fine woodland and springs. Buy this at $250 per acre and double your money.

TURMAN, BLACK & CALHOUN
Second Floor Empire Building.

FOR SALE—APARTMENT.

WE HAVE had placed in our hands one of the most elegant apartments in the city—on the north side—brick, within four or five blocks of Five Points, that pays 10 per cent net on the investment. This is certainly one of the best investments in the city. Call at the office and we will be glad to take it up with you. No information given over the phone in regard to this apartment, for we expect to sell it this week.

WEST PEACHTREE.

CLOSE IN—$60,000—and brings in an income of about $6,000 per year. WE ALSO have a West Peachtree corner at $30,000.

FOR SALE

330 ACRES in limits of good town in Southwest Georgia, 165 acres cultivated. Tenant houses. A first-class proposition, cheap. $25.00 per acre. Terms.

GEORGIA HOME & FARM CO.
CANDLER BUILDING.

PEACHTREE CIRCLE LOT

IMMEDIATELY in front of the Rhodes Mansion, we have on Peachtree Circle (or Eighteenth street) the only vacant lot left in this exclusive residence section. 75x320 to a 16-foot alley, absolutely level and shaded; and, in order to wind up an estate, we can sell for $100 per front foot. There are no more of this kind to be bought at the above price.

HAAS & MACINTYRE
308 Atlanta National Bank Building. Phone Main 1235.
HOMER A. M'AFEE, Sales Manager.

G. T. R. FRASER
"BUYS AND SELLS REAL ESTATE."
REAL ESTATE ROW. Y. M. C. A. BLDG. PHONE, IVY 2308.

EAST ELLIS STREET.

ON THIS CLOSE-IN BUSINESS STREET I have for sale two large lots, on either side of a model ice cream factory, which will be erected within the next month for Jessup & Antrim Ice Cream Company, of Indianapolis. This location was selected with great care and after months of "looking around" for a close-in lot at a modest price, and not dependent on retail trade for business success.

40x202—Side alley, level street, near Courtland $12,500
50x202—In rear of corner Courtland and Ellis, cottage $16,000

THE R. E. EASTERLIN
PRINTING AND ENGRAVING COMPANY.
Hallman Building. 70½ PEACHTREE. Phone, Ivy 4797-L.

BRYAN FOR CABINET, SAYS HOKE SMITH

Georgia Senator Intimates That the Nebraskan Will Be State Secretary.

Washington, February 9.—Senator Hoke Smith, of Georgia, at a luncheon given here today by John Barrett, director-general of the Pan-American union, to representatives of some of the Latin-American countries and members of congress, referred to William J. Bryan as "one who had been mentioned prominently for secretary of state in President Wilson's cabinet."

"Well, couldn't you tell us in executive session whether he is to be?" smilingly inquired William Alden Smith, of Michigan.

"Probably I could," was the reply, "but I have found that what happens in executive session in the senate always becomes public soon after, and sometimes in twisted form."

Senator Hoke Smith continued, discussing Latin-American affairs:

"In a talk with Mr. Bryan some time ago he told me that the greatest work the state department could undertake was the study of a co-operation with Latin-America, and that the United States was ready to serve, but not interfere with them."

As for himself Senator Hoke Smith asserted he would not "stretch out to Latin-America a mailed hand, but one of generosity."

In this the other speakers, Senators Gore and Smith (of Michigan) and Chairman Flood, of the house foreign affairs committee, agreed, all voicing the sentiment that a spirit of broadest justice should prevail in the relations between this country and Latin-America.

In Cuba, declared Senor Rivero, minister from that country, "the American desire for fair play" had resulted in an independence which the recent elections there had shown was being used right, and had revealed to the rest of Latin-America that justice and humanity were all the United States demanded.

URGE UPLIFT OF NEGRO.

Strong Addresses by Negro Leaders at Meeting.

On practical education and moral uplift for the great masses of the negro race a number of negro leaders made strong addresses last night at a meeting held in Turner chapel, corner Julian and Corn streets, under the auspices of the Atlanta Normal and Industrial institute, a school for the practical training of negro youth.

"How Leading Negro Women May Encourage the Lowly of the Race" was the subject of Eliza Turner Frazier. She told in a sensible way how the negro of opportunity and chance may help the race to have good manners and be useful and honest.

M. B. Timbers, one of the teachers of the institute, read a prepared paper on "How We May Thoroughly Prepare Our Women and Girls Who Must Necessarily Do Domestic Work." Other speeches were also made. R. D. Stinson, principal, presided and urged the large audience that the duty of the negro was to be honest and discreet in conduct. He said the best people of this community, if not the whole south, are willing at all times to stand by the members of the race who are trying to be decent. The singing, furnished by a large choir of the students, was a feature of the occasion.

PARTRIDGE
For the Best Meals in the City
GO TO THE
Partridge Cafe
11 E. ALABAMA ST.
First-Class Service
White Waiters White Cooks
Cleanest Kitchen in the South
REASONABLE PRICES
Your Patronage Appreciated
TOM DATOS, Manager

NEWS OF THE
MOVING PICTURES


I Show Only
QUALITY
PICTURES
MONTGOMERY

"Drama In the Air"
Extra added attraction today at
THE ALCAZAR THEATER
See the aeroplanes rush thru' the sky. Other good reels.

DUTCH MILL
Announces new company.
JACK VAN'S
Tabloid Musical Company,
Presenting
"THE SILENT PARTNER"
Also good pictures.

At the ELITE THEATER
Monday—"When Lincoln Paid," in two reels ..... Kay-Bee
Mutual Weekly, No. 5.
Current events ..... Mutual
Tuesday—"Women Left Alone."..(American)
"A Wife's Battle"..... (Reliance)
Mutual Educator, Toledo, Ohio—
"All's Well That Ends Well."

VAUDETTE
TODAY
"The Stolen Purse"—(Keystone).
"The Fugitive"—(American).
"Good Morning, Judge"—(Thanhauser).
"The Jealous Waiter"—(Keystone).
All first run pictures.

NEW CREMATORY PLAN IS OFFERED

Continued From Page One.

he did not know of any trouble with the city officials.

"The mayor don't want our plant because he knows it will make electricity," he said. "All that has been offered against the proposition has been mere child's play."

No Trouble Getting Sites.

Mayor Woodward declared that the city would have no trouble getting sites in four sections of the city to take care of garbage.

"The trouble last time was because people in one section of the city did not want to be forced to take care of the garbage of every other section," he explained.

"I don't believe there will be any objection on the part of the people against taking care of their own garbage, and the plant in the center of the city can take care of the business sections, restaurants, hotels and other places."

Mayor Woodward said the Maxwell proposition would save the city $150,000 in the cost of construction and $30,000 in short hauls.

W. E. Dowd, local manager of the Destructor company, says he is going ahead with the contract the city made with his company, and will take chances on the city meeting its moral obligation when the plant is complete. He said that when bids were advertised by the city nearly every incinerating plant concern had a chance to enter the competition.

He says that his plant is so superior to the others on the market that there is no comparison to make.

Finance Sheet Goes to Council.

The finance sheet with the $75,000 appropriation for the first payment on the crematory will go to council Monday afternoon. It was laid on the table last Monday after Alderman John S. Candler vigorously denounced the attitude and motives of the mayor.

Chairman W. G. Humphrey, of the finance committee, who fought hard to have the crematory appropriation included in the sheet, will be in council. He returned to the city Saturday and is ready to defend the sheet against attacks.

Eight members of council voted with Mayor Woodward against laying the sheet on the table and it is not expected that any others can be recruited.

His veto of the sheet will not be sustained and the scene of the battle will shift to the aldermanic board. Aldermen McClelland, Everett, Van Dyke and Harwell will vote to sustain the veto in the aldermanic board. There are ten members, and two-thirds are required to override the veto.

The finance sheet will be held up after going back to council. Then a conference committee of the two bodies of council will be appointed to confer with a view of getting the sheet out of the tangle.

There will be no adjustment and council will be forced to send the sheet back to the finance committee.

The session this afternoon will be in the nature of an adjourned meeting. Mayor Woodward can call a special meeting of the aldermanic board.

MORTUARY

Cornelius Monroe.

Cornelius Monroe, 64 years old, died at a private sanitarium Saturday afternoon at 6 o'clock. For the past seventeen years he had been a valued employee of the Georgia Railway and Power company, and he was well known as a member of Gate City lodge, No. 2, of the Masons. Surviving are his wife, three sons, H. J. and John Monroe, of Atlanta, and Dr. L. Monroe, of Houston, Texas, and one brother and two sisters. The funeral will be held this afternoon at 2 o'clock from the residence, 378 Pulliam street, with interment in West View.

Grady W. Shelnut.

Grady W. Shelnut, 21 years old, died Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock at a private sanitarium. The body was removed to Patterson's chapel and will today at noon be taken to Suwanee, Ga., for funeral and interment.

Captain J. J. O'Neill, Rome.

Rome, Ga., February 9.—(Special.)—Captain James J. O'Neill, aged 69 years, a pioneer citizen of Rome, died this morning after a brief illness. He was a confederate veteran and one of the most prominent and influential men of the city. He founded and conducted a large builders' supply manufacturing plant. Surviving him are two daughters, Misses Louise and Leona, and one son, James H. O'Neill, vice president of the American Bank and Trust company. The funeral will be held from the house Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Interment will follow at Myrtle hill.

Carl J. Foster.

Carl J. Foster, the 9-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Foster, died early Sunday morning at the residence, 11 Dodd avenue. Mr. Foster is with the R. O. Cochran real estate agency. Besides its parents the child is survived by both grandmothers, Mrs. G. F. Campbell and Mrs. W. B. Foster. The funeral will be held from the residence Monday morning at 10:30 o'clock and interment will be in West View.

Dr. J. C. Aubrey.

Dr. J. C. Aubrey, aged 72 years, died Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the Confederate Soldiers' home. He is survived by one sister, Mrs. M. F. Parsons, of Tampa, Fla. The body was removed to Harry G. Poole's chapel and will be held pending advice from the sister in Florida.

FIGHT WILL BE WAGED OVER THE HERMITAGE

Nashville, Tenn., February 9.—The Hermitage, the historic home of Former President Andrew Jackson, located twelve miles from Nashville, is the object of a warm fight to be waged in the general assembly. One bill already introduced provides that the 400-acre tract, with the exception of 25 acres on which the Jackson home stands, is to be used for the Knapp School of Country Life, to be erected at a cost of $400,000 as a memorial to the late Seaman A. Knapp. A rental of $2,500 per year is to be paid to the state for ten years.

A bill to be introduced tomorrow provides that 200 acres of the tract is to be given to the Ladies' Hermitage association, in trust, with a view of its being ultimately converted by the national government into a Jackson park. The confederate soldiers' home is at present located on the property. The Ladies' Hermitage association has collected at the Hermitage a large number of the relics of General Jackson, and is also preserving the log cabin in which he at one time lived.

LAYMEN OF STATE OPEN CONVENTION

Leading Pulpits of Atlanta Were Filled on Sunday by the Missionary Movement Speakers.

The opening exercises of the second national convention for Georgia of the Laymen's Missionary Movement were observed in the leading pulpits of the city yesterday morning, when stirring addresses were made by the visiting speakers.

The weather was ideal, and large crowds attended all the services where the speakers were advertised to appear. J. Campbell White, of New York, who was billed for five addresses during the day—the most strenuous season he has put in for some time—spoke at the 11 o'clock hour at the First Baptist church, and held the attention of the vast audience while he discussed stewardship from the missionary standpoint.

At 3:30 o'clock Mr. White and Bishop C. K. Nelson spoke to men at the Baptist Tabernacle. Both addresses were enthusiastically received, the audience manifesting its approval of both speakers with frequent bursts of applause and many hearty "amens." Mrs. A. C. Boatman rendered a number of selections on the great organ during the gathering time, and Professor Boatman sang a solo, which was greatly enjoyed. Colonel H. A. Etheridge, general chairman of the Atlanta convention, presided and introduced the speakers.

Speakers Are Shifted.

On account of the illness in Colonel Halford's family he was detained in New York, which necessitated the shifting of Mr. White to the Tabernacle from the First Methodist church, where he had been advertised to speak to the women. Colonel Halford's place on the program at the big supper tonight, which will mark the close of the convention, will be taken by Dr. Edwin Poteat, president of Wake Forrest college, North Carolina. Dr. Poteat is one of the ablest speakers in the south, and many will want to hear him. He spoke at the laymen's convention in Chattanooga last week, and comes all the way from his home in North Carolina to make this address.

At the First Methodist church in the afternoon W. E. Doughty and Dr. C. F. Reid addressed a large and enthusiastic congregation of women. The music was under the direction of the First Methodist choir. Dr. H. M. DuBose led the devotional exercises, and the welcome words were spoken by Mrs. W. B. Higginbothem, of West Point. Mrs. Nym Hurt, president of the Women's Evangelical union of the city, presided.

Large Gathering for Tonight.

Indications point to the largest gathering of men tonight at the City Auditorium ever seated at one time at a similar religious gathering. The supper will be served promptly at 6:30 o'clock, and will be under the direction of two hundred representative women of the city, headed by Mrs. Julien S. Rodgers, general chairman of banquet committee. Tickets for the supper have been placed at $1, and enough have been sold to insure the success of the affair. Registrations may be made today by applying to the executive secretary, Rev. Julien S. Rodgers, 502 Empire Life building.

The sessions of the convention, both morning and afternoon, are open to the public, and everyone interested in the world-wide themes that will be discussed will be present to hear the distinguished speakers.

Program for Today.

The program for today is as follows:

9 a. m.—Student rally Georgia School of Technology.

Address by Mr. J. Campbell White.

9:30 a. m.—Wesley Memorial Church.

1. "The Pastor's Opportunity of Leadership"—Mr. E. C. Cronk, Columbia, S. C.
2. "How to Get and Keep the Church Informed on Missions"—Mr. W. E. Doughty, New York.
3. "Prayer and Power"—Mr. C. F. Reid, Nashville.

2:30 p. m.—Wesley Memorial Church.

1. "Signs of Promise"—Rev. R. W. Patton, Atlanta.
2. "Christian Stewardship"—W. E. Doughty, New York.
3. "Solving the Problems of Church and Missionary Finance"—Mr. J. Campbell White, New York.

6:30 p. m., City Auditorium, Colonel H. A. Etheridge, Presiding.

1. Supper (served promptly at 6:30 o'clock).
2. Address—Mr. W. E. Doughty, New York.
3. Address—Dr. Poteat, North Carolina.
4. "Shall We Do It?"—Mr. J. Campbell White, New York.

Curious Forecasts.

(From Harper's Weekly.)

Chance phrases in the literary works of other days describe with uncanny exactness inventions of far later times. For instance, we find in the Prolusions of Strada the Roman, which were published in the year 1617, what might be held to embody a crude description of wireless telegraphy.

Strada represents two friends as carrying on a correspondence by means of a certain loadstone which has such virtue in it that if it touches two needles, when one of the needles begins to move the other, although at ever so great a distance, moves at the same time and in the same manner.

In 1674 Robert Hooke published a work wherein he observed that as glasses improve the vision so ways might be found to improve our other senses. "It is not impossible," says he, "to bear a whisper at a distance of a furlong, and perhaps the nature of the thing would not make it impossible although that furlong should be ten times multiplied."

This seems to be a fair forecast of the telephone.

In Gulliver's "Travels" Swift causes his hero to relate in the voyage to Laputa that the astronomers there have likewise discovered the two lesser stars or satellites which receive about Mars. This has been held to constitute a satire on sham science. Nevertheless, Prof. Asaph Hall a few years ago discovered the two tiny satellites.

It was more than 1,700 years ago that Lucian gave an account of the manner wherein the inhabitants of the moon drank air squeezed or compressed into goblet so that it formed a kind of dew. This clearly suggests liquid air.

The same writer in "Vera Historia" humorously and at some length describes an aerial ship, the sails of which were inflated by a whirlwind, thus impelling it through space to the moon.

His Impression.

(From Judge.)

"What were her reasons for refusing you?"

"Well, it sounded like an essay on eugenics, genealogy and finance."

TURKISH CAPITAL MAY BE SEIZED

Continued From Page One.

that the Bulgarians made a desperate attack on Kavah fort at Adrianople yesterday, but after five and a half hours fighting were repulsed with heavy losses.

The government has decided to expel all Greek journalists and is also causing the arrest of Greeks, Bulgarians and Macedonians who probably will be sent out of the country.

BOMBARDMENT OF SCUTARI CONTINUED BY THE ALLIES

Podgoritza, Montenegro, February 9. Fighting outside of Scutari continued throughout Friday night. The bombardment was resumed Saturday afternoon and before sunrise today along the whole front.

Both sides are stubbornly maintaining their positions. The Montenegrins on three occasions stormed the highest point of the great Bardanjoli hill, sustaining heavy losses.

The wounded from Saturday's fighting who have arrived at the king's headquarters give heartrending accounts of the scene and pay tribute to the heroic courage of the Turks.

ASSASSINATIONS HIDDEN UNDER SHADOW OF CROSS

Constantinople, February 9.—A Turkish reconnaissance has reached Tcherkesskeui, twenty-five miles west of Tchatalja, along the railway line which apparently is free from Bulgarians.

Representatives of the Society for the Elevation of Women and of the Red Cross have sent a letter to the sovereigns of Europe calling attention to "those shameless hordes which are endeavoring to disguise under the shadow of the cross the most ghastly series of assassinations and outrages ever witnessed in a war in Europe in modern times."

A meeting of Turkish women at Stamboul today discussed means for assisting the national defense. Patriotic speeches were made and jewels to the value of $10,000 were donated.

MURDER IS CHARGED TO LEGISLATOR LONG

Aiken, S. C., February 9.—Tuesday morning the case against Hugh Long, member of the legislature from Aiken county, will be called in the court of general sessions on the charge of murdering Pickens Gunter, a cousin of Solicitor R. L. Gunter.

The tragedy was the finale of a hot political fued in Wagner township, in which Long was vigorously opposed in his race for the legislature. On one occasion his newspaper office was broken into and his desk rifled. Later, he said, an effort was made to burn him out, and word was sent to him that if he returned to Wagner from Aiken he would be driven from the town.

Eventually he did go back home on September 28, after the second primary election, and about 6 o'clock in the afternoon he and Pickens Gunter quarreled on the street, when Long mortally wounded Gunter.

A crowd of Gunter's friends quickly formed and tried to get Long, who had armed and barricaded himself in his office. He held the crowd off and prevented himself being lynched until the sheriff and a deputy arrived. The officers entered Long's office and made several attempts to get him into an automobile, but were prevented from coming out of the building by the crowd until 10 o'clock at night, when the sheriff worked on the crowd while his deputy got Long through the back door and into the woods. After walking several miles, they found a conveyance, and went to Aiken, where Long was put in jail. Later he gave bond, and is now actively a member of the lower house of the legislature.

Flimmer—When Shimmerpate tried to speak to Miss Trimley just now, she passed him with her eyes a-slant.

Flamson—Naturally; being a dressmaker, she cut him on the bias.

You can't get away from a
RED-MAN

PEACHTREE ROAD PARK LOTS IN DEMAND
Georgia Land and Investment Company's New Subdivision, "Out Peachtree," in the Brookhaven District, Proves Popular.
Superb Location—Low Prices
Easy Terms
PEACHTRE ROAD PARK is the name of a new subdivision, owned by Georgia Land and Investment Co., 60½ North Broad street, Atlanta, Ga., which is located just off PEACHTREE ROAD, in the Brookhaven district. Lots in this new subdivision are being sold at $275 to $475 each, upon very liberal terms; i.e., a small cash payment and $10 per month. Free taxes are guaranteed each purchaser until deeds have been issued and delivered. Most of the lots are elevated and covered with beautiful shade trees. It is said the car line will be extended in the near future out PEACHTREE ROAD to the SILVER LAKE PROPERTIES, where the OGLETHORPE UNIVERSITY site is located; this will mean a car line in front of PEACHTREE ROAD PARK. At the present time the car line terminates a short distance this side. In view of the big improvements in this section making the location ideal for residences, the ridiculously low price at which these lots are offered there is no better investment for the home-seeker and investor than PEACHTREE ROAD PARK LOTS.
The GEORGIA LAND AND INVESTMENT CO. invites interested parties to call at its office, 60½ North Broad street, for descriptive literature, or to phone them, Ivy 5522, and make an engagement to go out and personally inspect the property.

GRAND JURY MOVING ON POLICE GRAFTERS

Nine Indictments Will Be Returned in New York Today. High Officials Involved.

New York, February 9.—Nine indictments and possibly ten, it was learned tonight, are expected to be returned by the grand jury tomorrow in the police graft investigation. Two of these indictments will be against members of the police department; one of whom is said to be an inspector. A lawyer, whose name has been prominently mentioned in connection with the graft investigations, is a third man whose indictment is expected.

The connection of the others with the graft revelations in the detailed confessions of Patrolman Eugene Fox and Captain Thomas Walsh could not be learned tonight. As a result of Walsh's statements to District Attorney Whitman, Police Commissioner Waldo has already suspended Inspector Dennis Sweeney and several police captains and lesser officers.

The physician attending Captain Walsh reported tonight that his patient would be able to go to the district attorney's office tomorrow, where other witnesses have also been summoned. Walsh is expected to add much to his confession of last week, in which he implicated "men higher up" in the police department, and it is believed that the testimony he will give tomorrow will result in the indictment of an inspector. With this indictment obtained, District Attorney Whitman will go "higher," according to intimations from his office, and before the end of the week an indictment against a civilian official at police headquarters may be looked for, it was said.

FOUR LIVES ARE LOST

When a Steamer Sinks in the Tennessee River.

Clifton, Tenn., February 9.—The river steamer City of Florence, owned by the St. Louis and Tennessee River Packet company, collided with a barge in the Tennessee river near Clifton late last night and sank. Ruth Tarbett, 11 years old, daughter of a Saltillo, Tenn., planter, and four negro deck hands were drowned. All the other passengers and members of the crew swam to the shore and were rescued by other means. The City of Florence was valued at $12,500, and the cargo aboard represented about $10,000.

But Frank Farrell Will.

(From The Chicago Inter Ocean.)

It looks as if the former Peerless Leader of the Cubs would not take a Chance.

SPOTS AND WEATHER RULE COTTON MARKET

Signs of Better Spot Demand and Prices Steady—Weather Not Satisfactory.

New Orleans, February 9.—Developments in the spot department and weather conditions over the belt promised to be the most interesting features in the cotton market this week, and probably will have more to do with the course of prices than any other factors. The market has decided that the war in the Balkans is not vital, and is paying very little attention to it; there is also less disposition to listen to utterances from traders in the stock market.

What the trade wants to know more about is the disposition of what is left of this last season's growth of cotton and also what farmers are going to do in the way of planting for the approaching season. There are signs of a better spot demand, and prices are steady, but whether the improvement is to be material and permanent remains to be seen. Anything bearing on this situation that may throw more light on it will have a tendency to move prices one way or the other in the contract market this coming week.

Weather conditions of late have not been satisfactory. The cotton belt has received all the winter rain it needed, and temperatures have, at times, been low enough to conserve moisture in the soil and to lead to the conclusion that insect life has been destroyed on the average scale. Winter plowing has been carried on to some extent, but it has not been possible in some sections, and farmers are beginning to complain that continued rains are making their new crop preparations backward. What is wanted from now until the time of planting is fairly warm and dry weather, with only occasional light showers to keep the top of the ground in working condition. Good weather condition this coming week will encourage the short side, while more rain and cold weather will cause much bullish talk about a backward season. Probably the market will be more easily influenced in a bullish than in a bearish way by weather accounts.

Dr. Nicholson Is Ill.—Dr. Herold Nicholson, a student at the Atlanta College of Physicians and Surgeons, is dangerously ill of pneumonia at the home of Mrs. Tree, and his father has arrived from Stephens, Ga., to attend him. Dr. Nicholson is a member of the S. V. D. fraternity of Wesley Memorial church, and has many friends who will regret to learn of his serious illness.

Child Dies of Burns.

Nashville, Tenn., February 9.—Henry O'Keefe Jarvis, aged 2 years, died here early this morning as the result of burns inflicted when the child set its clothing afire while playing with matches at the family home. The youngster was in a room alone, climbed up in a chair and reached a box of matches, and after striking several his clothing caught fire.

Three Good Investments

Nos. 55 and 59 Howell street, just 90 feet from Edgewood avenue; lot 61x126; two dwelling houses. Price $2,750.

Corner Julian and Fox streets; irregular in shape, fronts 360 feet on A., B. & A. railroad; has 270 feet street frontage, contains five houses. Price $3,500.

Corner Boulevard and Wheat; lot 64.6x90; alley in rear; good 2-family house; rents $35. Price $4,500—under $70 a front foot.

Forrest & George Adair

This Morning

At 10 o'clock, at Judge C. H. Girardeau's court, 23½ East Hunter street, there will be sold several good-sized lots of household goods, consisting of kitchen, parlor, bedroom and dining room furniture. If you want to go to housekeeping you can supply yourself at very reasonable prices. Don't forget, 10 o'clock this (Monday) morning.

EDGEWOOD AVE. LOT
22x90, near Bell, for $6,700. Will bring handsome profit in six months. Easy terms.
NORTH AVENUE, between the Peachtrees, 40x100. Splendid residence on it. Buy it, live in it; it will make you rich. Terms.
ROFF SIMS & CO.
201-3 Fourth National Bank Bldg. Bell Phone Main 888.

Permanency
GIVE permanency to your advertising literature by having it done well.
Cheap printing invariably goes into the waste basket. Only the distinctive piece of advertising literature will make the lasting impression and secure the orders.
Into every piece of advertising literature produced by the Foote & Davies Co. goes the additional force of 23 years of creditable production of distinctive printing. We know how. Let us show you. Phone M. 61.
FOOTE & DAVIES COMPANY
6 North Broad Street
LITHOGRAPHERS, PRINTERS, STATIONERS, OFFICE OUTFITTERS

PEACHTREE ROAD LOT
Between Plasters Bridge road and the handsome home now being erected by Mr. Hanson. Size of lot is 100x500. Price $5,500.
B. M. GRANT & CO.
GRANT BLDG.

$10,000.00 on hand. Will buy first and second mortgage purchase money notes on city property.
HERBERT KAISER
Real Estate Loans
411-412 Atlanta National Bank Bldg. Phone Main 276.

Special Notices

MEETING NOTICES.

A regular communication of John Rosler Lodge, No. 608, F. & A. M., will be held in Chastain hall, corner West Tenth street and Hemphill avenue, this (Monday) evening, February 10, 1913, at 7:30 o'clock. All duly qualified brethren are cordially invited to meet with us. By order
R. E. PRINCE, W. M.
C. E. MARSH, Secretary.

A regular convocation of Mount Zion Royal Arch Chapter, No. 16, will be held in Masonic Temple on this (Monday) evening, February 10, at 7:30 o'clock. The Mark Master's degree will be conferred. On this occasion we expect to have the grand high priest, Companion W. G. England, with us, and we hope we may have a large attendance to greet him. All companions duly qualified are invited.
W. S. RICHARDSON,
High Priest.
J. H. BARFIELD, Secretary.

A special communication of Gate City Lodge, No. 2, F. & A. M., will be held in Masonic Temple, corner Peachtree and Cain streets, this (Monday) afternoon at 1 o'clock for the purpose of attending the funeral of our deceased brother, Cornelius Monroe. Services will be held at the residence, 378 Pulliam street, at 2 o'clock. Interment at West View. Members of Gate City lodge are requested to attend, and members of other lodges are fraternally invited. By order
J. LEROY DUNCAN, W. M.
H. W. DENT, Secretary.

FUNERAL NOTICES.

FOSTER—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Foster, Mrs. G. M. Campbell and family and Mrs. W. B. Foster and family are invited to attend the funeral of Carl J., infant son of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Foster, from the residence, No. 11 Dodd avenue, this morning at 10:30. Interment at West View. Pallbearers will meet at the private chapel of Harry G. Poole at 9:45.

BOOTH—The friends and relatives of Miss Grace Odell Booth, Mrs. O. D. Booth, Miss Ada Booth, Miss Ela Booth, Miss Laura Booth and Mr. Edwin Booth are invited to attend the funeral of Miss Grace Odell Booth this (Monday), February 10, 1913, at 2:30 p. m., from 14 Euclid avenue. Rev. H. M. Quillian will officiate. Interment West View. The following named gentlemen will please act as pallbearers, and meet at the office of H. M. Patterson & Son at 2 p. m.: Mr. A. J. Freeman, Mr. F. H. Goette, Mr. H. W. Dillion, Dr. W. B. Burkett, Dr. Charles W. Young and Mr. W. A. Dodge.

MONROE—The friends and relatives of Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Monroe, Mr. H. G. Monroe, Mr. and Mrs. John Monroe, Mr. and Mrs. Duncan Monroe, of Houston, Texas; Mr. and Mrs. John Monroe, of Felton, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Berry, of Felton, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. William Johnson and Miss Mary Cheves are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. Cornelius Monroe today (Monday), February 10, 1913, at 2 p. m., from his late residence, 378 Pulliam street. Rev. W. R. Owen will officiate. Interment West View. The following named gentlemen will please act as pallbearers, and meet at the office of H. M. Patterson & Son at 1:30 p. m.: Mr. W. S. Wierd, Mr. J. T. Archer, Mr. W. C. Bishop, Mr. C. M. Hudson, Mr. J. J. Corking and Mr. L. A. Ledford.

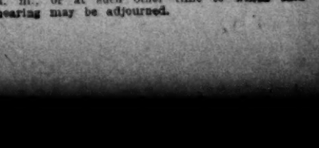
BARCLAY & BRANDON CO.
Funeral Directors, are now located in their new home, 246 Ivy street, corner Baker.
Private ambulances and private chapel.
Bell Phones, Ivy 788-168; Bell phone West 285; Atlanta phone 788.

FLOWERS FLORAL DESIGNS
ATLANTA FLORAL CO.
BOTH PHONES No. 4 41 PEACHTREE

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.
P. H. Brewster. Albert Howell, Jr.
Hugh M. Dorsey. Arthur Heyman.
Dorsey, Brewster, Howell & Heyman.
Attorneys-at-Law.
Offices: 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 210, Kiser Building, Atlanta, Ga.
Long Distance Telephone, 2022, 2024 and 2025, Atlanta, Ga.

MORPHINE
Opium, Whiskey and Drug Habits treated at Home or at Sanitarium. Book on subject Free. DR. B. M. WOOLLEY, 7-N, Victor Sanitarium, Atlanta, Ga.

Inauguration.
Very low rates for this trip. One to ten persons, $15.75. Ten or more, $12.90 round trip. Hotel, lodging and breakfast, $3.00 per day. J. E. M'FARLAND, Agt.,
41½ Peachtree, Atlanta.

Taylor Saw Mills


Learn why ours is better. Write today.
MALLARY & TAYLOR IRON WORKS, Box 3 MACON, GA
Mfgrs. of Engines, Boilers, Shingle Machines, Cut-off Saws, Etc.

TRUSSES
fitted by expert proprietors—V. E Perryman, with 23, and J. C. Burson 10 years' experience.
PERRYMAN-BURSON CO., Inc.,
109 N. Pryor Street,
Opposite Candler Building.

KODAKS EASTMAN PREMOS HAWKEYS
First-class Finishing and Enlarging. A complete stock films, plates, paper, chemicals, etc. Special Mail Order Dept. for out-of-town customers.
Send for Catalog and Price List
A. K. HAWKES CO.—Kodak Dept.
14 Whitehall St. ATLANTA, GA.

NOTICE.

Notice is given that application has been made by Georgia Railway and Electric Company to the Railroad Commission of Georgia for approval of the issuance of $825,000, par value, Refunding and Improvement Mortgage Bonds, and that such application will be heard by the Railroad Commission of Georgia at its office in Atlanta, Georgia, on Friday, February 28, 1913, at 10 o'clock a. m., or at such other time to which said hearing may be adjourned.